ALL THE HAPPENINGS OF A DAY IN CONCISE FORM.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

POPULAR AND RELIABLE EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR. THE POST-DISPATCH.

VOL. 38.—NO. 201. ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 1, 1888. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, TWENTY CENTS A WEEK.

CRAWFORD'S.

Wednesday.

Thursday and Friday Special—The celebrated Hunter's patent flour sifter, the best made; regular price, 25 cents; will sell 500 each day at 15c each. This is your chance.

Special No. 2—Misses' calf foxed glove-kid top button boots, sizes 11 to 2, common-sense last, cut from $2 to $1.50.

Ladies' neatly made best muslin drawers, four tucks, hem and neat edge, 25 cents.

50-cent Bargain Box—Fine winter underwear. Odd lots are chucked in as fast as need be. If some three or four odd shirts or drawers, worth $1.50, or even $2, are left over, in they go at 50 cents. There are a lot of fine white Saxony wool drawers, worth $1.25, there now.

An elegant all-wool cashmere coat-back jersey for $1.

Large cocoa door mats, with red borders, 50 cents.

W. D. CRAWFORD & CO.

It Sells Hundreds.

Trade isn't going to have any but the very narrowest channels yet awhile.

The blockade isn't of buyers. It's of goods too good to be passed by.

The value must be beyond the highest mark!

As to the gorge of Winter goods that want selling, that is a more serious problem in the stores than the ice at Carondelet.

Trousers made-to-measure at $5 are quite a different merchandise.

The styles are the attraction in them—the styles at our price—$5. That takes every impediment out of the way of their going freely.

What they are usually to be got for is two or three times $5.

Never mind the profits! They're paying their own way. They're doing special work for us and pleasing you.

They're getting Wanamaker's well known.

Wanamaker & Brown,

210 and 212 N. Broadway.

We mean by our prices that Winter goods must go. For very lowest prices see special lots and broken sizes.

We have an unexcelled stock of the very finest goods ready to be made-to-measure.

LEGAL NOTICES.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Mrs. Mary Hassbaum (widow), by her certain Deed of Trust, dated the eleventh day of February, 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 587, page 212, conveyed to the undersigned the following described [illegible]

FEBRUARY 1ST, 1888.

McARTHUR

Opens the Spring Season with New Goods, all at special prices. Prices to surprise and astonish. These goods were all bought before the great advance that now rules the market. We will sell many of them below prices that we cannot now buy them for ourselves.

Ladies' Muslin Underwear.

One lot full size, well-made Chemises goes at 12½c each.
One lot made of good muslin at 20c.
A splendid Chemise, corded band, neck and sleeves, goes at 25c each.
One lot Chemises, neck and sleeves trimmed with linen Torchon lace, at 25c each.
One lot Chemises, 3 rows insertion, 4 rows tuck, 5 tucks to the cluster, neck and sleeves edged with embroidery, equal value in chemises up to $2.00 per garment.

Muslin Skirts—See this Bargain.

One lot with 6 inch embroidery flounce, 5½ inch tucks above flounce at 63c. See night gowns at 39c, 47c and 49c and up to $2.
Examine our whole line of underwear.

New Cambric Embroideries.

Our stock contains the best work and the lowest prices, beginning at 1c per yard and up.

New Torchon Laces.

Best styles and the lowest prices, beginning at 1c per yard and up.

Bargains in Wash Goods.

See the Shirtings at 4c, 4½c and 5c per yard.
See best yard-wide German indigo-blue Calicoes at 10c per yard; regular price, 15c.
See splendid styles indigo-blue Penang shirtings at 10c per yard; sold regularly at 12½c.

We bought these at the great closing out sales in New York and have held them for this month's sales since December. See the beautiful things we show in new Spring Wash Goods of all kind.

From a Railroad Wreck.

Bales of Southern Shirtings, all sound and perfect, good styles, to be sold at 6¼c per yard; regular price 10c.

White Goods Bargains.

Short lengths at 2½c per yard for good checked Nainsooks. But see our values in checked Nainsooks at 5c, 7½c, 8½c, 9c and 10c per yard.

A Shirt Bargain.

See the unlaundered shirts made of good muslin; linen front and bands well made in all particulars, and the price is only 38c.

A Big Button Deal.

We closed an importer's whole line of Metal and Cut Steel Buttons at ¼ former prices and will sell them at 2½c, 5c, 7½c, 10c and 12½c per dozen. We sell them by the card only, 2 dozen to card.

Hose Bargains.

Ladies' full regular made, solid ingrain and fancy cotton at 15c per pair; worth 25c.
Ladies' black ingrain cotton, full regular made, split foot, in black only, at 20c per pair; regular 35c goods.
Ladies black Lisle thread at 33c per pair; regular 50c goods.

SEE NEW BARGAINS EVERY DAY.

W. I. McARTHUR,

1520, 1522, 1524 and 1526 Franklin Av.

A BUSINESS CHANCE.

Upon the completion of the new Post-Dispatch Building, 513 Olive street, the premises at

515-517 MARKET ST.,

Now occupied by the Post-Dispatch, will be vacated. This is one of the best business locations in St. Louis, occupying an area of 54 feet front by 109 feet deep, with a wide alley in the rear.

The Post-Dispatch will either lease the ground with existing improvements, or will erect a new building to suit any business requirement.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the counting-room.

THE POST-DISPATCH,

515 and 517 Market Street.

Fairley, the Grocer,

820 and 822 FRANKLIN AV.,

Will offer the following great drives this week.

Did it ever strike you that there were two ways to buy groceries—a right way and a wrong way? The wrong way is to have a pass-book with your nearest grocer, have him call for your order every morning, or send your child or your servant to the store, and never ask the PRICE OF ANYTHING, and the result is a big bill at the end of the month. Perhaps you have been there. The right way to buy groceries is the same as you buy your DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES—that is, go to headquarters, where you can get fresh goods, make your own selections, see what you buy, lay in a supply for a week or a month, pay the CASH, and you will find a very different result in a few months.

SUGARS.

Cut Loaf	12 lbs for $1.00
Fine Powdered	12 lbs for 1.00
Granulated, best	13 lbs for 1.00
Standard A	14 lbs for 1.00
N. O. Yellow	16 lbs for 1.00
Fancy Yellow	18 lbs for 1.00

PARCHED COFFEES.

Fancy Golden	4 lbs for $1.00
Guatemala	3½ lbs for 1.00
Extra Choice Java	3½ lbs for 1.00
Mocha and Java	3 lbs for 1.00

CANNED GOODS.

We have over 2,000 cases on hand, and will retail them at wholesale prices in order to reduce stock.

3 lbs. Tomato - - - - per can, 10c.
3 " " - - - per doz., $1.10
2 lbs. Corn, Standard, per can, 10c; per doz $1.10.
2 lbs. Corn, Mountain, per can, 11c; per doz., $1.25.
2 lbs. Corn, Trophy extra, per can, 11c; per doz., $1.25.
2 lbs. Corn, Webb's Cream, per can 15c; per doz., $1.70.
1 lb. Peas, Standard, 10c; per doz., $1.10.
2 lbs. Peas, extra small, 15c; per can, $1.50.
[illegible]

DRIVE

IN SELF-RISING BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

[illegible]

PURE BEESWAX CANDLES

FOR CANDLEMAS, 30c per pound. [illegible]

TO THE PUBLIC.

Intending purchasers of POND'S EXTRACT cannot take too much precaution to prevent substitution. Some druggists, trading on the popularity of the great Family Remedy, attempt to palm off other preparations, unscrupulously asserting them to be "the same as" or "equal to" POND'S EXTRACT, indifferent to the deceit practiced upon and disappointment thereby caused to the purchaser, so long as larger profits accrue to themselves. Always insist on having POND'S EXTRACT. Take no other.

SOLD IN BOTTLES ONLY; NEVER BY MEASURE. Quality uniform.

Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., New York and London. See our name on every wrapper and label. Note picture of bottle below.

POND'S EXTRACT

For Piles, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Bruises, Burns, Sore Eyes,

Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Sores, Inflammations, and Hemorrhages of all kinds.

The Famous Lecturer, JOHN B. GOUGH, [illegible]

In Bottles only. Prices, 50c., $1, $1.75.
Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK AND LONDON.

FOR SALE

AT A BARGAIN.

A 10-HORSE POWER

UPRIGHT

Engine and Boiler

As good as new.

Made by Geo. I. Fritz, City.

Sold on account of removal. Must be sold at once. Apply to

A. S. ALOE & CO.,

[illegible]

ASK FOR

LIEBIG COMPANY'S

J. v. Liebig

EXTRACT of MEAT

[illegible]

LATEST EDITION

ON TRIAL AT NEWGATE.

CALLAN AND HARKINS, THE ALLEGED IRISH-AMERICAN DYNAMITERS.

Ex-Lord Mayor Sullivan Released From Tullamore Jail—Ovations to Mr. Morley and the Marquis of Ripon—Russia Preparing to Raid Bulgaria—Mr. Cox Sentenced to One Month's Imprisonment—A Parisian Editor's Duel—Foreign News.

LONDON, February 1.—The trial of Thomas Callan, formerly of Lowell, Mass., and Michael Harkins of Philadelphia, the alleged dynamiters, was begun to-day at Newgate. Mr. Charles P. Phelps, son of the American Minister and second Secretary of the American Legation, sat on the bench, watching the case. The procedure was quiet. The Attorney-General gave the history of the case and the policemen who arrested the men repeated their testimony.

A DISABLED STEAMER.

The steamer Suevia, from New York January 19 for Hamburg, which arrived off Brow Head last evening in tow of the British steamer Istrian, with a broken shaft, has arrived at Queenstown.

The accident to the Suevia occurred on January 27, at 11 o'clock in the morning, when she was 550 miles west of Fastnet. The weather was bad and had been for several days previous. All available sail was set, under which she proceeded until she was taken in tow by the steamer Istrian, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

ALL RESCUED.

The nine missing members of the crew of the French steamer Suez, which foundered at sea recently after having been in collision, have been rescued.

Ireland.

SULLIVAN RELEASED.

DUBLIN, February 1.—Ex-Lord Mayor Sullivan of Dublin was released from Tullamore Prison to-day after two months' confinement. A large crowd was gathered in front of the building and greeted Mr. Sullivan with great enthusiasm. Mr. Sullivan afterwards received addresses from various delegations.

MR. COX' TRIAL.

The trial of Mr. Cox, Member of Parliament, for making a speech at Kildysart, County Clare, in October, inciting tenants to conspiracy, was concluded to-day. Mr. Cox was convicted and sentenced to one month's imprisonment.

It is stated that on the expiration of Mr. Cox's sentence he will be rearrested on a charge of making a speech at Schull, inciting the people to conspiracy.

THE FITZMAURICE MURDER.

The Freeman's Journal demands that the Government and the police use the same vigilance to unearth the men who murdered Farmer Fitzmaurice, near Tralee, County Kerry, as they exert against priests and Members of Parliament who venture to make speeches. If the assassins are permitted to escape, it says, the fact will be established beyond yea or nay that the unlimited powers of the Government are used, not for the detection and punishment of crime, but for the exaction of back rents. The police know every man in Tralee, and there will be nothing to excuse their failure to arrest the murderers. The Express (Conservative) says that Fitzmaurice had been denounced as a land-grabber, and that this charge furnished the motive for his murder. The users of such language, he says, ought to be indicted as accessories to the crime. The murder is the direct and natural result of the National League's teaching and influence.

MORLEY AND RIPON.

LONDON, February 1.—Mr. John Morley and the Marquis of Ripon went to Dublin to-day. They received ovations at the different stations at which their train stopped.

Bulgaria.

RUSSIAN RAIDS PREPARING.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 1.—It is reported here that two more Russian raids upon Bulgaria are being prepared.

PRINCE FERDINAND.

SOFIA, February 1.—Prince Ferdinand and party, who are making a tour of Eastern Roumelia, arrived at Eski-Sagra last evening. The town was illuminated and the populace gave the Prince a warm welcome.

Italy.

THE CROWN PRINCE'S CONDITION.

SAN REMO, February 1.—An official bulletin regarding the Crown Prince Frederick William, says that a partial thickening has supervened in the interior part of the right side of the larynx, but in consequence of the detachment of dead particles, the swelling on the left side has diminished. The Prince's general condition is normal.

IRISH PILGRIMS AND THE POPE.

ROME, February 1.—The Pope to-day received the Irish pilgrims and clergy, who presented him with addresses expressing their devotion to the Holy See. They also brought a number of gifts for the Pope. After these had been presented the Pope descended from the throne and walked down ranks formed by the visitors, giving each his benediction and adding a few kindly words. To the leaders he expressed his desire for a peaceful settlement of the Irish question.

France.

A DUEL WITH SWORDS.

PARIS, February 1.—A duel with swords was fought to-day between M. Vignon, formerly secretary of M. Rouvier, and M. Bauer, editor of Gil Blas. Vignon's left arm was pierced by M. Bauer's sword.

Arabia.

MURDERED BY NATIVES.

ADEN, February 1.—The Somalis have murdered an English officer and twenty-three natives of Berbera.

The Dominion.

TORONTO'S SENSATION.

TORONTO, Ontario, February 1.—A sensation was caused this morning when it became known that summonses had been served upon ex-Mayor Manning, President of the Traders' Bank; Henry S. Strathy, manager of the Traders' Bank; H. Snelling, the bank's solicitor, and Elias Rogers, a coal merchant, to answer the charge of compounding a felony, in being parties to the destruction of forged promissory notes. They will appear before a police magistrate to-morrow. The charge has arisen out of the forgery cases now pending against William Selby of the defunct firm of Selby & Co., it having a few days ago come out in the evidence that notes forged by Selby, which [illegible] brother-in-law of Rogers, had been burned in the cellar of the Traders' Bank.

A BAD BLAZE.

Over $1,200,000 Damage by a Dry Goods Store Fire at Buffalo, N. Y.

BUFFALO, N. Y., February 1.—A few minutes before noon to-day fire was discovered in the great dry-goods establishment of Barnes, Hengerer & Co., on Main street. The building had a handsome iron front and was five stories high; and extended from Main to Pearl streets. It was only a few minutes after the fire was discovered before the lower floors were a mass of flames and in a short space of half an hour the entire building with its contents, valued at $750,000, was destroyed. At first it was thought that some of the 450 persons employed by the firm had been burned, but at this hour (1 p. m.) it is thought that everybody escaped from the building. When the fire broke out many of the clerks and sewing-girls were out at lunch and there were but few customers in the store. There were many narrow escapes and exciting scenes while the girls were being rescued from the upper stories, but no serious injuries have as yet been reported. The heat was so intense that the efforts of the entire fire department of the city were required to save the buildings on the opposite side of Main street from destruction. The loss by water in these stores will be heavy.

The building was owned by C. J. Hamlin, and was insured for $60,000. Barnes, Hengerer & Co. hold $600,000 insurance on their stock. Across the street the firm of D. E. Morgan & Son, whose stock is badly damaged by water, hold $125,000 insurance, and Mrs. R. J. Sherman, owner of the building, has $20,000. Mr. Rose, advertising agent for Barnes, Hengerer & Co., reports that all of the clerks have been accounted for and no one was even seriously hurt. The fire started in the paper-room in the basement. How it started is not really known, but it is thought from a gas jet. The total loss is estimated at about $1,200,000, with enough insurance to cover it.

The Third National Bank Building and the Glenny crockery establishment were somewhat damaged by fire and water. The following firms suffered considerable loss from water: Flint & Kent, dry goods; D. E. Morgan & Sons, carpets; S. O. Barnum & Co., notions; Edward H. Jennings, paper-hangings and draperies, and Denton & Carter's music store.

Carriage Store-House Destroyed.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

QUINCY, Ill., February 1.—The store-house of the Hines Carriage Company caught fire at 1 o'clock this morning and was totally destroyed with all its contents. The building was of three stories, and was valued at $15,000, and the raw material stored in the building was valued at $10,000, which was insured for half. The building is fully covered by insurance.

CASUALTIES.

A Serious Boiler Explosion—Blown Up by Powder—Found Dead.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

FAIRFIELD, Ill., February 1.—This morning the boiler in Peter Taffe's wagon shops, in this city, exploded with terrific force. The boiler was moved about twenty feet from the foundation. The engine and fly-wheel were torn from the boiler and blown across the street, a distance of about [illegible]. The engineer, William Cobb, [illegible] injured fatally. The cause of explosion is unknown. Those who were present claim there was plenty of water in the boiler at the time.

Found Dead in the Snow.

SOMERSET, Pa., February 1.—Rev. Cornelius Birkley, an aged minister of the German Baptist Church, was yesterday found dead in a field on his farm half way between the country road and his house. He had been in Somerset on Saturday, and in the evening started home on a sled of John Bruner, a near neighbor. His home is about seven miles from Somerset and half a mile from Bruner's. When he reached Bruner's barn Mr. Birkley said he would take the near cut across the fields to his home. The snow was very deep, the weather was intensely cold, and a heavy wind was blowing. Not reaching home, a search was made which resulted in the finding of the lifeless body lying face downward in the snow. Mr. Birkley was about 70 years of age, and was a prominent minister for many years in the German Baptist Church.

Terrible Powder Explosion.

GALLITZEN, Pa., February 1.—A terrible explosion occurred in a house on Portage street last evening, by which four men were hurt, two of whom cannot recover. It was in a Polish boarding-house and was caused by a spark from a lighted cigar dropping in a can of blasting powder which the men were dividing up. The house was entirely demolished, and the furniture scattered in pieces for 200 yards around. It is feared that all of the injured are very seriously hurt, and two of them only have any chance for recovery.

Killed by the Cars.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

COLLINSVILLE, Ill., February 1.—A section man by name of A. Herrin was run over and instantly killed by a coal train this afternoon about 2:30 o'clock, while working near Caseyville, three miles west of here. Thirty cars passed over his body, cutting it to pieces.

Fatal Injuries.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

FAIRMOUNT, Ill., February 1.—Fred Russell, owner of the Stanbury coal mine, near Danville, who had his back broken ten weeks ago by the falling of the roof of the mine, died at his home last night.

A CURIOUS CASE.

The Lover of a Widow Arrested by the Father as a Vagrant.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., February 1.—An Omaha (Neb.) special to the Journal says: Wm. Hagel, a handsome young fellow who came here from Denver last fall, and who is high in the good graces of Mrs. McNamara, a wealthy and dashing young widow, has been arrested on charges of vagrancy by Major P. R. Sullivan, the widow's father. It is said the widow spent large sums of money on Hagel. The latter says it is a clear case of persecution. He says he and the widow are engaged but that the father is opposed to the match because he favored the suit of John A. McShane, the Congressman from this district. Public opinion is with Sullivan. Hagel will be tried this afternoon.

The Brink Suicide.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

EDWARDSVILLE, Ill., February 1.—Ordemas E. Brink, the young man who shot himself yesterday, died last night at 11:40. The funeral will take place from his brother's residence at 2 o'clock to-morrow under the direction of the Masonic fraternity, of which order Mr. Brink was a member. This terrible tragedy has cast a gloom over the community and deep commiseration is felt over the fate of the unfortunate young man and sympathy for his friends and relatives, more especially for his aged mother, who resides in Frenchtown, N. J. W. R. Brink arrived home this morning.

A Severe Earthquake [illegible]

BOSTON, February 1.—Earthquake [illegible] felt at many points in Maine, New [illegible] and Vermont at 11 o'clock this [illegible]. No damage has been reported but [illegible] was severe enough to rattle windo[illegible].

The Stove Manufacturers.

CINCINNATI, O., February 1.—The National Association Stove Manufacturers convened today with a good attendance from all parts of [illegible]. The forenoon session was occu[illegible] routine business [illegible]

WASHINGTON.

DAKOTA'S STRONG PLEA FOR ADMISSION INTO THE UNION.

The Committee Investigating Trusts, Combinations and Pools at Work—The Thomas Pacific Railroad Lands Resolution—A Bridge Bill Approved by the President—Proceedings in Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1.—Delegate O. S. Gifford of Dakota was heard this morning by the House Committee on Territories in favor of the bill to admit North and South Dakota as separate States. He said that the proposed States contain each nearly 75,000 square miles. They would be exceeded by only seven other States of the United States in size and each would be larger than all of New England and New Jersey added. Mr. Gifford read at great length statements tending to substantiate the claim that the proposed States possess in an eminent degree the conditions as to the area, productive capacity, population, loyalty, wealth and agricultural resources requisite to entitle them to admission to the sisterhood of States. All persons will agree, he said, that the treatment received by the Territory from the hands of Congress regarding this matter of Statehood is without parallel in the country's history in its neglect and injustice. He held that an excellent reason for the division and admission of the two parts of the Territory as distinct States was, that the functions of the Government could be better exercised by two States of medium size than would be the case if the Territory, in its large, unwieldy condition, were admitted as a whole.

Arguments were also made by Mr. H. Ray Myers of Dakota in favor of division of the Territory, and by Mr. W. E. Purcell of North Dakota in opposition to division and in favor of the bill admitting the Territory as a whole.

The Export Meat Inspection Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1.—The bill providing for an inspection of meats for exportation reported favorably by Senator Evarts to-day from the Committee on Foreign Relations, authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to cause careful inspection to be made of all salted pork and bacon intended for export and to authorize the proper customs officer to give a certificate stating the condition of the meats. It prohibits giving clearance to any vessel having on board salted pork or bacon found on inspection to be unwholesome, but it provides that meat may be exported without inspection when it is proven to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs that it has been properly salted and packed more than sixty days beforehand and a certificate may be issued to that effect. It is made a misdemeanor, punishable by fine, imprisonment and forfeiture to import any adulterated or unwholesome food or drink. The President is granted power to suspend by proclamation the importation of any article from any foreign country, or of all products of any foreign country whenever he becomes satisfied that any adulterated article is about to be imported into the United States or that any foreign State is making unjust discriminations against the importation of articles from this country. The importation of diseased or infected meat, cattle, sheep and swine is prohibited and the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized at the expense of the owner to place in quarantine, all cattle, sheep and swine imported into the United States.

The Thomas Resolution.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1.—The House Committee on Public Lands to-day considered the resolution introduced recently in the House by Mr. Thomas of Wisconsin to the effect that in view of the recommendation of the President in his message accompanying the report of the Pacific Railroad Commission, that no additional lands be patented to the railroad companies until their indebtedness was paid, that it be so ordered by Congress. The constitutionality and wisdom of the resolution were debated. Mr. Turner of Kansas suggested that a substitute for the resolution be reported, which would continue the patenting of lands to the companies, but which would provide that proceeds of all lands sold by them should be covered into the Treasury and credited to the sinking fund of the companies. This proposition seemed to meet the favor of the committee. Further action was postponed until next week.

The Telephone Patent Case.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1.—The hearing upon the petition of J. W. McDonough for a reopening of the case in which Alexander Graham Bell was granted a patent for a speaking telephone one was begun to-day before the Commissioner of Patents. The case has been before the department about a year and a half and involves the question of priority of invention of the speaking telephone. Col. Robert G. Ingersoll of New York, Frank Hurd of Ohio, Judge D. Humphreys of New York, W. C. Strobridge of Philadelphia, and H. H. Elder of New York, appeared as counsel for McDonough and J. J. Storrow of Boston, Roscoe Conkling and L. W. Ferrill of New York as counsel for Bell. It is expected that the hearing will occupy the remainder of the week.

The Trusts Investigation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1.—It is now probable that the proposed investigation of trusts and other combinations which the House Committee on Manufactures has been authorized to proceed with will begin some time during next week. Chairman Bacon of the Committee has been unable to leave his house for several days on account of a severe attack of rheumatism, but he expects to be out by Friday, on which day the full committee meets, and the sub-committee will be likely to report upon some plan of procedure.

Want Liberal Appropriations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1.—George H. Ely and W. L. Phillips of Duluth and Representative Tarsney of Michigan made arguments before the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors to-day in favor of liberal appropriations for the improvement of St. Mary's River and the Michigan Canal.

Approved by the President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1.—The President to-day approved the act authorizing the construction of a railroad, wagon and foot-passenger bridge across the Mississippi River near Burlington, Io.

Hall's Suspension.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1.—The President has approved the suspension of Jesse Lee Hall from the office of Agent for the Indians of the Kiowa, Comanche and Wichita Agency by Inspector [illegible], October 13, 1887.

Nominated [illegible]

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1.—The President has nominated Willis Holmes of Louisiana for Register of the Land Office at Natchitoches, La.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1.—Mr. Coke presented a memorial, signed by mercantile men of El Paso, Tex., representing the extensive amounts of smuggling done between the border towns of Mexico and those of the United States under the Mexican Free Zone Law, and asking that a reciprocity treaty be entered into with Mexico [illegible]

The memorial was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. Frye, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported back adversely the bill to facilitate the settlement and develop the resources of Alaska, and to open an overland route between the United States, Asiatic Russia and Japan. Indefinitely postponed.

Among other bills reported from committees and placed on the calendar were the following: For the inspection of meats for exportation; prohibiting the importation of adulterated articles of food or drink; authorizing proclamations by the President in certain cases and increasing pensions of soldiers and sailors who have lost both hands.

Among the bills introduced and referred were the following:

By Mr. Cameron, to place on the pension roll all officers and enlisted men who have served in the army or navy between 4th of March 1861, and 1st of February, 1866, at the rate of 1 cent per day for each day's service—this to be a "service pension bill," and an "addition to invalid pensions for disability."

The House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1.—Mr. Burnes of Missouri from the Committee on Appropriations reported the urgent deficiency bill, and it was referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Dockery of Missouri introduced a bill for the reorganization of the inspection force of the Post-office Department. Referred.

At the expiration of the morning hour the House proceeded to the consideration of the report of the Committee on Commerce relative to the proposed investigation of the Reading strike.

Mr. Clardy of Missouri, Chairman of the Committee on Commerce, said that after a careful examination of the matter the majority of the committee had been satisfied that the original resolution offered by Mr. Anderson of Kansas for a Congressional inquiry, ought not to be adopted. He briefly sketched the origin of the railroad strike, and the subsequent strike by the employes of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company, whose stock, he said, was held mainly by the stockholders of the Reading Company. There had been no testimony before the committee showing that interstate traffic had been interfered with on the Reading road a week or an hour.

Mr. Raynor of Maryland did not believe in half-way measures on this subject. When monopolies combined to drive the ranks of labor to the starvation point, the labor had an equal right, by every natural law of justice, to combine and strike for living wages. He said this not in the spirit of demagoguism, for he had neither the arts nor aspirations of a demagogue, but because he believed it to be the living truth. [Applause.]

After further debate the House passed a resolution for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the cause, extent and effect of the Reading strike, and also to inquire into the difficulties existing in the Lehigh and Schuylkill coal region between the mining corporations and the miners.

CARRIERS CAUGHT.

Discovery of a Postal Conspiracy—Reforms Needed.

F. M. Harris, in charge of the St. Louis Division of Post-office Inspectors, received word to-day that three letter carriers had been arrested in New Orleans, La., for conspiracy to rifle the letter boxes.

Inspector Harris said to-day: "This is a very unusual case, the first of the kind that ever came under our notice. [illegible] have often had a single individual who was guilty of such a crime, but in such instances he was [illegible] alone in the act and had no confederates. These men at New Orleans, however, had organized an extensive conspiracy, and no doubt further developments will show just how extensive it was. The plan was to rifle the boxes at night and this they could easily do with their official keys. The complaints from New Orleans came in so thick that several weeks ago Inspectors Fisher, Sykes and Hancock were sent down there. As a result, they have bagged the game. Sometime ago in St. Louis there was some excitement caused by a carrier, who, using his key, went to other carriers' routes and stole the letters."

The present system of letter boxes is beginning to be regarded by postal experts as a temptation to robbery. Every day some fault in the system comes out. The developments at New Orleans show one of the latest phases. A reform which is needed, and which the postal men say ought to be attended to at once, is changing the locks so that each route will have a different key. Then each carrier would know that only himself could get into his boxes. [illegible] now every carrier's boxes are at the [illegible] the others, who can open them at pleasure.

"But above and beyond all that," said an Inspector to-day, "some plan must be adopted by which the collections can be made by wagons. The waste of time under the present system is too great. There is an invention which the St. Louis office ought to adopt. It is a self-locking sack, which is placed inside the letter boxes. When it is placed in the latter it opens of itself, and when it is pulled out of the box it closes up and locks itself. With these sacks in every box a 'wagoneer' could drive up to a box pull out the filled sack, throw it in the wagon, replace it with an empty one and drive on to the next. This would enable the collections to be made very promptly."

CLAIMS SELF-DEFENSE.

City-Marshal Bowman of Centralia, Mo Kills Barton Roberts.

CENTRALIA, Mo., February 1.—A. D. B[illegible]man, City Marshal, shot and killed Ba[illegible] S. Roberts to-day about noon. The [illegible]ing occurred in a billiard hall [illegible] Bowman had a warrant for Roberts [illegible] entered the hall to serve the process [illegible] words were used. Bowman claim[illegible] acted purely in self-defense, yet [illegible] are conflicting as to the circumsta[illegible] shooting. The bullet entere[illegible] breast just to the right o[illegible] He was carried to his home an[illegible] half an hour after the shooting [illegible] mediately gave himself up [illegible] Only one or two others witn[illegible]ing. Roberts leaves a w[illegible] children.

Texas Immigrat[illegible]

By Telegraph to the POST-D[illegible]

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Fe[illegible] western Texas Immig[illegible] sembled this morning [illegible] gates present from ac[illegible] section of the State. [illegible] looking body of [illegible] ever assembled in T[illegible] ganizing with the [illegible] John Ireland will be [illegible] the convention. The [illegible] days and is expected [illegible] for Texas. The great[illegible]

Escaped [illegible]

By Telegraph to the POST-D[illegible]

OSWEGO, Kan., Febru[illegible] and L. Barney, who were [illegible] for grand larceny, mad[illegible] night. During the day [illegible] the corridor surroundi[illegible] in the afternoon they [illegible] bar out of the corri[illegible] jailer went to lock them [illegible] o'clock they sprang thro[illegible] knocked the officer down a[illegible] the darkness. They are des[illegible] and familiar with the inside of [illegible] parts of the country. A rew[illegible] been offered for their capture.

Anthracite Coal [illegible]

NEW YORK, February 1.—[illegible]

GOING INTO LIQUIDATION.

NO CLEARANCE SALE, BUT A BONA-FIDE WIND-UP.

OUR STOCK MUST BE SOLD IN THIRTY DAYS!

TO-MORROW (THURSDAY) MORNING we begin selling Fine READY-MADE CLOTHING, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, at prices that will empty our counters quickly. We have marked the entire stock at about HALF THE ORIGINAL VALUE to make a quick and speedy retirement. Our entire stock is included—Winter, Spring and Summer Clothing. It will pay you to buy a year's supply. We have engaged 50 salesmen to wait on you quickly.

Doors open for the sale To-Morrow Morning at 9 o'clock.

ST. LOUIS CLOTHING CO.,

Lease and Fixtures for Sale. 213 and 215 N. BROADWAY. Store will be kept open till 9 o'clock every night.

IN SOCIETY.

ITEMS OF INTEREST GATHERED IN LOCAL SOCIAL CIRCLES TO-DAY.

Miss Madge Barney's Informal Party to Her Friends—Other Events in the Social [illegible]d—Society Notes, Personals and Chat.

Miss Madge Barney had a little informal party last evening at her residence on Lucas place. There were no cards. Only about twenty couples of her young lady and gentleman friends dropped in and enjoyed a pleasant evening with music and dancing. Miss Barney wore black faille Francaise, with corsage low cut and sleeveless, with pardessus of black thread lace forming the draperies and veiling the corsage completely.

Miss Orrie Gregg, dark wine colored faille, with full draperies at the back and scarf draperies in front, the high-cut corsage made with full Fedora vest of the silk; long sleeves.

Miss Julia Smith, steel gray gros-grain, [illegible]dancing-length, the corsage made with [illegible] of white faille, braided with gold.

[illegible] Daisy Dyer, chocolate colored broad[illegible] tailor made.

[illegible] Mamie Orr, hunter's-green faille, [illegible] over velvet of the same shade, the [illegible]ut corsage made with vest and collar [illegible]uffs of the velvet.

[illegible]s Maisie Walker, tea-colored gros grain, [illegible]mbined with plush of a darker shade; the corsage made high with revers, and V-shaped [illegible]ck of the velvet.

Miss Daisy Brookmire, cream colored China silk, figured with pale blue crescents, the draperies soft and bouffant, looped high at one side; pointed corsage, made square at the throat and filled with lace.

Miss Virginia Kimball, dark green faille, with full draperies, the panels and bodice of moss green plush.

Miss Jessie Peter, dark gray broadcloth with straight full draperies, the corsage made with a white cloth vest, barred with gold braid; collar and cuffs showing same effects.

Chat.

Mrs. So[illegible] Rauschoff leaves this evening for New Y[illegible]

Mr[illegible]s. Philip Schuyler will keep house [illegible] street.

Miss Susie White is spending the remainder of the season at Havana.

Mrs. Thomas Mayfield is visiting Mrs. Cooper at Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Wilcox have taken a suite of rooms at Hotel Beers.

Mrs. C. C. Rainwater gave a dinner party on Monday to a number of ladies.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Stillwell of Kansas City arrived yesterday and are located at Hotel Beers.

Miss Annie Wright will leave with her mother soon to spend the spring months in California.

Miss Mary Lackland leaves this week for New Orleans, where she will remain for several months.

Miss Ida Valle's marriage to Mr. Long of [illegible]ansas City will take place on the morning of [illegible] 8th of February.

[illegible]e last entertainment of the Missouri [illegible]cle Club will be a masquerade, which will [illegible] place just before Lent.

[illegible] Jos. Nanson is visiting her daughter, [illegible]rnard, in San Antonio, and will not re[illegible] two or three weeks.

[illegible]sday evening there will be a very in[illegible] concert at the Rock Church School, [illegible]'s Orchestra to assist.

[illegible]rd has for her guest Miss Mc[illegible] Chicago, who has been delight[illegible]ed since her arrival.

[illegible]. Morrison of Vandeventer [illegible]ing several weeks with her [illegible]ayton, at Hannibal.

[illegible]l F. Myerson will give a [illegible]nment shortly in compli[illegible] Myerson bridal party.

[illegible] of Lucas avenue gave a [illegible]rmal party on Monday [illegible]ere were about thirty

[illegible]ives a luncheon and [illegible]ty on Thursday after[illegible] ty ladies have been

[illegible]e Manual Training [illegible]bruary 10 at Univer[illegible] ward to as a pleas-

[illegible] Church will give a [illegible] parlors to-morrow [illegible] will be served at 10

[illegible] returns to her home at [illegible]ng of February 8. She [illegible]mpanied by her sister,

[illegible]f Kansas City is expected [illegible]ay to be present at the [illegible], at which she will offi-

[illegible]r daughter, Miss Mamie [illegible]ed to arrive in the city the [illegible]eek, having spent the past [illegible]ope.

[illegible] will receive with her sister, [illegible]st, on Wednesdays at No. 1103 [illegible]here Mrs. Karst will remain until spring.

[illegible] Clark gives a large reception [illegible]ernoon from 3 to 5 o'clock, to [illegible]tions have been extended. It [illegible]rs. Phil Schuyler.

"The Helping Hand" are very [illegible] tableaux, which will be pre[illegible] at the Exposition for the bene[illegible] fund of Temple Israel.

[illegible] Charles Stevens, nee Lena [illegible] returned from their bridal [illegible] are located for the winter [illegible] Lafayette avenue.

[illegible]s been the guest of Mrs. [illegible]ral weeks and charmingly [illegible]er visit here, leaves this [illegible] home at Cleveland.

[illegible] Mrs. Hunt, who ar[illegible] the wedding of her [illegible] Roberta Gilliam, [illegible]ringfield to-day.

sociable and hop at the Pickwick on Thursday evening. They will have excellent refreshments, these ladies all being notable housekeepers.

Mrs. Lucy V. Semple Ames will return in about two weeks from Washington Territory, where she has been doing the honors of the Executive Mansion for her brother, Gov. Eugene Semple.

Mrs. Hinman Clark will entertain the Ladies' Saturday Afternoon Euchre Club at her residence on the South side next Saturday. This has been one of the pleasantest organizations of the winter.

Miss Mary Boyce will give a large progressive euchre party on Thursday evening in compliment to Mrs. Charles Nealy of Jersey City, who has arrived to visit for a few weeks her mother, Mrs. Peter L. Foy.

Mr. and Mrs. Long of Kansas City, with their sons, Ferd and Willie, will arrive on Monday to attend the marriage of their son. They will be guests of their relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Uhri, near Lafayette Park.

The wife of ex-Gov. Routt of Colorado, who arrived yesterday to attend the Jones—Gilliam wedding, goes to Springfield to-day with her mother, Mrs. J. A. Jones, to await the return of her brother with his bride from the South.

Miss Blanche O'Reilly entertained a few friends on Tuesday evening complimentary to her guest, Miss Mae Stout. After a game of euchre and refreshments Prof. A. G. Robyn favored the company with some delightful musical selections.

A new musical club has been formed, which meets at the residence of Mrs. John W. Harrison, on Monday afternoons. The ladies composing the club are all earnest students. Among them are Miss Dora Harrison, Mrs. John Fowler, Miss Ella Liggett, Mrs. Hiram Liggett, Miss Emma Carr, Miss Maude Dillon and others.

HAS NOT ANNOUNCED HIMSELF.

Gov. Morehouse Surprised at Attorney-General Boone's Statement.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., February 1.—Gov. Morehouse was very much surprised at the statement purporting to be from Attorney-General Boone which appeared in the morning papers to-day, stating that the Governor had determined to enter the race for the gubernatorial nomination, and to the POST-DISPATCH correspondent this morning the Governor said: "I have made no such announcement to any one, neither have I authorized any one to make such announcement for me. The Sedalia correspondent certainly must have misunderstood Gen. Boone. It is true I have been considering the question of making a canvass for the nomination, but I have not yet determined whether I shall be a candidate or not. There is plenty of time yet to consider that matter, but when decided upon I will let the people know it."

HAGEY—WITHROW.

A St. Louis Business Man Captures One of Troy's Fair Daughters.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

TROY, Mo., February 1.—The marriage of F. P. Hagey of St. Louis and Miss Bettie Withrow of this city took place at the home of the bride's parents at 8 o'clock this morning, Elder T. A. Abbott of Canton, Mo., officiating. Miss Lizzie Hutt of Troy and Frank Parker of St. Louis were the attendants. The marriage was a quiet one, only the relatives and near friends of the contracting parties being in attendance. The bride is the daughter of T. W. Withrow, a prominent merchant of Troy, and is one of the most estimable ladies in the city. Mr. Hagey is a successful traveling salesman for Hargadine, McKittrock & Co. Mr. and Mrs. Hagey, accompanied by the attendants, went to St. Louis this forenoon to visit for several days. Returning they will make their home in this city.

THE TEXAS COTTON SWINDLE.

E. D. Easton, One of the Principals, Arrested and in Jail.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SHERMAN, Tex., February 1.—Sheriff R. L. May of this county arrived in the city this morning with E. D. Easton, whom he lodged in jail. Easton is charged by indictment with twelve cases of forgery and several cases of swindling in the celebrated cotton swindling transactions which occurred in this city in 1883, in which Oliver & Griggs, bankers of Dallas, sustained a loss of several thousand dollars. Joseph Loenstein was implicated in the swindle, but was tried at Dallas a few days ago and acquitted. F. Baum, charged with being accessory to the swindle, absconded to Canada before he was indicted and subsequently died. Easton disappeared from the State, but returned to Dallas a few days ago, and was arrested yesterday and brought to the city to-day to be held for trial in March next.

Sequel to the MacAuley Shooting.

CHICAGO, Ill., February 1.—The question as to the mental condition of Mrs. Ida McAuley, who shot her husband December 24 last, was considered by the Grand-jury yesterday. Considerable testimony was taken, but the jury finally concurred in the view that it would be impossible to reach a conviction in the matter, so the case against Mrs. MacAuley was formally ignored and no indictment against her will be returned. This action of the jury practically ends this case.

Wants a Divorce.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LEXINGTON, Mo., February 1.—Mrs. Ellen Adams has filed a suit for divorce against William Adams. The case will be heard at the ensuing term of the Circuit Court. She alleges adultery, drunkenness, and a failure to provide for her support.

Moore—Wilmot.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LEXINGTON, Mo., February 1.—Mr. James W. Moore and Miss Annie Wilmot, prominent society people, will be married next Wednesday afternoon at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Wilmot.

FALSE REGISTRATIONS.

THE RECORDER IS DENIED AN APPROPRIATION FOR THEIR CORRECTION.

The Delegates Refuse to Make Provision for a Board of Revision to Strike Off the Bogus Entries on the Books in the Recorder's Office—An Appeal to the Council—The Union Labor Party Meetings—Political Notes.

Recorder of Voters Williams has had another disheartening experience with Comptroller Campbell and the lower branch of the Municipal Assembly. Since the last election he has applied various tests to the registration lists and has thereby proved the frauds charged in the POST-DISPATCH in December, 1886. Hundreds of registrations appearing on the books as from certain numbers have been addressed through the mails and the cards have been returned to the City Hall with such annotations as "no such party lives at the number given," and "no such address on street named." The directories for several years have been exa[illegible] but no such names have been found a[illegible] addresses corresponding to those given in the registration lists. To correct this list the Recorder proposed to submit his discoveries to a Board of Revision, the only body authorized to strike names from the registration lists. It was simply a plan to purify the registration books. This was defeated in the House of Delegates last night, Messrs. Stone and Wand leading the fight on the proposed plan. Recorder Williams has no power to strike a single name off of the registration lists, and in his attempts to correct the lists, as far as possible, he has been bitterly opposed. Comptroller Campbell objects to the appropriation of $1,000 to pay the members of the Board of Revision. This stand has been indorsed by the City Hall officials, and like every other reform proposed by the Recorder of Voters has met with bitter opposition. Since Recorder Williams took charge of the office nearly 10,000 false or incorrect registrations have been discovered. He proposed to legally strike these registrations from the list with the assistance of the Board of Revision, but the Democratic members of the House of Delegates have defeated this plan for the present. When the Recorder first proposed a precinct canvass to correct the lists, which were filled with false registrations, as shown in the trials last January and February in the United States Circuit Court, the Comptroller and the partisan members of the Assembly opposed the reform. Citizens who were acquainted with the extent of the frauds through the POST-DISPATCH made up a purse and defrayed the expenses of the canvass, which brought to light the most flagrant frauds. It appears from the action of the House of Delegates that this will be the only remedy within reach in the present instance. The Council has approved of the appropriation notwithstanding the Comptroller's legal opinions and should the Council refuse to concur in the partisan action of the House of Delegates taken last evening, the bill will not be passed without a more scrutinizing investigation of the merits of the item in the appropriation bill. Recorder Williams will present the case to the Council next Friday evening, when it will reconsider the appropriation bill.

THE RECORDER'S PLANS.

Recorder of Voters Williams has decided to proceed, notwithstanding the action of the House of Delegates on the appropriation. He has appointed his Board of Revision and will call its members together for a consultation. He does not propose to have the plan overthrown by the Democratic party in the House. Concerning his plan, Recorder Williams to-day issued the following card:

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please permit me to say through your columns to the gentlemen who have been appointed and commissioned as members of the Board of Revisors and have not yet qualified that they will oblige me by calling at this office at their earliest convenience for the purpose of being sworn according to law.

The refusal of the House of Delegates (induced by misrepresentations) to appropriate funds for the payment of the Board will not prevent the meetings of its members, nor their untrammelled action, in strict accordance with the wise and just laws which a Democratic Legislature enacted to prevent election frauds, and a sterling Democratic Governor appointed me to carry out.

There are about ten thousand fraudulent and illegal names to be stricken from the old registration lists before the new lists are printed, and that work will be done by the Board of Revisors precisely as the law requires, and the members will be paid for their services, appropriation or no appropriation. Very respectfully yours,

HENRY W. WILLIAMS,
St. Louis, February 1. Recorder of Voters.

The Union Labor Meetings.

The last of the series of reorganization meetings of the Union Labor party will be held to-morrow evening at the Apollo Theater. Hon. Sam Evins of Texas, Benj. W. Goodhue of Chicago, Wm. Blake of St. Joseph, Mo., Hon. D. M. Cowen of Sparta, Mo., Mrs. E. C. W. Patterson and Col. A. Harrington of Ozark, Mo., are in the city and will address the meeting. Last evening a rousing meeting was held at No. 604 Market street. Hon. J. J. Curley presided at the meeting. Mr. Chas. Nolan, Chairman of the State Central Committee, states that no further meetings will be held for the present.

Political Notes.

Attorney-General Boone is quoted as authority for the statement that Gov. Morehouse intends to announce his candidacy at once.

It has been given out at the Capital that to-morrow Gov. Morehouse will reappoint Dr. John D. Griffith of Kansas City and Mrs. Albert Merrill and George Homan of this [illegible] the State Board of Health for terms exp[illegible] 2, 1894.

Vice-President Morris [illegible]

and the advocates of the investigation had no comments to make on the action of the association on the proposed investigation of the Democratic officials violating the association obligations.

The squabble over the position of Building Inspector was settled last evening by the appointment of John J. Steffen, the Democratic Central Committeeman from the Twenty-third Ward. John R. Rolfes was the other applicant for the place.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

Quotations on the Popular Stocks To-Day—Trading on the Street.

Golden Era opened at $1.20 asked, $1.07½ bid, and rose to $1.10, holders lowering their prices to $1.17½, but no sales were consummated.

* * *

West Granite was quiet, opening at 45 bid, 47½ asked; 200 shares were sold at 45, the stock declining to 42½ bid, but a rally soon took place, 100 shares selling at 46¼, from which point it declined to 42½, 100 shares changing hands at this figure.

* * *

One hundred shares of Carriboo sold for 18½, 18 and 19 being afterwards offered, sales of 300 share lots at the former price being made.

* * *

Grey Eagle opened at 16½ asked, 16 bid, decling to 14.

* * *

Peacock was dull until the hour for closing approached, when 2,000 shares were sold at 12½c.

* * *

There was some inquiry for Yavapai, 4 cents being bid, sellers offering the stock at 5c and 6c. No transfers were made.

* * *

Dinero was very dull, bids of 35 calling forth no offers.

* * *

Reno opened at 35 bid, 36¼ asked, with no transactions for some time, but it suddenly showed signs of life, and 1,200 shares were disposed of at 37½, at which figure it closed.

* * *

One hundred shares of Black Oak were sold at 20, the price advancing to 21, 21½ and 22, sales of a few hundred shares being made at each figure. The market closed with a transfer of 1,000 shares at 21.

* * *

Jumbo was by far the most active stock on the market. It opened at 40 and 42½ bid, with offers at 47½. The bidding rose to 45 without lowering the price, the first purchase being made at 46¼. It then declined to 42½ cents, at which price 100 shares changed hands, but rallied rapidly, and rose to 50, and 52½, 500 shares changing hands at the former, and 100 at the latter figure. The last transaction was the sale of 200 shares at 50 cents.

* * *

The market to-day was in all respects stronger and more active than it has been for the past week. Stocks were firm, with a general upward tendency, and sales were larger than they have been for some time past. With the advent of spring and the disappearance of the snow on the mountains, greatly increased activity is generally predicted.

LATE COURT NOTES.

A Stoddard County Man Brought In—Matters in the Federal Courts.

Charles Hargroves was brought in to-day by United States Deputy-Marshal Bartholow on the charge of selling liquor without a license. He was arrested at Brownwood, Stoddard Co. He gave bond for his appearance in court before Judge Thayer next Monday.

The case against Louis Obert, who was charged with selling liquor without a license, was dismissed to-day before United States Commissioner Crawford.

The depositions of H. D. Laughlin, John W. Dryden, E. C. Jewett, John G. Chandler, E. F. Farish, Henry C. Scott, R. W. Crittenden, Edwards Whittaker and A. J. Gerhardt in the Bowman—Patrick mining suit were filed this afternoon in the United States Circuit Court. They bore reference chiefly to the reputation of the plaintiff.

Letters of Administration were granted this afternoon to Alex Clemens on the estate of Catherine Clemens. The estate is valued at $7,000.

Letters of administration were granted this afternoon to Wm. P. Long on the estate of John F. Long. The estate is valued at $15,000.

The following cases were dismissed this afternoon in the Circuit Court: Cohn vs. Lehman et al.; City vs. Lewis; Brown vs. Hashagen.

THE ARKANSAS TRAIN ROBBERS.

Brock and Burrows Have a Preliminary Hearing at Texarkana.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

TEXARKANA, Ark., February 1.—The train robbers, W. L. Brock and Jim Burrows, were taken before a magistrate this morning and given a preliminary examination. Brock pleaded guilty and will be held, as will also Burrows, for trial to the Circuit Court. Burrows waived examination, and said if on a final trial the courts put the medicine to him he would take it like a little man. He is a remarkably hard-looking character, and will, the officers think, take desperate chances should the least opportunity to escape present itself. On this account he will very probably be taken to the penitentiary at Little Rock for safe-keeping. Brock will be one of the leading witnesses against Burrows. The latter, since learning this, is said to have expressed a purpose to plead guilty when arraigned for trial in the Circuit Court.

An Outlaw Captured.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

GAINESVILLE, Tex., February 1.—Policeman Benshaner arrested Lum Dill here this morning, who immediately started for Dallas in charge of Deputy United States Marshal Boling, where he is wanted to answer to the charge of horse stealing in the Indian Territory. Dill is a noted thief and desperado, and is said to have been one of the notorious Sam Bass gang. He had lately come into this county, and was living in a secluded spot near Roseton, twenty [illegible] southwest of here, which is known as [illegible] Bass' Cave," a former rendezvous of [illegible] outlaws.

DOINGS IN THE COURTS.

HEARING OF THE FOSTER PROCEEDING AGAINST THE BELCHER DIRECTORS.

The Old Fight of a Stockholder Against the Bondholders—Decrees of Matrimonial Severance—Damage Suits on Trial To-Day—Judge Barclay's Decisions—A Habeas Corpus Case—The Stromberg Rent Suit Decided—Matters of Interest in Litigation.

Judge Valliant is hearing this afternoon the old suit of Wm. Kent Foster against the Belcher Sugar Refining Company. This was a proceeding instituted for the purpose of enjoining a sale of the Belcher property under the mortgage given to secure $700,000 of the bonded indebtedness. The petitioner was a stockholder to the extent of $17,500 and he proceeded against the directors alleging fraud and conspiracy against the stockholders. The bonds he alleged were chiefly in the hands of the directors themselves. He asked for the appointment of a receiver and for an injunction restraining the sale of the property. Judge Thayer, who was at that time on the Circuit bench, granted a hearing upon the petition and rendered a decision denying the application for appointment of a receiver. The sale took place and as the petitioner gave no bond he had no preliminary relief. The case is now reached for final disposition in the Circuit Court.

The Default Divorce Docket.

Judge Valliant to-day granted a decree of divorce by default to the plaintiff in the case of May Paris against Frank Paris. They were married on the 10th of May, 1876, at Kalamazoo, Mich. In July, 1882, it was alleged that Paris deserted his wife and children without any cause or provocation on her part. The Court last evening in the cases mentioned in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH granted by default as follows: Emma Rall against Frank Rall, decree for the wife with custody of children and $15 per month alimony; Emma J. Clarkson against James H. Clarkson, decree for the wife with custody of children and $500 alimony; Helen Lasher against Chas. Lasher, decree for the wife. Cecelia L. Koch against Frederick W. Koch, decree for the wife, with custody of child and restoration of maiden name, Cecelia Hospes. The cases of Reinhold Bucht against Augusta Bucht and Chas. B. Cavanaugh against Maria E. Cavanaugh were dismissed for want of security for costs.

Returned to Recover His Children.

A habeas corpus proceeding was made returnable to-day in Judge Valliant's court, but owing to the trial of the Belcher Refinery case the matter was laid over until Friday. Wm. Jones, a colored man recently returned to this city from the far West to recover his two children Richard and Wm. Jones, who were found in the custody of Zacharias and Lucy Ann Delaney. The mother of the children died during the absence of the father in Colorado, and it is alleged that they would have been unprovided for if the Delaneys had not undertaken to care for them. An order was granted for the production of the children in court to-day, and the Delaneys made answer in return to the effect that the father is not a fit person to have control of the boys. It appeared that some little property figured in the controversies for the possession of the children. The father will have to establish good character before the court restores the children to him.

An Attachment.

An attachment suit was filed to-day in the Circuit Court by F. W. Brockman and F. C. Trauernicht against the Kendall—Bayle Cracker Company to recover $844.38. The company made an assignment on Monday morning.

Stromberg Must Pay.

In the rent suit of John O. F. Delaney vs. Wm. Stromberg, Judge Lubke to-day rendered a decision and gave judgment for the plaintiff on the first count for $187.56, and on the second count $258.12. This suit has reference to the property leased by the Union Base Ball Association and the League. The leases were assigned and the Court holds that Mr. Stromberg assumed individual responsibility and authorized a transfer of the leases in his name. The property would not have otherwise been rented.

A Leakage Next-Door.

A jury was called into the box in Judge Barclay's court this morning for the trial of the damage suit of Sophie C. Hoffmeister against Alfred Cohn. This is a claim for damages sustained in premises on Franklin avenue by reason of the bursting of a hydrant. The defendant occupied the adjoining premises, and it is alleged that he suffered an inundation of the yard and basement, causing a flow of water into the plaintiff's house, doing great damage.

Judge Barclay's Decisions.

Judge Barclay to-day handed down decisions as follows in matters taken under advisement:

Rassieur vs. Tittman; demurrer to petition overruled.

Geary vs. Patterson; motion to set aside affirmance overruled.

Cunningham vs. McAllister; final decree of dissolution and receiver ordered to distribute funds among creditors pro rata after payment of all costs and expenses of administration.

Schilling vs. Pfeil; demurrer to amended petition overruled.

Link vs. Harrington; motion of Schneider Brewing Company to be made party overruled.

Kleinhofer vs. Berger; motion for new trial sustained on first and second grounds of the motion.

An Incorporation.

The Marion Mining and Smelting Company was incorporated to-day with a capital [illegible]

H. Derryberry, H. S. Dedd, Eugene L. Marchal and F. J. Karleskind.

Notes in Court.

Letters of administration were granted today to Caroline Uhlemeyer. The estate is valued at $6,000.

In the matter of the Siebert Patent Pulley & Journal Box Company a report was filed in court to-day recommending an allowance of $275 to the assignee, R. J. Delano.

On motion of Noah M. Given, Norwood Fitch of Boone County was admitted to practice today in the Circuit Court.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Items of Interest From the City on the Other River Bank.

This morning City Treasurer Renshaw paid to School Treasurer Lovingston $3,500, being a part of one-half the dramshop license collected since last April. About $10,000 is still due. The police and street laborers were also paid their salaries for December. The salaries had not been allowed in a Council meeting, but five of the Aldermen signed a document agreeing to the payment and warrants were issued by Cirty Clerk Meyer on this authority. The police had not received any money for two months, and needed their money badly.

The Arrangement Committee for the entertainment to be given in aid of the Women's Relief Corps of the Edwin Booth Dramatic Club has published a card in which regret is expressed for statements made in a local paper, calculated to lessen the attendance at the performance, and an explanation made that the entertainment is for the benefit of the windows and orphans of ex-Union soldiers. The ladies composing the committee are Mrs. Louisa Johnson, Chairman; Mrs. D. B. Beatty, Mrs. Sawyer and Miss Emma Shone.

The School Board met last night. The resignation of Mrs. Leo James, first assistant at the Webster Schol, was accepted and Miss Mary Tracey was appointed to the vacancy.

Mr. Fred Canty, a brother-in-law of ex-License Inspector John Dowd, died last night. The funeral took place this afternoon to St. Henry's Cemetery.

Mrs. John Sullivan of the Fourth Ward died last evening. The remains will be taken to White Hall, Ill., to-morrow for interment.

Mrs. Mary Merz, who lives on Fourth street, swore out a warrant in 'Squire Bunyan's court this morning against Mrs. Smith and Annie Macomb, neighbors of hers, on a charge of using abusive language and fighting and striking her. Mrs. Merz alleges that the women cut her clothes-line and threw hot ashes at her boy. When she upbraided them for their conduct they struck her, and one of them drew a knife on her.

McDowell Post, No. 507, G. A. R., will meet in Launtz' Hall to-night.

St. Clair Lodge, No. 277, A. O. U. W., meets this evening for the transaction of important business.

The Knights of Honor meet at Launtz' Hall to-morrow afternoon at 1 o'clock to arrange for taking charge of Sebastian Schmidt's funeral.

Jasper County's Mines.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CARTERVILLE, Mo., February 1.—The mines are in a fine condition for spring, and the prices of ores have advanced so much in the past three months that extra efforts are being made towards development. The same zinc ore that sold for $20 per ton three months ago sold for $29 per ton last Saturday and many think to get $30 this week. The amount sold from the Carterville Company's lands for the week ending Saturday, January 28, was as follows:

Zinc ore	451,640 lbs
Lead ore	15,870 lbs

The amount of cash received for this ore amounted to about $5,635. The wages of the miners have been raised from $1.75 per day to $2 by most of the operators.

A Generous Municipality.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LEXINGTON, Mo., February 1.—A meeting of the City Council will be held to-morrow night for the special purpose of paying street laborers' claims which do not fall due for two weeks. The money being on hand, and the men needing it, the meeting is called to pay them. The amount will be $3,000. The committee appointed to investigate the advisability and practicability of incorporating as a city of the third class will make a report.

Marietta's Centennial.

CINCINNATI, February 1.—A Times-Star special from Marietta O., states that arrangements have been made by the Centennial Committee of which Dr. H. W. Andrews is chairman, for a proper commemoration of April 7, the anniversary of the settlement at Marietta. Senator Hoar and Hon. Randolph Tucker will deliver addresses, and the annual meeting of the State Historical and Archeological society will be held at the same time.

Amusement Notes.

The exciting interest of the play "Never Say Die" and the river scene are pleasing the audiences at the Standard.

There was an excellent audience at Pope's last evening and "Deacon Brodie" was received with warm approval.

The music and amusing conceit of "A Rag Baby" keep the audiences at the Grand laughing straight through. Charles Reed, Helen Reimer, Albert Riddle and Georgie Parker keep the fun moving.

Instead of going backward, "My Geraldine" is doing a better business at the People's than it did on its first visit here to the Olympic. The romantic play and the excellent performance are winning approval.

Lotta delighted another large audience in "Pawn Ticket No. 210" at the Olympic last evening. The play is interesting enough to hold attention and the actress has ample opportunity to furnish fun for the audience. The company is a capable one.

The attractions for next week will be "Held by the Enemy" at the Olympic; Mrs. D. P. Bowers at the Grand; "My Aunt Bridget" at the People's; Agnes Herndon in "A Masquerade" at Pope's, and "Crimes of a Great City" at the Standard. The sale of seats will open at the theaters to-morrow morning.

[illegible]

BACK FROM CALIFORNIA.

George L. Ritter, Who Robbed the Wm. Barr Dry Goods Company.

This morning Detective Tucker arrived from California with George L. Ritter, the young man wanted here for embezzling $700 from the William Barr Dry Goods Company. He was employed as collector for the firm and failed to make returns on moneys collected by him. He became an habitue of the pool rooms and spent the money betting on horse races. His luck was not the best, and he soon became so hopelessly behind that he fled to California about the 1st of December. He was finally located at Los Angeles and arrested. Detective Tucker was sent after him, the dry goods firm paying all the expenses of extradition. At the time the information was sworn out against Ritter it was thought that he had only taken $700, but subsequent developments have shown the shortage to be much greater than that amount. He appears to feel his position quite badly. He would not see any newspaper reporters, but told Detective Tucker and Mr. Wright of Barr's that he had spent his money in pool rooms and in high living. Ritter's family here are very respectable people, and have the sympathy of the firm, though they aver they will nevertheless prosecute the young man. He is 23 years of age, and heretofore bore an excellent reputation.

A FATAL ACCIDENT.

The Eastern Fast Mail-Train Delayed Six Hours by a Collision.

The fast mail-train on the Missouri Pacific Road, going west from here, pulled out at 8 a. m. to-day without the mail from the East. An annomncement on the bulletin-board made it unnecessary to wait, as it stated that the fast-mail train was abandoned on the Vandalia line. The announcement was posted later that the Western express due here at 7 o'clock was six hours late. The delay in the fast mail and the Western express, which is the through train of the line, was caused by an accident at Urbana, O., on the Panhandle road. The fast mail ran into an open switch and collided with a switch engine. Both locomotives were wrecked and Frank Shade, roadmaster, was killed and Frank Brown, engineer, and Charles Ashland, fireman, of the mail train, were fatally injured. This accident delayed both the mail and the through passenger train. Both trains were run as one, and arrived about 1 o'clock this afternoon. The regular trains from Richmond and Indianapolis were run on the Vandalia as usual. In the accident no passengers were injured.

A SUDDEN LAPSE.

The Choral Society Takes a Nap but Pays for It.

The orchestral concert of the St. Louis Choral Society, set for to-morrow evening, will not take place, nor will the second orchestral concert of the season. To-day the society issued a circular to the 300 subscribers, announcing that it had been decided not to give these concerts, but that Verdi's "Requiem" would be given later, probably some time in May. With each circular went a check for two-fifths of the subscriber's contribution.

Mr. George Markham of the Executive Committee of the society was asked to-day for an explanation of the sudden cessation of energy on the part of the society. He said: "We have already given two concerts, the 'Specter's Bride' and the 'Messiah.' On each of these the loss was heavy, as the subscription list was small, and we expect that the 'Requiem' will also show a loss. We said that we could not give two orchestral concerts without loss and so we decided to abandon them. Then there was another reason. We did not feel that the interests of the society demand that the orchestral concerts should be given, inasmuch as the chorus was occupied for the Saengerfest and would not be able to prepare short numbers. We expect, however, when we give the 'Requiem' to have the West End section of the Saengerfest assist in the presentation.

THE RAILROADS.

Central Missouri Meeting—Harmonizing Rates and Differentials.

Vice-President Frank C. Hollins and Director Hynderson of the Central Missouri Railroad are in town, and attended a meeting to-day of the officials and Directors of the road held at the general offices in the Roe building.

Mr. Hollins, speaking of the road, said that its affairs were in excellent shape, and construction would be resumed as soon as spring opened. Mr. Hynderson has just returned from Europe, where he went for the purpose of negotiating for the sale of the bonds, and it is stated that he succeeded in placing enough to assure the building of the road. The meeting was more in the nature of an informal conference than anything else.

Harmonizing Rates.

A meeting of the freight representatives of the roads in the Mississippi Valley Association and also of the Missouri River roads was held to-day at the Southern Hotel. The meeting was called by Secretary Murray of the M. V. A. for the purpose of harmonizing differentials to all points in the territory covered by the association. This was deemed necessary owing to the uncertain and demoralized condition of rates among the Western and Southwestern roads.

Reduced Wages.

PITTSBURG, Pa., February 1.—[illegible] general reduction of 10 per cent [illegible] employes of the C[illegible] Johnstown, P[illegible] into effect [illegible] usual in [illegible] These [illegible] closed [illegible] company [illegible]

PARLE VS. BOSLEY.

THE SCHOOL BOARD ROUGH AND TUMBLE FIGHT INVESTIGATED TO-DAY.

Depositions in School-Director Bosley's $10,000 Damage Suit Begun—Director Alex. Cudmore Describes the Knock-Down—He Did Not Know Mr. Bosley Carried a Pistol, but Did Know He Owned One—The Testimony.

Depositions for the plaintiff in the suit of Elijah M. Bosley against John Parle were begun before Referee F. J. McMasters this morning in the referee's little office at the Roe Building. It was a small space in which to confine belligerents, but nothing came of it. The plaintiff was represented by E. F. Stone and C. Rowell, while Hugo Muench and J. G. Lodge appeared for Mr. Parle. The principals in the case are members of the School Board. They have not admired each other for some time and on the 20th of last month came to blows during a meeting of the School Board building committee. The next day Bosley sued Parle for $10,000 damages claiming the latter had attacked him without cause and had kicked and beaten him severely.

ALEXANDER CUDMORE,

member of the Board, was the first witness in the chair, and testified that he was a member of the Lands and Leasing Committee. He was present at the meeting of the Building Committee when the affray occurred. He was asked by Mr. Rowell to describe the positions of the committee. He did so, stating that Mr. Parle was presiding. There were also a number of others besides the committee present. The witness had just "dropped in" to see what was going on.

"What was going on when this disturbance took place?"

There was quite a lengthy argument about a report of a principal who charged a janitor with carelessness in attending to his duties. A motion was made that the janitor be dropped.

Mr. Bosley said that the school was in good order. Mr. Parle told the committe not to mind what Bosley said, and Bosley asked him if he meant to say he lied, adding Parle was not man enough to say he lied. There was some confusion after this, Mr. Parle jumping up and saying something, went for Bosley.

"What do you mean by went for him?"

"Well, he started for him as though to strike him. Others interfered and stopped him."

"Was he angry looking?"

"O, yes, he was."

"How near did Parle get to Bosley?"

"About four feet or so."

"Who interfered?"

"We all interfered. I interfered myself."

"Who else?"

"Mr. Brady and a lot of us. I couldn't tell."

"Who broke the door?"

"I don't know. It was broken in the scuffle."

"What occurred then?"

"The committee went on with the business, Mr. Parle asking to discuss the question of the motion. A motion was made to go into executive session."

THE BATTLE.

"Did Mr. Bosley come back into the room if he went out?"

"Yes, he came back. Mr. Parle said that if the committee was to go into executive session he would close the door. He walked towards Bosley to close the door and struck Bosley."

"Where did he strike him?"

"On the head somewhere, I think, knocking him down."

"What then did Mr. Parle do?"

"He kicked Bosley."

"Where?"

"In the face."

"Did he try to kick him the second time?"

"Yes, he tried to kick him the second time but we interfered again and prevented him."

"What condition was Mr. Bosley in?"

"He was down on the floor, bleeding some. He was taken out of the room."

"What did Mr. Parle do?"

"He was mixed up with a lot of us."

"Did he say anything?"

"Some little."

"Did he do anything?"

"Nothing except to make a motion as though he would strike us."

"Did Bosley come back?"

"Yes."

"What did he look like?"

"Well, he looked as though he was hurt. He was bleeding and said that his teeth were loose."

"Did Parle seem angry?"

"Yes he did, and excited."

"What did Bosley then do?"

"He went away saying that he was going to find a doctor."

"Do you know Parle?"

"Yes, I've met him in the Board."

"Is he a big man?"

"Yes, I guess he weighs about 200 pounds."

"What is his business?"

"He is a saloon-keeper, I think."

"Did Parle say anything to Bosley before or at the time he struck him?"

"I didn't hear anything and don't think there was any remark made."

"How far was Parle away from Bosley, when he struck him?"

"From about four to six feet."

"Was Bosley looking towards Parle?"

"No, he was looking towards Blaisdell. He couldn't see Parle coming until he was right up on him. I don't think he could see or did see him."

"And no word was spoken?"

"None that I heard."

The witness was

CROSS-EXAMINED

by Mr. Muench. He said Mr. Blaisdell was in the room at the time of the occurrence. Bosley was talking to the witness and to Blaisdell when Parle struck him. Mr. Muench asked Cudmore several questions about distances and directions of the objects in the room. Mr. Cudmore was certain that Blaisdell was in the room. Cudmore was in the habit of visiting the room frequently. He was not over familiar with the rules but heard that outside parties were not in the habit of having a voice in the deliberations of the committee. He did not know this. He could say positively what Mr. Bosley said. It was only that he (Bosley) had gone to the school, examined it and found that the charges against the janitor were groundless. He had failed to find the collection of animals there which the principal reported.

"In my opinion," the witness said, "its pretty hard to make a zoo zoo out of a school."

"Never mind your opinion; we don't want it. We want facts. Now, did he or did he not say that he objected to removing men to make room for strikers?"

"No. If he did, I did not hear it."

"Well, in your opinion were his remarks not of an insulting nature?"

"You don't want my opinions, I thought."

BOARD CONTRACTS.

"You know that Mr. Bosley secured contracts for the A. Seigel Gas-Fitting Company?"

"Yes."

"Did you ever know he got any contracts except from the board?"

"Yes. I worked on some of them."

"Did you ever secure any board contracts?"

"I've worked on the schools."

"In the fracas at the School Board did you see Mr. Bosley make a movement toward his hip pocket?"

"Did not."

"You know that he goes armed?"

"No. He showed me a pistol one time which he said he had bought."

"What are you doing now, Mr. Cudmore?"

"Nothing."

"Who is carrying on your former business?"

"My brother John."

"What were you doing at that meeting of the Building Committee?"

"My brother asked me to take a bid down, a bid for the ceiling of the session-room of the Polytechnic Building."

"You had nothing to do with making up that bid?"

"No, sir."

"Did your brother get the job?"

"Yes."

W. B. Coddington, 817 Pine street, was called to the stand and the Referee adjourned the hearing until 2 o'clock, when Mr. Coddington's testimony was taken.

After recess Mr. Coddington told the story of the affray and was asked by Mr. Rowell what Bosley was doing when Parle started for him the first time.

"Looking for a gun, I think," the witness said.

"Did you see him draw a weapon?"

"No, but he was feeling in his hip pocket and I expected he would draw a gun."

Hotel Rent Sued For.

Suits against the Bristol Hotel Company for recovery of rents, taxes and insurance were filed this afternoon in the Circuit Court by James L. Blair in behalf of Ann K. Farrar and Samuel T. Meuser. The aggregate amount sued for is $9,000.

MISSED HIS FOOTING.

Mr. Lyne S. Metcalfe Knocked Senseless in Attempting to Board a Cable Car.

This afternoon shortly after dinner time Mr. Lyne S. Metcalfe, formerly United States Appraiser and a well-known citizen, attempted to board a west-bound Cable car at Eighth and Locust streets. He made a step for the rear platform of the rear car, but in some way was thrown down and rendered unconscious. He was placed in a cab and driven around to Dr. R. L. Metcalfe's office on Seventh street, near Olive. He soon came to and only a bad headache remained as a reminder of the accident. How he fell, he does not know, but presumes he missed his footing. He spoke very severely of the way the cars are run and claimed that often the cars, though hailed, are not stopped, but just checked a little. He had no doubt that he was knocked down by suc a failure to stop.

A HOL-Y PROPHET.

The Ground Hog's Annual Parade To-Morrow—Its Significance.

To morrow the festive groundhog will run a ruthless opposition to Rev. Irl R. Hicks as a weather prophet. Mr. Hicks bases his predictions on the shadows of the planets, as it were, but the hog is more independent, and banks on his own shadow. He will come out of his hole in the bank to-morrow punctual to appointment and make his annual parade. If he sees his shadow he will, like the average woman when she looks under the bed, get frightened and run back to his home to stay there six weeks. This retreat means that the winter will continue for the six weeks. If on the contrary, the day be cloudy, he will stay out and let his presence be indicative of the fact that winter is over.

GOULD AND SAGE.

Lawyer Delancy Consulting With District-Attorney Fellows.

NEW YORK, February 1.—W. H. Delancy and others interested in the proposed prosecution of Messrs. Gould and Sage for alleged grand larceny, went into consultation with District-Attorney Fellows, at the latter's office, at noon to-day. Nothing will be known of the conference until late this afternoon, if then.

A Suicide's Identity.

Henry Hofmeister, who keeps a boarding-house at No. 3532 North Broadway, to-day called at the Morgue and identified the body of the man who committed suicide in a lumber-yard at the foot of Palm street late yesterday afternoon. He could not give the name of the man, but he stated that he came to his house Monday afternoon between 2 and 3 o'clock and said he was from Texas. He would not give his name or talk about himself, except that he was from Texas and was on his way to Germany. The man acted strangely. Letters and papers found on the body lead to the belief that the man's name is Franz Mueller.

Mr. Powers Begins the Year Well.

Mr. James A. Powers for ten years in charge of the youths' and children's department in the clothing house of F. W. Humphrey & Co., was to-day admitted as a partner in the firm. This comes to him as a deserving reward for his valuable and continuous service to the house. Mr. Powers is one of the most competent men in his line of business in the country. He has countless friends in the city, who will be pleased to learn of his advancement, and who will not be slow to congratulate him upon it.

Rawlings Adjudged Guilty.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

COLUMBUS, Kan., February 1.—The jury in the Frank Rawlings murder trial returned a verdict of manslaughter in the third degree at 1 o'clock to-day after being out forty-four hours. This is the second verdict that has been rendered in this case, the first being manslaughter in the second degree at the last September term of court. Rawlings was tried for stabbing one Frank Wyatt to death last August. Rawlings is but 18 of age and his victim was 20.

Obituary.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., February 1.—Mr. Ulrich Kische, one of the oldest citizens of this city, who came to Texas with Prince Braunfels and founded the town of New Braunfels in 1846, died this morning after a long illness.

MEXICO, Mo., February 1.—Mrs. Nancy Borner, aged 90 years, one of the oldest and most respected residents, died here to-day. She came to Mexico fifty years ago from Virginia.

Sandbagged and Robbed.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

GAINESVILLE, Tex., February 1.—A young farmer from near Callisburg, this county, came here last evening and after drinking quite freely started in company with a stranger to "Silver City," a disreputable house in the western suburbs of this city, and while nearing the place he was knocked down by a confederate of his newly-made companion and robbed of $60.

Pleuro-Pneumonia.

NEW YORK, February 1.—Pleuro-pneumonia prevails among cattle on Staten Island to an alarming extent. Dr. Wm. Rose of Stapleton, who is connected with the State Board of Health, this morning said he feared the disease would become epidemic. During the past two weeks fifty-one head afflicted with the disease have been slaughtered.

The Chesapeake & Ohio.

NEW YORK, February 1.—A conference is now being held between President Ingalls of the Big Four road and C. P. Huntington. It is said that they are arranging to take the Chesapeake & Ohio out of the hands of the Receiver, and as soon as that is accomplished Ingalls will be made President of the Chesapeake & Ohio.

Running Down Horsethieves.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

GAINESVILLE, Tex., February 1.—J. D. Stafford, Sheriff of Camp County, Texas, arrived here last night having in custody Sam Reeves, a notorious horsethief of North Texas and the Indian Territory, who is wanted in this county to answer to an indictment returned against him for horse-stealing in 1878.

The Sykes Jury Disagree.

CHICAGO, February 1.—In the case of James W. Sykes, who is charged with issuing fraudulent ware-house receipts for grain and thereby defrauding the Merchants' Loan & Trust Company out of nearly $100,000, the jury, after being out twenty-three hours, reported a disagreement.

Broke Up the Meeting.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SHELBYVILLE, Ill., February 1.—An insane vagrant calling himself John O'Brien was brought in by the authorities yesterday.

In a religious revival east of town O'Brien entered the pulpit and imitated the preacher in such a ludicrous manner that he broke up the meeting.

Carondelet Jottings.

Col. Wright of Jefferson County is the guest of Mr. Albert Gould on Krauss street.

Mr. Max Petterson returned last evening from a brief sojourn through Southwest Missouri.

Fletcher Sullens, was fined $25 and costs by default on a charge of disturbing the peace by Police-Justice Meegan this morning.

Prof. J. L. Black will give an instrumental entertainment next Saturday evening at Gillick's Hall for the benefit of the poor.

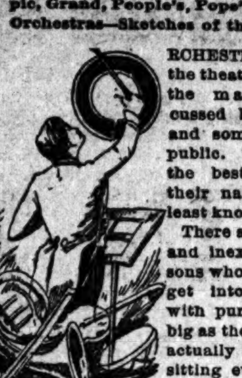
Mr. and Mrs. Louis F. Waibel will give a reception in honor of their many friends to-morrow evening at their new residence, 7116 Michigan avenue.

The Union Labor Party held quite a large and enthusiastic meeting at Gillick's Hall, last night, the chief topic of the evening being addresses from Messrs. W. A. Blake of St. Joe, Mo.; D. M. Cowen, Christian County, Missouri, and Col. Evans, Fort Worth, Tex., on the platform of principles of the Union Labor party.

THEATER ORCHESTRAS.

THE MEN WHO MAKE MUSIC BETWEEN THE ACTS.

Personnel of the Musical Forces of the Local Amusement Houses—Some Long and Brilliant Records in Musical Work and Leadership—The Members of the Olympic, Grand, People's, Pope's and Standard Orchestras—Sketches of the Men.



ORCHESTRA players in the theaters are paid by the managers and cussed by the actors, and sometimes by the public. Their faces are the best known and their names, perhaps, least known in town.

There are some young and inexperienced persons who have to pay to get into the theater with purses not half as big as their desires who actually envy the men sitting every night under the footlights and blowing or sawing right under the shadow of the ballet's diminutive skirts and the chorus girls' toes. There are young and old men who get as close to the orchestra as possible and if it were not for the railing would doubtless walk in and take possession of the seats between the curtains.

This is just the difference between the orchestra-player and the young or old man. He gets tired holding down his chair. While the fun is on he crawls into some subterranean passageway under the stage, and is seen no more until he comes to blow and saw again. He wets his whistle while the curtain is up and the young or old man sees a friend while the curtain is down.

Still, while the life of the orchestra man is mostly play, it is not all fun. If any one thinks so let him watch the bass while he wrestles with the viol in an exciting musical situation. Sawing wood is mere pastime to his exertion. He rises up as if he meant to mash the big box and then he stoops down and buckles to his work as if he intended to rake his bow right through strings, wood and all. Then he bobs up and down right quick like a Kerry Patcher in a stone fight.

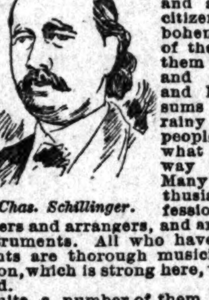
Benj. Vogel.

Sometimes when there is a straight drama on the boards the orchestra player has an easy time and gives his arms and lungs long rests, but then when opera or minstrelsy or variety or burlesque is on the stage they have their hands full or their mouths full as the case may be.

Still with all the fun which is thrown at the orchestra players sometimes they are earnest men and earn every dollar they make. They are good musicians, because no others will do. As it frequently happens, they must play selections at a moment's notice and keep in time with singers who have no more idea of music than a calf has of religion. The variety and minstrel singers seldom know one note from another and constantly have new arrangements made for them. They sing along in their own way and in their own time and the musicians have to follow as best they can and feel their way to the end. They are not paid large salaries but they get no less than $18.50 a week by the rule of the Musicians' Union, from which organization all the theater orchestras are drawn in this city.

ST. LOUIS ORCHESTRA PLAYERS.

St. Louis is unusually well supplied with orchestras. The St. Louis musicians as a class are totally different from the musicians of other cities in that they are steady, reliable, and are hard-working citizens. They are not bohemians in any sense of the word. Many of them have families and pleasant homes, and have nice little sums stowed away for rainy days. St. Louis people scarcely realize what they have in the way of musicians. Many of them are enthusiastic in their profession, are clever composers and arrangers, and are masters of their instruments. All who have regular engagements are thorough musicians, because the union, which is strong here, will have no other kind.



Chas. Schillinger.

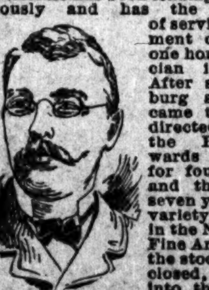
Quite a number of them are men of competence and independence who have made their money by hard work and careful saving, playing at from $2 to $5 an evening and adding to this by teaching, odd engagements and in other ways.

In the orchestras of the five principal theaters here there are forty-five musicians who make the music for the companies who require it and for the audience between the acts. There are among them men who are considered the best in their particular lines, and who could make their records as soloists if they devoted their attention to this class of work. Frequently they give the audiences some excellent treats in the way of musical performances. Some are members of outside organizations, and many are in demand always for special musical events, such as the Choral or Musical Union concerts.

Anton Bahachek.

THE GRAND'S ORCHESTRA.

The oldest theater leader in town who is still actively engaged in work is Benjamin Vogel, who is at the head of the orchestras of the Olympic and Grand, conducting at the Olympic when no visiting leader is there, and having an assistant who conducts the orchestra at the Grand. Mr. Vogel is a native of Germany, but came to this country in 1849, stopping awhile in Philadelphia and then going to Pittsburg, where in the second year of his residence and in the 20th year of his life he became leader of the orchestra at Foster's Theater, and also leader at Foster's Summer Theater in Cleveland. Since that time he has been leading orchestras continuously and has the longest record of service in the employment of one man and one house of any musician in this country. After staying in Pittsburg seven years he came to St. Louis and directed the orchestra at the People's, afterwards Wood's Theater, for four or five years, and then served some seven years at Deagle's variety house. He was in the New Museum and Fine Arts building until the stock company there closed, and in 1867 went into the old Olympic, which was opened by Spaulding & Bidwell. He has been the leader there ever since, and took charge of the orchestras of both the Olympic and Grand when the two houses were pooled eight years ago. This gives him a record of thirty-seven years as a leader and twenty-one years in the employment of one man and one house. Mr. Vogel is also at the head of Vogel's Reed Band, the organization which plays at Schnaider's, and has given the weekly afternoon concerts at Lafayette Park for many years.



Otto Knaeble.

Mr. Vogel's assistant leader is Otto Knaeble who is a St. Louisan and is one of the brightest young musicians in the city. He is something of a composer and is a fine performer on the piano and violin. Mr. Knaeble was a pupil of Mr. Waldauer, with whom he played before going into the orchestra at the Grand. He has been eight years with Mr. Vogel.

Of the other musicians at the Grand, Otto Vogel is the first violinist and is the son and pupil of the leader. This is the only theater orchestra in the country in which he has played and he has been connected with it for five years. He also plays for the Choral Society and the Musical Union.

Oscar Fredericks.

Gustave Miller, the second violin, is one of the veteran musicians and has played at different times in nearly every orchestra in St. Louis. He has been connected with Mr. Vogel's organizations for some thirty years.

Emil Vogel, another son and pupil of the leader, handles the viola and has been playing ten years in his father's orchestras and at the theater.

Otto Austendorf, the bass, is an Indianian who has been in St. Louis for several years, first at the People's and for three years past at the Grand.

Louis Meyer, the flutist, is one of the cleverest in town, and was at one time leader of the New Orleans Band but has been at the Grand for several years.

John Klein, the clarinet player, is a new recruit, this being his first season at the theater, but he made an excellent record with Mr. Waldauer at the Musical Union concert before.

Two veterans whose faces are familiar to all the patrons of the Grand are Christian Befer, the French horn player, who has been with Waldauer and Vogel for twenty years past, and Jacob Bauer, the trombone player, who has been playing for Vogel for twenty-one years past, ever since he has been connected with Mr. Spaulding.

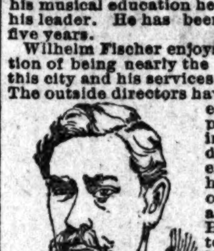
Joseph Ruzroff has been playing the cornet and playing it well at the Grand since the pooling of the theaters, and Fritz Beck, the drummer, is a new musician of two years service at this theater.

AT THE OLYMPIC.

Mr. Lockart, who was the conductor for the Hess Opera Company while that organization was in existence and who is a Chicagoan, is the first violinist, and has filled the position for two years.

Joseph Lambert, the second violinist, on the other hand, is a St. Louisan, and received his musical education here in St. Louis from his leader. He has been at the Olympic for five years.

Wilhelm Fischer enjoys the unique distinction of being nearly the only oboe player in this city and his services are in great demand. The outside directors have to promise him the earth to get him to play, because he is not in strong health and does not like to overexert himself in a cold hall. He is an artist on this instrument and also plays the viola. He is a veteran, coming to St. Louis in with the Metropolitan Band and having been connected with the Olympic for sixteen years.



John Lang.

Dan Driscoll, the cellist, comes of a musical family, having a brother who is the leader at the Standard. He has been eight years at the Olympic, and is counted one of the best players there.

August Messerschmidt, who handles the bass viol, is another veteran, but is the youngest looking man for his age in St. Louis. He played with Vogel in Pittsburg and then in St. Louis for fourteen years, after which he went to Boston with the Old Folks Company and played there in John Braham's orchestra, and also at the Symphony Concerts. He has been back in St. Louis and at the Olympic for four seasons past.

Robert Buechel is a flute-player from "'way back," and while he is still a young man, somewhere in the neighborhood of 35, he has been at the Olympic for eighteen years. He was born and received much of his musical education in Dresden.

Ernst Altenhof was the first clarinet player in the New Orleans Band before he joined the Olympic orchestra eight years ago. He has been there steadily ever since.

Mr. Stuber, the cornetist, was traveling with different companies until he joined the Olympic orchestra this season. He is a promising young man, as is also Charles Bauer, the trombone player, who was in the Arsenal Band for some time and went into the Olympic orchestra two years ago.

Oswald Forkert.

It was noticed, probably, that all except one of the preceding names were foreign, mostly German, but there is one Irishman in the Olympic orchestra, and this is "Joe" Carroll, who attends to the drums and plays the xylophone. He is a veteran, having been with Vogel's orchestra for twelve years, and Mr. Vogel could hardly swing his baton if "Joe" were not on his right. There are twenty-two musicians altogether in the Olympic and Grand orchestras.

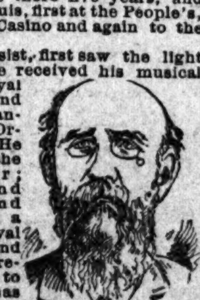
THE PEOPLE'S PLAYERS

are well up in their business and they have to be because a great deal of new music comes to them to play. The leader is handsome George R. Olney, who has been leading at the house ever since it opened. He is a Marietta (O.) man and is only about 40 years of age. Early in life he directed the orchestra of Spencer's Theater at Parker's Landing, and in 1866 went on the road with Welch, Hart and Newcomb's Minstrels, and then with Skiff and Gaylord's Minstrels. After this he played awhile at St. John's, Neb., and at McCall's Opera-house in Albany, N. Y. Here in St. Louis he went into the orchestra at the Theater Comique with Frank Delucie and then under Harry Saxton, taking the leadership the season the theater burned down. After a season on the road with Col. Snellbaker Mr. Olney went to the People's with Manager Mitchell. Fire has destroyed every theater Mr. Olney has left except the Comique.

G. R. Olney.

August Genthert, the second violinist, is a Bohemian and is now about 37 years of age. He took to music naturally and at 12 years of age played in a military band and at 15 in the Eister, Saxony, Orchestra. He came to this country in 1867 and traveled with French's circus, then led an orchestra for a variety theater in Harrisburg and came to St. Louis in 1873 to join Postlewaite's Band. After playing at the Theater Comique and leading the Globe Theater Orchestra he was appointed band-master of the National Soldiers' Home at Milwaukee, and was there five years, and then returned to St. Louis, first at the People's, then as leader at the Casino and again to the People's.

Ernst Fleck, the bassist, first saw the light in Dresden in 1851. He received his musical education at the Royal Conservatory there and was two years with Manusfeldt's Symphony Orchestra as first bass. He afterwards served in the Franco-Prussian war; lived in Switzerland awhile and in Poland and, being appointed a leader of a German naval band, made a trip around the world and after returning home came to this country and has played at Yankton, Dak., St. Joe, Kansas City, Omaha, and finally at the People's theatre.



Fred Freiermuth.

Bertram Saenger, the viola player, is a St. Louisan and is next to the youngest man in the orchestra, being only 21. This is his first season in any theatre and he is doing admirably.

Frank Zandich, the clarionette player, is a Bohemian and a young man of 25. He received his musical training in the celebrated Gablous orchestra and has only been in this country four years, most of the time here. This is his first season at the People's.

Albert McDermott is a Canadian, and is only two years older than Mr. Saenger. He commenced his career as a cornettist when 10 years old and has kept it up since, playing in nearly every city in the United States. He blows the cornet at the People's.

Owen Miller, the trombonist, is a New Jersey man and is still several years under 40. He enlisted in the army, and played in the Arsenal band for ten years, from 1873. Then he went to Pope's and was there four years, going to the People's at the beginning of this season. Mr. Miller is the President of the local branch of the Musicians' Union.

George Eckhardt is the youngest member of the orchestra, and like all drummers is the dude of the organization. He is a St. Louisan but started as a professional musician in Kansas City four years ago when only 17 years old. Then he came here and played a season at the Standard, since which time he has been steadily at the People's hammering his way to fame.

POPE'S ORCHESTRA

is made up of nine musicians and is as thoroughly trained and capable a body of men as one can find anywhere. It is under the leadership of Richard Schuchman, who is put in the front rank of violin-players in town. He is master of the instrument and is also a brilliant performer on the piano, cornet and several other instruments. He has a long record as a leader, although he has been at the head of Pope's orchestra for only two seasons. He was a pupil of Prof. Sauter, and his band experience goes back to war times, when after active service he joined the City Post Band, under Frank Boehm's leadership. He has been in St. Louis since 1859, and was the leader of the New Orleans Band when it received first prize at the Fair here in 1878. He was also a member of Mahler's Orchestra for nine years, and has been connected with all the local musical events of note. Mr. Schuchman is not only a good musician, but is a jolly companion.

Richard Schuchman.

John Long is a well-known St. Louis boy and a clever musician. He has played probably in every orchestra in St. Louis, has directed comic operas and orchestras. He was the leader of Dickson's Sketch Club and has been with Pope's orchestra as second violinist for some time. He is popular among the musicians and the young men in town.

Fritz Freiermuth, who takes care of the bass, is one of the most familiar figures in the city, and he makes things hum in his corner of the orchestra stall. He was a member of the People's orchestra for a while and four years ago joined that of Pope's. He was also a member of Postlewaite's orchestra and is a veteran.

Oscar Frederich, the viola player, is a young man, but he has had lots of experience. He started out in Cincinnati in 1866 with a "fly-by-night" company and was chased over most of the country by Sheriffs and Constables, was deserted by the manager, lost his instruments by attachment and finally landed in Chicago during a blizzard in summer clothes and without a cent. After that he was with Dan Rice, Duprez & Benedict, Baker & Farron, Sheridan & Mack, and others. He has been eight years in St. Louis, having played four years at the Olympic and four years at Pope's.

Jas. Hedlicka.

Oswald Forkert, the trombone player, and a good one, too, came from Saxony five years ago and joined the Olympic orchestra, staying there until this season, when he accepted an engagement at Pope's. He is a small man and does not speak English fluently yet but he talks on the trombone.

One of the oldest musical veterans in the city is Anton Bohachek, who is a Bohemian and is 70 years of age. His age does not affect his playing in the least. He came to this country in 1856, going to Milwaukee, where he formed a band and played there until 1869, when he went to Chicago and formed a band of his own there. After the Chicago fire he came to St. Louis and was for two years in Postlewaite's band, seven years at the Olympic and five years at Pope's. Mr. Bohachek plays the clarionette.

Another veteran who is well known in St. Louis as a brilliant pianist and flutist is Charles Schillinger, who was born in Alpinbach, Wurtemberg, in 1833. He learned music with his alphabet from his father and teacher, and landed in 1852, coming to St. Louis two years after. His first engagement was at Weber's Garden, on Tenth and Franklin avenue. Then he was at Esher's Bowery Theater, and in '61 joined Sauter's Tivoli Orchestra, where he played for four years. After that he played at the Museum Th[illegible] and at Morris & Wilson's The[illegible] from 1867 to 1879 he was a member of the orchestra of De Bar's Opera-house and then went under the leadership of Maddern to Pope's, and was in the organization there until 1883. At this time Mr. Schillinger took a trip to Vienna to rest, but soon joined the Imperial Court Ballet Orchestra at the Electric Exposition, and at its close was a member of Ed Strauss' famous orchestra. After an illness which lasted for a year Mr. Schillinger returned to St. Louis and again took his seat as flutist at Pope's. He is also a successful piano and vocal teacher.

John Bohachek.

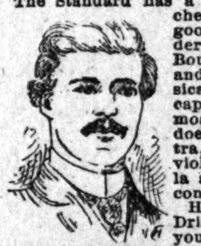
Joseph Hedlicka, whose name tells of his Bohemian extraction, is the cornetist and a fine one too. He was for fifteen years the first cornet player in Postlewaite's orchestra and two years ago gained the first prize at Jacksonville, Ill., against all comers. He has been at Pope's five years and brings down the house when he plays a solo.

John Bohachek is a son of Anton and inherits his musical talent. He was the leader of Katie Putnam's orchestra for two years and was also a leader of the orchestra at Minnemacher's Opera-house in Milwaukee. He played a season at the People's, then several seasons at the Grand until it was burned and for three years has been at Pope's. He runs the drum end of the orchestra.

THE STANDARD'S MUSIC-MAKERS.

The Standard has a small, but clever, orchestra and composed of good musicians. It is under the control of Emil Boulanger, the inventor and manufacturer of musical instruments, who is capable of handling almost any of them. He does not lead his orchestra, but plays the second violin. He plays the viola at the Musical Union concerts.

His leader is Samuel Driscoll, who is the youngest leader in town, being not yet 21 years of age. He is one of Mr. Knaeble's pupils, and plays the violin skillfully.



Emil Boulanger.

Louis Albers, the bass and saxophone player, has been at the Standard for five seasons, since the opening of the theater.

J. C. Degan, the clarionette player, joined the People's orchestra when the house was first opened and went to the Standard at the beginning of this season.

Among the cleverest musicians in the theater orchestras are the two brothers Bofurmo, Antonio and Ercole. Antonio plays the cornet and Ercole the trombone. The latter also does all the composing and arranging of music needed by the companies who visit the house.

Samuel Driscoll.

Another very young musician who is in this orchestra is B. F. Fritsch, a brother of the well-known singer, Letitia Fritsch. He is only 22 years of age, but he is a bright musician and handles the drums and xylophone.

Sundry Stealings.

Frank Mahon's saloon, southwest corner Thirteenth and Pine streets, was entered between 12 and 1 o'clock yesterday morning, by breaking a pane of glass on the Thirteenth street side, and $10 worth of cigars and tobacco and a $12 revolver stolen.

There was $26 stolen from the room of Joseph Somstag, 17 South Third street, yesterday morning.

A set of harness valued at $18 was stolen last evening from the stable of Fred Stoltzenburg, 712 Pope avenue.

Belleville.

Virgil Green was released from the County Jail to-day, having served a three-months' term for attempted rape.

Elise Ludwig, a 12-year-old daughter of Mr. A. Ludwig of South High street, fell down a flight of stairs yesterday evening and dislocated her shoulder joint.

Mrs. Dora Isterly has made application for divorce from her husband, John M. Isterly. They were married on June 15, 1883, and on September 18, 1884, he deserted her.

A team of horses belonging to John Frank, a farmer living near Freeburg, took fright on Richmond street yesterday evening and ran away. The driver was thrown out, but only slightly injured. The wagon was wrecked.

George Daumiller, a miner in Maule's pit, was engaged at work yesterday afternoon when a slide of coal fell on him and completely buried him. A number of other miners at once ran to his assistance and extricated him. He sustained four gashes in the back of the head and his body was covered with bruises, but it was found that he had sustained no serious injuries.

"LIKE as it were a moth that fretteth the garment," so will the free alkali, to which many powerful soaps owe their strength, destroy your children's clothing. Professor Silliman, of Yale College, says, "The Ivory Soap is of remarkable purity, ... as a laundry soap it has no superior."

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

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THINKING OVER IT.

President Orthwein Not Decided About the Transportation Committee.

The change in the personnel of the Transportation Committee was still considerably discussed on 'Change to-day, but little light was thrown on the subject beyond what was stated yesterday in the POST-DISPATCH. President Orthwein said to a reporter that he was in no hurry to select the gentlemen in place of Messrs. Simmons, Isaacs and Fusz, who declined to serve. Mr. Orthwein is hopeful that Mr. Simmons will limit his declination to the chairmanship and will consent to serve as a member. "I had a talk with him," said he, "and while he declines positively to be chairman, yet he agreed to think over the question of remaining a member of the committee and I think he will consent to do so. I have not yet decided what to do with regard to the chairman and the other members. There is no hurry and I shall think over it."

Denies the Charge.

Rufus Sharp, father of Levi Sharp, the man arrested for burglarizing Gilbert's saloon on Sixth street, denies totally the statement made by the police that he (the father) is an old-time thief. He says he has worked at the Lindell Hotel for twelve years, and that he never was accused of any wrong doing. His employers back his statement and give him a very good reputation. Sharpe, Sr., says the police have searched his house as a "fence" several times, but claims they did so without reason and never found even a pin that was stolen. He does not wish to defend his son's ill doing, but indignantly denies the statements made about himself.

The Rawson Affair.

CHICAGO, February 1.—Mrs. Rawson, the wife of Banker Rawson, and her son, William Ralph Lee, were brought into Judge Clifford's court to-day to answer to the charges preferred against them. Young Lee pleaded guilty to an assault with intent to kill, and was remanded to jail. Mrs. Rawson pleaded not guilty to the charge of conspiracy in the assault.

ABOUT TOWN.

Assistant Attorney-General Walker visited the Circuit Attorney's office to-day.

JOHN MOLLOY, aged 63 years and married, died suddenly last night at 1402 Blair avenue. It is supposed to be a case of apoplexy.

CHAS. BERGER was arrested to-day at the Famous, Broadway and Morgan street, on a charge of stealing a coat valued at $4.50.

THE Harmony Hall Building Association held an election of officers to-day. The following directors were chosen: Alfred Singer, M. M. Hellman, M. K. Rosenblatt, A. Binswanger, Louis Glaser.

AN EMPRESS WORTH LOOKING AT.

The Amazing Splendor of the Czarina Described by an Amerian Lady.

An American lady now in St. Petersburg thus describes a court reception at the Winter Palace:

"We women folk are accustomed (through ignorance, I suppose) to think and speak of Russia as a semi-barbarous country. It is in some respects; but in others it is the most splendid country—with the exception of our own—in the world, and St. Petersburg is the most interesting of all European cities. Through the introductions we brought with us, we have been enabled to obtain entree to the presence of royalty and see the interior of the finest of all the palaces. It was a bitter cold day when we drove in a gorgeous sleigh to the Winter Palace—which was like a fairy picture in the fading light without, and illumined within with the brilliancy of thousands of candles—to attend a court reception. The effect of the light on the snow and upon the gay equipages of the numerous guests was indescribable. We approached the Empress through 3,000 officials. First through superb State Departments, each blazing with a thousand wax tapers and gorgeous with priceless hangings, malachite pillars, works of art and tropical flowers and ferns. The sight was worth the journey from New York to Russia. The floors were things of beauty, inlaid with ebony and rosewood and ivory.

"As we waited for our turn I had a good opportunity to see, and I made much of it. At last we entered the throne-room, and there, surrounded by a sea of splendor, stood the Empress, herself a moving mass of diamonds. She was the most dazzling sight of all. On her head was a crown once worn by the great Elizabeth. It was the first time I had seen a real crown on royalty, for the diamond tiara worn by Queen Victoria last summer at her reception was not a crown except in name. Mrs. Astor used to wear a fine one. But this one on the imperial head was worthy to adorn the Empress of all the Russias. Describe it? No. I only saw millions of colored rays and white sparks of light emitted from it at every motion of the royal person. The necklace was made from what was left over of the crown. It reached from her neck to her waist, and had rubies, sapphires and diamonds enough in it to have supplied a thousand ordinary royal necklaces. The imperial orders worn on her breast contained all the gems of the East. They scintillated with light, and that is all I can say for them. The stuff of her gown was emerald velvet, with a train of white velvet embroidered with enough gold to stock a mine, and bordered with real gold balls. The front of the gown was ornamented with ropes of linked pink coral, set in diamonds and fastened at intervals. Never saw I human beauty more, but I do not believe it. [illegible] but surrounded as she was by grand duchesses, each one ablaze with jewels worth a kingdom, she was the most wonderful sight I ever witnessed in my life. I did not know a mortal could look so magnificent.

"The position of her sister, the Princess of Wales, is almost obscure as compared to the peerless destiny of this Empress of all the Russias, and, if the war party succeeds, Empress of Asia as well. The officials in their semi-barbarous grandeur numbered hundreds upon hundreds, but I paid no attention to them; the Empress and the palace were what I went to see, and the sight has thrown me into a peculiar mental condition. My less fascinated companion, who had been to court before, took my breath away from me by remarking that she pitied the poor woman. Why? Because she will not find anything new in heaven in the way of jewels or surroundings. How about peace of mind? Of that indeed I think she stands in great need now, poor thing!"

The Hat Goes to Texas.

From the Waxahachie (Tex.) Mirror.

They say that a man left Waxahachie Saturday, driving a yoke of oxen; that one of them died from overheat, and that while he tarried by the wayside skinning him the blizzard came and froze the other to death.

ST. JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK

First Stroke of Pain

EVERY YEAR TO THOUSANDS.

The Class.—Fifty million population. Pain for the first time to one in every ten. Five million need relief. How? Promptly, permanently. Certainty of cure at reasonable cost. How to find out? On reputation, through experiment, by proof.

The Merits.—Example.—Take up St. Jacobs Oil, the Great Remedy for Pain. Its superior merits known to all the world. Experience shows its merits through its efficacy.

The Efficacy.—1. Its effects are prompt. 2. Its relief is sure. 3. Its cures are permanent. 4. It cures chronic cases of as long standing as 40 years. 5. Its cures are without relapse, without return of pain. 6. It cures in all cases used according to directions. 7. In every bottle there's a cure, in every application a reli[illegible]

The Proof.—1. The testimony cann[illegible] disputed. 2. It has been renewed [illegible] lapse of years. 3. No return of [illegible] years. 4. It has cured in all ages [illegible] ditions. 5. It has cured all forms [illegible] ing. 6. It has cured all stages [illegible] ailments. 7. It has cured cases [illegible] hopeless. 8. It has caused c[illegible] canes to be thrown away. 9. [illegible] are chronic cases.

The Price.—1. The best [illegible] cheapest. 2. The best f[illegible] safest, surest, most p[illegible] benefits derived are be[illegible] amples show that no c[illegible] like results. 5. It is t[illegible]

Sold by Druggists an[illegible]

The Charles A. Vo[illegible]

AST AST AST AST AST ○○○

This qu[illegible] cently by [illegible] Mo. It baff[illegible] quarians and [illegible] to decipher it [illegible] Medical Conve[illegible] was in session, [illegible] been discovered. [illegible] Some doctor [illegible] growth of dise[illegible] by a small but [illegible]

Here is the key:—

AST means All Stomach [illegible] ness, Liver Complaint, Dysen[illegible]

AST means at sundry [illegible] Spring, or Summer.

AST—are swiftly termina[illegible]

AST—and stopped totally[illegible]

AST—after simply tak[illegible]

Here was a serious dilemma. [illegible] became greatly excited. Each [illegible] the true answer, for full [illegible] value of a sure remedy for all [illegible] plaints. Finally, by a perfect in[illegible] one suggested the powerful [illegible] Smithsonian Institute. Th[illegible] In minute letters on each [illegible] distinctly traced "S. B. B." [illegible] Stomach and Liver [illegible]

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

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The circulation of the DAILY POST-DISPATCH in the City of St. Louis is larger every week than that of any other newspaper in the City.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1888.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND—"A Rag Baby."
OLYMPIC—Lotta.
PEOPLE'S—"My Geraldine."
POPE'S—"Deacon Brodie."
STANDARD—"Never Say Die."
CASINO—Novelty Company.
MATINEES TO-MORROW.
CASINO—Novelty Company.

The indications for twenty-four [illegible], commencing at 3 p.m. to-day, [illegible]issouri are: Fair weather, fol[illegible] by local rains during Thursday; warmer in the eastern portion; warmer, followed by colder in the western portion; light east to south winds.

BLUE

A SAMPLE SUNDAY.

The number of words received by telegraph and printed in

THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH

of January 29 was

52,250.

IF Congress had nothing but short ses[illegible] what would become of MR. BLAIR'S [illegible]ional bill?

[illegible] cemetery vote already has its [illegible]ons in the field, and it will require [illegible]nce to keep it suppressed.

THE business boom in the Southern [illegible]ates began when they got rid of carpet-[illegible]aggers and "visiting statesmen."

THE House of Delegates last night expressed its disapproval of the attempt made by Recorder of Voters WILLIAMS to purge the registration list of fraud.

THE Supreme Court of Wisconsin has decided that women have not the right to vote. This will enable the babies to have their usual good times on election day.

AS THE Municipal Assembly seems determined to obstruct the work of revising the registration lists, it might be well to turn the contract over to the Hendricks Association.

THE Iowa State Railway Commissioners propose to assess railway property at the same rate as private property. When will we have in Missouri a State Board of Equalization that will do its duty?

MURAT HALSTEAD announces that a ter[illegible]e and bloody war may break out at [illegible] moment in this country. It would be [illegible]sting to watch MURAT'S capers if [illegible] the battles should take place close [illegible]nati.

[illegible]BLICAN is as safe in Georgia as [illegible]chusetts," says ex-Gov. [illegible]gia Republican. In fact, [illegible] in the former State, for [illegible]tts Republican is forever [illegible]ing eye of the terrible [illegible]

[illegible]ublicans of Missouri [illegible] themselves heard [illegible]BERT LINCOLN for [illegible] name of LINCOLN [illegible] Republican vote [illegible], and would even [illegible]mocrats.

[illegible]n dollars of rail[illegible] which has hitherto [illegible] be taxed hereafter. [illegible] up Missouri, under [illegible]ill soon be the only [illegible] which the property [illegible] be over-assessed in [illegible]ailroad corporations to [illegible]

[illegible]ate of Arkansas is now [illegible] and holding immigration [illegible] One admirable feature in [illegible]s of Arkansas is that the [illegible]rains from St. Louis carry [illegible]ATCH all over the State, [illegible]DAY POST-DISPATCH is the [illegible]paper from one end of Ar-[illegible]ther.

[illegible]ALLS is determined to re-[illegible]ers "who preach pro-[illegible]d drink champagne all [illegible]is object in view, he [illegible]hibition in the District of Columbia; but the contract is too big. Washington may become a prohibition town, but this will not interfere with the free flow of varied and generous liquors. Even a lobby, in "explaining things" to an obtuse Congressman, would need a few high-priced stimulants to clear the mists from his intellectual vision.

MURAT HALSTEAD announces in the Forum that if the Democrats prevail this year the Confederate veterans will be put on the pension list, and that this will be followed by a demand from the South for payment for all emancipated slaves. Of course the public is accustomed to such hydrophobic ravings from the ancient shrieker who edits the Commercial Gazette, but what is to be said of a pretentious periodical which publishes such stuff from such a source and at the same time lays claim to dignity, decency and literary acumen?

FOUR women are now drawing pensions as widows of revolutionary soldiers, 105 years after the signing of the treaty which ended the revolutionary war. BETSY WALLINGFORD, now 92 years old, was 16 when she married JONATHAN WALLINGFORD, aged 50. FANNY JONES CHANCE was 17 when she married ISAAC FISCHER, aged 75. At the age of 18 OLIVE CHARLOTTE MORTON married PETER TURMAN, aged 67, and at the age of 18 SARAH B. DABNEY was married to JOHN Q. DABNEY, aged 57. The tendency of liberal pensions for soldiers' widows to secure very young wives for very old soldiers, and thus to protract such pensions for more than a hundred years, opens up an appalling vista of figures for the Treasury of the United States. Add to the million surviving soldiers of the secession war all the survivors of the Mexican war and of the war of 1812, and think how many worthy and portionless young girls these old fellows will be enabled to dower with an annual income at the public expense by simply marrying them just before shuffling off this mortal coil! Besides the actual pension there is always a probability of its indefinite enlargement by a liberal Congress, and there will be no lack of sensible young women willing to nurse old soldiers for a few years in order to secure the life pension of a soldier's widow.

UNDER a Democratic tariff in 1856, when wheat was worth a dollar a bushel, neither our imports nor our exports were anything like as large as they are now, because the population was proportionally smaller. But 75.2 per cent of exports and imports was carried then in American vessels and the cost and profits of carriage were kept at home. But in 1887 only 13.2 per cent of our imports and exports was carried in American vessels. Foreigners pocket nearly all of the immense sums earned in the transportation of our vast foreign trade. Laws supposed to be protective, but the effect of which is destructive, are responsible for this change. The proposition to get back our carrying trade by paying a subsidy of 80 cents per registered ton for each 1,000 miles sailed by any American ship between this and any foreign country would be only a deeper plunge into the wrong of providing bounties for special interests by taxing others. Why not as well pay bounties to the farmers who are raising wheat at less than cost because of the onerous protective taxes their business is burdened with? Why not as well pay bounties to every other industry that is drained of its profits by unequal and unjust taxation?

The Great Unprotected Interest.

From the Tennessee Farmer.

In 1880 the aggregate value of the iron and steel manufactured in the United States was $296,000,000, but as this included the pig-iron twice, first as a separate product and again in the bar-iron or steel into which it went, its value of $89,000,000 is twice given. A more correct estimate, when the report is free from duplications, would place the aggregate at about $200,000,000. During the year ending June 30, 1881, the export of American agriculture to foreign nations was of the value of $729,650,000, or three and one-half times as much as our total products of iron and steel—and this, too, after our enormous home demand had been filled. If, therefore, it were true that a protective tariff were needed to support our iron furnaces —which we utterly deny, for we made iron long before we ever had a tariff—yet to secure a trade worth $200,000,000 we are jeopardizing one worth $700,000,000. The loss of that foreign trade for our agricultural products not only determines the fact whether we shall make anything on what we sell at home of such products, but would of itself entail, if lost for but one year, a greater injury to American industry than the destruction of three times the capital invested in all our iron and steel works as it stood in 1880. Yet this system is called "protection," and we are told is kept up to enable iron men to pay "good wages."

Farmers have their workmen to pay also, and grubbing potatoes is just as honorable as grubbing iron ore, and a far higher degree of intelligence is required. It is time for agriculturists to quit being made the tools of the other classes, and to demand that taxes not needed to support the Government shall not be transferred by the Government to favored industries. What the Government does not need to maintain public peace, order and security should remain in the taxpayers' pockets. Reduce the tariff.

An Effort to Tax Food.

From the New York WORLD.

The Senate Committee on Agriculture is giving hearings to individuals interested, pro and con, in the proposed law against the adulteration of lard. The advocates of the measure are endeavoring to induce Congress to repeat its error of last year in laying a heavy tax on a valuable food product. Their motive is not to protect the public against unwholesome lard, but to increase the price of what they themselves have to sell.

Cotton-seed oil is as clean as hog fat. The mixture of the two in the shape of lard answers the same purpose that the animal product alone does. The consumers find no fault with it and the manufacturers make no secret of its use. The use of olive oil as a food might just as well be prohibited in Italy and Spain as cotton-seed oil legislated against in the United States. In either case there would be a senseless rejection of one of the bounties of Providence.

If it is desirable that lard containing cotton-seed oil should be labelled so as to indicate the fact, let the law take that shape. If inspection is necessary to prevent filthy or unwholesome ingredients from entering into the lard placed on the market, let the law be shaped to that effect. If Congress should enact these laws and extend their application to oleomargarine, after repealing the act of last year, the pending agitation of the subject would become something to be glad of.

Partisan Indiscretion.

From the Pittsburg Dispatch.

The declaration of the two official Republican organs in New York that it is "demagoguery" to attack the plundering operations of the Central Pacific Railroad seems to place their party on a platform which it would be wise to hastily disavow.

Premature Praise.

From the Boston Globe.

Praise for the Michigan doctor who found out how to give cats typhoid fever is premature. The cats recovered. When the doctor has found out how to kill a cat so she will stay killed he will be entitled to the thanks of his grateful country.

English as She Is Wrote.

From a Globe-Democrat Editorial.

Surely it will not be contended that the Post-office Department does twice the amount of service on the letter mail than on postal cards and circulars in its city delivery.

MEN OF MARK.

LABOUCHERE is a victim of rheumatic gout.

A BROTHER of Schubert is still living at Vienna.

PRESIDENT FAIRCHILD of Oberlin College, Ohio, is 90 years of age.

WALT WHITMAN always writes on a tablet held on his knee, not on a desk or table.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN says that as a race we shall be longer lived when we take more leisure.

ARCHIBALD FORBES is not regaining his health in Washington as rapidly as could be desired.

JOHN JAMES PIATT, the Buckeye poet, has returned to his post at Queenstown, Ireland, where he is United States Consul.

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN says he will remain in New Brunswick for the 200 years of existence he thinks yet remain to him.

C. N. VALLANDIGHAM, son of the great Democratic politician in Ohio, has become a newspaper correspondent at Columbus.

ISMAIL PASHA, the ex-Khedive, tells the Sultan that he has no ambitious plans, and only wants to live a quiet, private life.

CHARLES FARGO of Chicago, the head of the American Express Company, is in favor of the nomination of Judge Gresham for President.

DR. LYMAN ABBOTT is to receive $6,500 a year as the temporary pastor of Plymouth Church. He will retain editorial supervision of the Christian Union.

EX-GOVERNOR ALGER of Michigan is said to own over one hundred square miles of forest land near Alpena, bearing [illegible]re than 500,000,000 feet of standing pine timber.

THERE are four men in the House who part their hair in the middle. They are Raynor and Belmont on the Democratic side and Phelps and Long on the Republican side.

COL. CASH of Illinois has come out in favor of Blaine for President. This is offset, however, by the fact that S. R. Money of Cleveland, O., is a pronounced Sherman enthusiast.

UNITED STATES CONSUL BOYD WINCHESTER is writing letters from Switzerland to the Courier-Journal, and a New York paper advertises letters from London and Paris from Ministers Phelps and McLane.

BILL NYE'S name is Edgar Willis Nye, says the Omaha Republican, and he is not a discovery of E. D. Cowan and Eugene Field, as he was famous as a humorist before either of these gentlemen were heard of.

THE gist of Cardinal Manning's recent utterance on Socialism is as follows: "All men are bound by natural obligations, if they can, to feed the hungry. But it may be said that granting the obligation in the giver does not prove a right in the receiver. To which I answer that the obligation to feed the hungry springs from the natural right of every man to life, and to the food necessary for the sustenance of life. So strict is this natural right that it prevails over all positive laws of property. Necessity has no law, and a starving man has a natural right to his neighbor's bread."

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

A NEW YORK woman is making shirts for 7 cents a dozen.

IT is estimated that $8,100,000 was spent for bustles in this country last year.

JUSTICE LAMAR'S gown will be the gift of Southern ladies now resident in Washington.

BELVA LOCKWOOD expects to make a small fortune from her lectures in defense of Mormonism.

THEY say that the Queen-Regent of Spain has asked President Cleveland's wife for her photograph.

IN MOROCCO women who talk scandals are punished by having cayenne pepper rubbed into their lips.

THE Empress of Brazil is outspoken in her denunciation of the slaughter of birds for their plumage.

MRS. GIVEAWAY, the wife of the railroad agent at Tennessee Pass, Cal., gave birth to five bouncing boys recently.

MRS. JEREMIAH PORTER, who died the other day at Los Angeles, Cal., was the wife of the first minister in Chicago.

EX-QUEEN ISABELLA has packed her carpet-bag and left Spain once more on an "intimation" by the Government.

IT is said that "Miss Winifred Davis, daughter of Jefferson Davis, has decided to adopt literature as a profession."

MRS. CHARLOTTA CAIN of Milton, Mass., is 94 years old, and has a green parrot which is not less than 55 years of age.

A NEW YORK lady suggests that the V corsage is so called because it usually costs the wearer a $5 doctor's visit the next day.

MISS AMELIE RIVES, the authoress, is said to have been overwhelmed with offers of marriage since her portrait was published recently.

THE Crown Princess Stephanie of Austria nearly burnt one of her eyes out the other day by the careless handling of an overheated curling-iron.

MRS. AUGUSTA EVANS WILSON of Mobile is an enthusiastic lover of geraniums, and her collection is pronounced by botanists to be the most complete in the world.

THE Ohio Legislature is buried under petitions from the Buckeye beauties who want to vote. There are about 3,000 names to the petitions asking for woman suffrage at municipal elections.

RUNAWAY marriages are not popular in Russia. A young girl has been sent to prison for four months and will lose her share in the family property because she married without the paternal consent.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND recently remarked to a caller who expressed regret at not seeing Mrs. Cleveland: "The truth is, I don't see much of her myself. If I see her once a day I consider myself pretty lucky."

QUEEN VICTORIA taboos the electric light in all her palaces because her personal friends, most of whom are very well matured women, protest that oil lamps are the only things which make their complexions passable.

METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying This Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, February 1.—The WORLD says: "There are still many things to be done to make the country worthy of its prestige and its advantages. Taxes should be reduced and be more equitably apportioned. The tendency of wealth to combine for selfish aggrandizement must be checked. Politics require purification. Justice must be swifter and more even-handed. But, with all its drawbacks, this is the most glorious country in the world, and it is still improving."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "It looks as if the 'Premier' had struck a snag in his work of demolishing the tariff. The Randall wing droops sullenly and refuses to flap. It will not attempt to float the Democracy if the destruction of the wool interest is to be the objective point of its flight in 1888. Mr. Mills is not the first free-trade premier who has fallen because the Randall wing hung limp. But Mr. Randall need not think he can save his party now. The old game of having him promise one thing in New York and Carlisle another in Kentucky will not be successful a second time."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "It is Trusts of this kind that should first be investigated—Trusts or pools like those which keep the price of steel rails and the steel parts of agricultural implements far above the limit of a fair profit, combinations like those which fix and hold the prices of school slates, paper bags, linseed oil, glassware, and many other products. The agents of such combinations would like to have the committee devote its time during the whole session to the Standard Oil Trust."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

J. N. A.—The Amazon is the longest river in the world.

G. R. W.—There is no play announced for the Pickwick yet.

A CONSTANT READER, Columbia, Mo.—Kate Castleton is about 33 years old.

E. F. C.—You can get good steel engravings of Forrest at some of the bookstores.

J. K.—The address of George W. Childs is No. 2128 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

C. S.—According to latest figures, the population of London, England, is 3,955,819.

SUBSCRIBER, Evansville, Ind.—We print the addresses of coin dealers in the advertising columns only.

CORRESPONDENT.—No calculation has been made as to the average number of letters in a word in the English language.

J. P. W.—You will have to consult a dealer about the value of foreign coins. They are not quoted in the regular lists.

CORRESPONDENT.—The letter E cannot be used twice in the same word in the POST-DISPATCH word-making contest.

KITTY AND CHARLIE.—The proper name Montague is pronounced as if spelled Mon-ta-gu, and not as if spelled Mon-taig.

J. H. D.—A half-dollar of 1836 with a milled edge is quoted as high as $5; without the milled edge, there is no premium on it in the list. Consult a dealer.

SUBSCRIBER.—1. The address of the Chautauquan is Meadsville, Pa. 2. Clotted cream is cream that is almost as thick as butter and is spread like it on bread.

B. T.—The seating capacity of neither hall is known in exact figures, but it is believed that the Merchants' Exchange will seat more people than the Armory Hall.

MAX H.—1. The 17th of February, 1872, fell on Saturday. 2. When introduced to a stranger, it is customary to make some remark indicative of pleasure arising from the meeting.

M. J. H.—The silver dollars mentioned are quoted as follows: Of 1795 (with three leaves), $10 asked and $4 bid; (plain), $2 asked and 70 cents bid; 1799, no premium; 1800, no premium.

A SUBSCRIBER.—If A bets B that he weighs 160 pounds, and after weighing it is found that A tips the beam at 186 pounds, A wins. B's quibble that A must weigh exactly 160 pounds is of no avail.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—1. There is a shorter verse in the Bible than the I. Thessalonians, verse 16, chapter 5. It is the 36th verse of 11th chapter of St. John. 2. We have not sufficient leisure time to verify your calculation.

READER, Charleston, Ill.—The Senate in the Forty-sixth Congress stood 33 Republicans, 42 Democrats and 1 Independent; and in the Forty-seventh Congress, 37 Democrats, 37 Republicans, 1 Independent and 1 Readjuster.

A BET.—If a wagon is going west on Chestnut with a street car behind it, and a wagon is coming east on Chestnut street, both wagons on the car track, the driver who is going in the opposite direction to the car must turn out, and is liable to arrest for persisting in not doing so.

SWEET SMILES.—The same word having different meanings, as "cape," a garment, and "cape," a point of land, can be used but once. The past tense may be used as "tap," "tapped." The word-making contest closes February 15, two weeks from to-day. The winners will be announced in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH of February 19.

A SUBSCRIBER, Washington, Mo.—The word you send, "Clesel," which you say contains the "names of 150 asses," is easily solved. It is a German charade, the word being composed of "esel," the German for an ass, and the two letters C and L put in front of it. Now, C is the Roman numeral for 100 and L for 50. Consequently when written before the word "esel" they make the combination "Clesel," which might be therefore said to contain the 150 asses.

Forgot He Was Ever Young Himself.

From the Burlington Free Press.

"Young gentlemen," said her papa, stepping to the front door and addressing a party of four serenaders, "I am passionately fond of music but my passion sometimes crystallizes in the form of a shotgun, especially after midnight. So, if you will, just move around the corner, where you will find a vacant lot and an echo, you will greatly oblige all the members of the family, and possibly escape an epidemic of lead poisoning."

Useful Economy.

From the Chicago Herald.

The expenses of the funeral of the late Congressman Moffatt amounted to $1,376.48, which, says a correspondent, is the smallest sum that has been allowed for a Congressional funeral in many years. This is a useful form of economy. If Congressmen can be buried at this reasonable rate we can afford to bury them oftener.

Root Out the Robber Trusts.

From the Omaha Herald.

The House is busy investigating trusts. It would seem that the trust was less in need of investigation than extinction. Investigation should be an easy task. The record of the robbing trust is written all over the land.

Especially in Leap Year.

From the Burlington Free Press.

Probably there is no period in a young man's life when he is so tossed about by shifting currents of uncertainty as for the first nine seconds after entering a tunnel with a pretty girl for a vis-a-vis.

Cheaper Than a Baby.

From the Boston Transcript.

Mr. Barnum says it cost on an average $1.64 a day to keep an elephant. It would seem, therefore, more economical to keep the animal than to see him occasionally.

Aid for a Georgia University.

From an Atlanta (Ga.) Special.

The Hon. Bill Glenn has become a truly great man. It was he who sought to make it a penal offense for white and colored children to sit in the same school.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 588.

SALISBURY SNUBBED.

THE ADMISSION OF THE YOUNG DUC D'ORLEANS INTO THE BRITISH ARMY.

A State Dinner to Celebrate the Prince of Wales' Silver Wedding—News From San Remo—Wilkie Collins—A Rich Wine-Cellar Sold—Lord Colin Campbell—Labouchere's Cable Budget of Social and Club Gossip.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, February 1.—The Queen intends to give a state banquet in St. George's Hall at Windsor Castle to celebrate the silver wedding of the Prince and Princess of Wales.

SALISBURY'S UNHEEDED PROTEST.

I am assured that Lord Salisbury protested with unwonted energy against the entry of the young Duc d'Orleans, the eldest son of the Comte de Paris, into the British army. But the Queen's wishes prevailed, which, by the way, would never have been the case in the days of Lord Palmerston; and if the Prince Consort had been alive, this very objectionable arrangement would never have been heard of. The Queen has been bewitched by the Orleans people since 1848, and the readers of the Greville journals must remember the trouble that Prince Albert had to keep her enthusiastic manifestations within reasonable bounds.

THE ROYAL HOUSEHOLD COERCED.

Last year the members of the royal household were "requested," i. e., ordered, to raise funds to provide an adequate jubilee gift for the Queen. Now some fussy toad-eater is pestering them to subscribe towards a silver wedding present for the Prince and Princess of Wales. The members of the body-guard are to give the Prince and Princess a silver statue of a member of corps arrayed in the uniform which was intended by Prince Albert, this being in the daft idea of Lord Rosslyn the most appropriate present that could be selected. The Prince ought to stop all cadding and touting that is now going on. For, of course, the people who are bustling about are doing so merely in the earnest hope of receiving invitations from Marlborough House in the course of the season.

NEWS FROM SAN REMO.

Although the last reports from San Remo say that no operation will be necessary, I understand that it is not altogether unlikely that tracheotomy may have to be performed on the Crown Prince at no distant date. This, I may say, is altogether independent of any theory as to the nature of the disease. If the windpipe becomes so blocked up that little or no room is left for the breath to pass in, whatever the nature of the obstruction may be, the patient must be choked unless an artificial way be made. Regardless of what has been said to the contrary, an appreciable amount of narrowing has already taken place in His Imperial Highness' throat, and there is from time to time some difficulty in breathing. As this might at any moment get worse it may be thought prudent to anticipate the evil. Tracheotomy has nothing to do with cutting out the larynx or any such formidable maneuvers. It is merely making a little notch in the windpipe and putting in a silver tube, through which the patient breathes instead of through his mouth. In the case of grown-up people it is very often done without chloroform or anything of that sort, and as an operation it is hardly ever directly fatal. I myself know a man who tried to cut his own throat six months ago, but did not do it, so I am told. He has worn one of these tubes ever since, and few people are any the wiser.

WILKIE COLLINS.

Wilkie Collins is about to leave the house in Gloucester Place, which he has inhabited for twenty-one years, in consequence of his lease having expired, and he has taken a house in Wimpole street. Besides the usual household goods, Mr. Collins has a large and valuable library to move, and a number of pictures which are particularly priceless. The gem of Mr. Collins' collection is the famous view of the Bay of Naples, by Wm. Collins, which so enchanted the late Sir Robert Peel that he offered the painter $25,000 for it, and on that being refused he vainly requested him to name his own price. A few years after the well-known Jacob Bell thrust a blank check into Collins' hand and begged him to fill it up for any sum he pleased, if he would only give him this little picture in exchange.

A "RICH" CELLAR.

The cellar of the late Mr. Stewart of Glenogil, Forfarshire, has just been sold in Edinburgh and very good prices were obtained, all things considered. Ports of 1834 and 1847 fetched 110 shillings per dozen; sherry, thirty years in bottle, 100 shillings; East India Madeira, 80 shillings; Lafitte of 1858, 125 shillings; Steinberg of 1862, 150 shillings, and some rum certified to be eighty years old realized 14 shillings per bottle. Some "Teppit Hens" of 1864 Lafitte fetched 75 shillings each. Readers of the Waverly novels will remember the Baron of Bradwardine's "Tappit Hens" of claret from Bordeaux.

LORD COLIN CAMPBELL.

Lord Lolin Campbell's effrontery really exceeds belief. He requests that his bankruptcy may be annulled in order that he may not be disqualified from holding certain appointments. So I presume that it was hoped that the country would be kind enough to provide for his future maintenance. Lord Colin's debts were over £15,000 and his assets £119. He ought to consider himself exceedingly fortunate to have got rid of these liabilities so quickly and so easily. I am inclined to think that when an impecunious man takes the legal proceedings against solvent individuals, well knowing that if he be defeated he can not pay the costs, he acts in a way which austere people might regard very austerely. Lord Campbell's principle in litigation seems to have been simply—"heads I win, tails you lose."

LITERARY GOSSIP.

Paul Du Chaillu has been seriously ill from a very severe attack of influenza, and he has found it necessary to postpone the publication of his new work, "The Viking Age," until October next, when Messrs. Murray will bring it out in two large volumes copiously illustrated.

George Meredith's new novel, which is to be entitled "The Journalist," will not be published till autumn.

A popular edition of the complete works of Wagner is to be published at Leipsic in thirty-one volumes.

A very large and choice collection of autographs is to be sold in Paris next week. Among the letters are several from the Duke of Wellington, who is described in the catalogue as "Un Illustre Generale Anglais," also one from David Wilkie, who figures as the greatest painter of the modern English school. There are letters from Lord Palmerston and Sir Robert Peel, an original poem on political topics by Georgina, Duchess of Devonshire, and some entertaining letters from Robert Spencer, the friend of Sir Walter Scott, who was asserted by Lockhart to be the best writer of "vers de societe" of our time. The collection also includes a letter written by Queen Victoria to the late Queen of the Netherlands, after the death of the late Duke of Cambridge in 1850. It would be interesting to learn how this epistle, which the catalogue eulogizes as superb, has found its way so soon to a public salesroom.

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THE LAW ALLOWED IT.

Views of C. P. Huntington and Dr. Green on Anderson's Telegraph Bill.

NEW YORK, February 1.—The Herald prints the following: "The law allowed the Pacific railroad companies to make contracts with the telegraph companies, and, of course, they did it. That's all I know about it."

This was the answer of C. P. Huntington yesterday morning when the Anderson bill was brought to his attention. The bill is to the effect that the Government gave certain bonds and lands for the building of railroad and telegraph lines; that it was not intended that the latter enterprise should be given away to a monopoly as soon as built by Government money, but maintained as an independent line. The bill calls upon the companies to comply with their charters and operate the telegraph system for the benefit of the people.

Dr. Norvin Green, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, said: "The bill affects us very little, because we have our own wires there. Under the original charter and the original railroad act there was a provision that the Central and Union Pacific Railroads (the telegraph was built before the railroads, you know) might arrange with the Overland Telegraph Company and the California State Telegraph Company to establish their lines on the line of the railroad, and that such arrangement should be in substitution of the undertaking by the railroads to build telegraph lines, but if no such arrangements were made the telegraph companies should have the right to establish lines on the railroad on their own account. We failed to come to an agreement with the railroad companies and we did under the reserved right build and establish our lines along the railroads. Not on their right of way, but on the right of way reserved for us under the act which created them. We were perfectly independent of them.

"Mr. Anderson's bill undertakes to pass upon the judicial question whether the railroads had the right to make a contract with the telegraph companies. The courts have already decided that they had such right. The question is a matter of much more importance to the railroad companies than to us. We have our lines there and the only damage it would do us would be to put us to the expense of a few more offices on the line of route. But as we should get all the receipts instead of giving the railroads one-half as we do now, our increased expense would be more than met by the increased revenue."

A FATAL CIRCLET OF ICE.

The Sad Fate of a Young Ranch-Owner in Dakota.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SHARON, Pa., February 1.—Dr. J. G. Kughler arrived on train No. 12, New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio road, yesterday with the body of his son Charles, whose sad fate in the recent Western blizzard has been published. The young man had settled on a ranch five miles west of Wessington Springs, Jerauld Co., Dak., and was doing well at the time of his death. On the morning of January 12 the weather was clear but intensely cold, with the snow thirty inches deep on a level. People were stirring about as usual and Charles Kughler hitched his oxen to a sled and started for a strawstack about a quarter of a mile distant to take home a load of straw. As he was filling his vehicle the storm came suddenly upon him and jumping down he unhitched the cattle and started for his home. He lost his bearings in the frightful storm, and although at one point he wandered near the house his body was found in a cornfield four miles distant. It was found on Sunday still standing, with the knees slightly bent as if the young man had slipped exhausted. The eyes were closed, the head thrown back, the teeth clinched and both hands raised. A collar of ice an inch thick encircled the throat, and the parties who found the body are of the opinion that the young man strangled to death, as there are marks which go to show that he had attempted to tear off the choking circlet of ice. The body was placed in a coffin and held until the father's arrival.

The doctor reports a terrible state of affairs existing in the Territory within the track of the recent blizzard. The total number of deaths will exceed a thousand, although the papers of that section are trying to suppress the facts. He himself saw a list of some five hundred who had perished, and for miles inland, beyond the reach of railroads and telegraphs, there are people about whom nothing is yet known and whose end will probably always be a mystery. In nearly every instance where bodies were found the left hand was ungloved. This is accounted for by the fact that the eyes become blinded and often shut by the fine particles of snow and it is to clear the vision that the hand is ungloved. While the doctor was in the Territory the temperature sunk as low as 32 deg. below zero.

JUVENILE JACK SHEPPARDS.

The Chicago Police Discover the Headquarters of a Bad Gang.

CHICAGO, Ill., February 1.—A large number of recent petty robberies in the vicinity of Wentworth avenue and Twenty-ninth street was explained on Monday night by the unexpected discovery of the headquarters of a gang of boy thieves located under a sidewalk by two officers from the Thirty-fifth Street Station. On going to investigate a mysterious light under the sidewalk they found a small entrance to a cave in the ground, and on pursuing the search came to a spacious room, guarded by a 13-year-old Jack Sheppard named Jimmie Dynes.

"Who goes there?" followed by the sharp clicking of a revolver, greeted the officers as they were about to enter the cavern, and their quickness probably saved their lives, for on getting inside they found young Dynes with a revolver in hand and ready to uphold the dignity of the gang of which he was an officer. Inside a curious spectacle was presented to the officers. Revolvers in great profusion hung about the papered walls, backed by a huge musket which glistened brightly in the light thrown out from an old "Salamander" stove in one corner. The walls were picturesquely decorated with sensational prints and a notice signed in red ink related the fact that "Tough Jimmie" was captain of the crowd and that "Billy the Kid" officiated as lieutenant. To the threats of summary vengeance to traitors was signed the hair-raising names of "Lightning Eddie," "Peanuts," "Jumbo," "Oysters," "Chumpy," "Dyng Do." The youthful cave-dweller in charge told the officer he was awaiting the arrival of some of his comrades, but they failed to put in an appearance.

At the station the boy finally confessed to complicity in several robberies perpetrated by the gang of which he was a member.

PIPE-LINE CERTIFICATES

To Be Added to Unlisted Securities on the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, February 1.—They are going to deal in petroleum on the New York Stock Exchange: that was virtually settled yesterday. A conference lasting three hours was held down-town, those present being a special committee of the Stock Exchange, the President of the United Pipe Lines Association and the Presidents of the three Pennsylvania Oil Exchanges, Mr. Foster of the Oil City Board, Mr. Stevens of the Pittsburg Board and Mr. Wheeler of the Bradford Board. As a result of this meeting the Stock Exchange Committee will recommend that the Pipe-Line certificates shall be added to the "unlisted securities" now traded in on the floor of the Exchange. The brokers are practically unanimous in desiring the listing of the petroleum certificates, as is attested by the fact that of the 1,100 members of the Exchange, many of whom live in distant cities, about eight hundred have already signed a memorial to the Governors in favor of the innovation. The subject was discussed in very different vein by a cynical ex-member of the Stock Exchange.

"If they list oil," he said, "it will be the downfall of the Exchange. It has ruined everybody that ever [illegible] in it, and with the layout so close [illegible] the boys will be tempted, whenever [illegible] are dull, to take a flyer in petroleum. It is a dead-open-and-shut [illegible] and they will all go broke."

[illegible] Savages.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

[illegible], TEX., February 1.—A score of [illegible] Indians, bucks and squaws, a portion of the tribe which left the United States for Mexico some years ago, have been making quite a picturesque feature on our streets. They bring buckskins and Indian mats for sale. They live in a wild and savage state in the mountains on the proceeds of their hunting. The skins prepared by the [illegible]

MILLIONS FOR A TITLE.

THE APPROACHING MARRIAGE OF MISS SINGER AND THE DUC DE CAZES.

The Second Daughter of Isaac Singer, the Sewing-Machine Inventor, and Her Millions Captured by a Youthful French Nobleman—A Case of Love at First Sight.

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

PARIS, January 19.—Not long ago I made a visit to a house where a French woman not a lover of the old monarchical regime has no right of entrance. The salon was filled with royalists, who expressed their regrets for the present, their hopes for the future. My mind was wandering from Henry V. to Philip VII., when suddenly as if a bomb had exploded before me a lady said: "You are American, and therefore must be able to tell us of the Singer family?" From the "Lilies of France," the Bourbon and Orleans families, to Isaac Singer and sewing machines was an abrupt change; but, to my intense astonishment, all were much interested in what I had to say about my famous compatriot and his wealth. Yesterday the mystery was explained; the second daughter of Isaac Singer is to become the Duchess de Cazes. Her fiance, Elie de Cazes, is a son of the celebrated minister of whom Bismarck said: "That man is like an ivory ball in perpetual motion. I never succeed in hitting him twice in the same place."

LOVE AT FIRST SIGHT.

The young people met at the residence of Mme. Carlotta Patti, and I do not believe that "love at first sight" will be destroyed by the millions to which Miss Singer is heiress. When Isaac Singer's will was admitted to probate, of the $20,000,000 he left, $1,500,000 was placed to the account of Isabella Blanche, the future Duchesse DeCazes. Some think that since that time this money has almost been doubled; others, that as the management of the estate was, to some extent, in the hands of the Duc de Campo-Selice, Isabella's stepfather, a large portion of her money was invested in wonderful violins and violoncellos. Jean-Elie-Octave-Louis-Sever-Amanieu, Duc de Cazes and De Glucksburg is not 24 years old, and is even smaller than the present Duc de Morny, nicknamed "Le Petit Duc." Miss Singer, on the contrary, is tall, much taller than her elder sister, the Princess de Schey-Montbeillard. I have noticed, however, since the engagement, that she has become shorter while the Duc seems to have added to his stature. Those who are always ready with explanations say that now the Duc wears exceptionally high heels, while Miss Singer prefers boots in style quite the reverse of Louis XV. style.

THE NEW DUCHESS

will have for mother-in-law one of the most admired, the most beloved leaders of French society. Since the death of her husband, fifteen months ago, the Duchess de Cazes has lived in seclusion, but before that event her apartments at the Chateau la Grave were among the most magnificent in France. The Duchess is not classed with the beautiful women of France but with those who bear the palm for elegance, and, what is rarer, benevolence. When Severine de Lowenthal married Louis, Duc de Cazes, she and her husband were the most intimate friends of the Orleans Princes, and that friendship became more indissoluble as the years went on. After the Comte de Paris' return from exile in 1870, the Chateau d'Eu was one of the homes always ready for the Duchesse de Cazes, and when, during the presidency of Marshal McMahon, the Duc was made Minister of Foreign Affairs, then the Duchesse showed of what she was capable. Gracious to all, when she left the most difficult position possible for a grand dame to fill she was regretted by high and low, by the representatives of foreign courts as well as by the humblest Paris shop-keeper appointed to office under a republican government. What should be thoroughly understood by the wife of every man in high position was fully comprehended by the Duchesse de Cazes, the importance of her mission, the responsibility of her situation. The Duchesse de Cazes is the daughter of Baron Gen. de Lowenthal, Field Marshal in the Australian army; her mother, Polish Countess, Wylezynska, is noted throughout Europe for her tiny feet. Baron de Lowenthal must be over 80 years old, but gives one the impression that he has seen no more than sixty summers. Only to-day I saw him assist a lady to a carriage with the grace that might have been envied by a man possessing half his years.

"A SMILE."

When the General came to Paris as Austrian Military Attache, his daughters, Severine and Mina, were merely children, consequently their education has been purely a French one. Mine, now the Marquise de Beauvoir, is one of the most exquisitely graceful women that can be imagined. Of artists she is the dream. A great sculptor once said to me: "Mme. De Beauvoir is, in my opinion, a smile; were I asked to chisel my conception of a smile I should copy in marble the face of the Marquise." To her we owed the pretty fashion of gowns with panniers. She made her appearance at a grand party with one of these Louis XV. costumes and immediately everybody wore panniers. French society sees Mme. De Beauvior very seldom, because the Marquis is the faithful follower of the Comte de Paris in all his wanderings. Like his father, who preferred to resign a diplomatic position rather than serve a Bonaparte, M. De Beauviors sacrifices all other interests to the Orleans Princes. It is he who is "First Gentleman of the Household," and naturally the Marquise is obliged to be an accomplished politician as well as a charming mondaine. The young Duc de Cazes is also attache "a la personne" of the Comte de Paris, and spends much time at Sheen House. The graceful Marquise may be willing to divide her time between her Chateau, and her coquettish little house, Rue Labaume, Paris, thus ceding her place as lady-in-waiting of the Comtesse de Paris to her niece, the Duchess Elie DeCazes.

The marriage of Miss Singer will take place at the church of Saint Pierre de Chailliot, where was married in 1886 the Duc's only sister, now Comtesse Delille—Sardilys, and the reception will be held at the residence of the Duchesse Di Campo-Sellce, 27 Avenue Kleber.

BARONESS ALTHEA SALVADOR.

The Lincoln Boom.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LEXINGTON, Mo., February 1.—The following letter was received here this morning by the Register from Mexico, Mo., and is kindly given your correspondent:

"I have interviewed twenty of the prominent colored voters of Audrain County, for their presidential preferences, and find sixteen for Lincoln, two for Sherman, one for Edmunds and one for Blaine. Ike Allen said: 'I am 49 years old. The first vote I cast was for Lincoln, in 1860, and I have been voting the Republican ticket ever since. I am for Bob Lincoln.' Hiram Bell said: 'I am for Lincoln for President, with Harrison or some other good man for Vice-President.' William Holt said: 'I am quite certain all Audrain's colored voters are solid for Lincoln; at least nine-tenths of them are. The best statesman we have is James G. Blaine, but I prefer Lincoln, because he is more influential with the people. With Lincoln for President, and [illegible] of Connecticut for Vice-President, we will be sure of victory.'" The letter is signed [illegible].

A MAD MARRIAGE.

BARON LOUIS CREMERS' DAMAGE SUIT AGAINST A NEW YORK PAPER.

The True Inwardness of the Cremers-Jewell Scandal—An Interesting Statement by the Baron—Vittoria Cassini's Strange Career—The Baroness' Friendship for a Socialist Shoemaker.

NEW YORK, February 1.—Baron Louis Cremers has filed suit against the Press newspaper for $100,000 damages on account of an alleged libel published in that journal December 10, 1887. Behind the suit there is an unusually romantic story. No suspicion attaches to the title or social standing of Baron Gremers. He is the son of Russia's Rothschild, the great St. Petersburg banker, whose wealth is at least $40,000,000. Moreover, Baron Cremers is the nephew of the Russian Minister at Washington, Baron de Struve, and is a lieutenant in Russia's aristocratic cavalry regiment, the Fifteenth Hussars. Tradition says the regiment is rarely sent into action, and is consequently dubbed "the dead-heads," but no aspersion on that score can cling to Baron Cremers. He is a tall young man of well-knit athletic frame and the scars of old wounds that seam his forehead under the blonde curls attest that he has seen service in the field and in the dueling arena.

The POST-DISPATCH correspondent yesterday found Baron Cremers in the office of his counsel. Having consulted with his lawyer, the Baron consented to make a statement.

"I have no vindictive purpose," he said, "in this prosecution, but I want the opportunity to vindicate myself from an atrocious calumny. I regret that I must introduce the name of my wife, from whom I am now separated, and who is largely responsible for the painful circumstances that have arisen."

"Well, Baron, what about the alleged libel?" inquired the reporter.

"Here," he replied, as he drew out a printed extract, "is an infamous letter written from jail by a Socialistic shoemaker who was arrested on a charge of assaulting his own 13-year-old daughter. I regret to say that this man was a protege and pet of my wife. Learning that we had separated, he wrote to her from prison, saying that I had betrayed his daughter. The man's name is James Jewell, who was arrested on the sworn statement of the girl Elizabeth. There is evidently a conspiracy in the case, for the girl was induced to prefer a charge against me and exculpate her unnatural parent, but within a day or two she retracted the accusation and admitted that her father was to blame. It is humiliating to be mixed up in any way with such an infamy. Jewell is held for trial, but I want the earliest opportunity to vindicate myself."

"How did you happen to be involved in such a case?"

A STRANGE STORY.

"Ah, there hangs a long tale. A year ago last November I was married to Vittoria Cassini. It was a foolish union. I never knew what her father's name was. I admit that she fascinated me, yet the proposal of marriage came from her although it was not leap year. I took pity on her helpless condition and financial embarrassments, for she was practically deserted by her friends. I entertained toward her the most ardent, pure and sincere devotion, yet we were only a couple of weeks married when she told me that she could not possibly love any man. About the same time I began to learn that prior to our marriage my wife had displayed an extraordinary infatuation for actresses. She had also been editor and proprietor of a publication called the Stage Gazette, and had been in the habit of going out in boy's clothes to see the town. An illustrated account of some of her exploits was printed in a Saturday serial."

"Did not these circumstances or disclosures disturb the harmony of your relations?"

"I was honestly devoted to the woman, and when she told me of her peculiar temperament I replied that if such were unfortunately the case, still, although it would be a calamity to me, so long as she loyally adhered to me, and did nothing to discredit my family or myself, I should accept such share of friendly feeling and gratitude as she could give me. She disclosed to me other serious errors of her life before our marriage, but I assured her that if she would lead a true and loyal life now I would condone the past and trust my future in her hands. We lived for a time at the Belvedere and other costly hotels, and in a boarding-house on Forty-ninth street. I allowed her a good income, giving her at one time as much as $2,600 to do as she pleased with, but when I remonstrated against her extravagant habits she retorted that she was my wife, that she must have every luxury, and that she did not care a snap where I got the money.

"I was dependent on my father and he was extremely liberal until she contrived to poison his mind against me. In my first communications home I painted her as an angel, who would guard me against all temptations, and myself as a wild young cosmopolitan, sadly in need of such a saving influence. My father wrote her a letter of seventeen pages, and she superciliously neglected to reply to it until she decided to undermine me with my own family. She actually turned me out of a flat I had furnished for her."

THE SOCIALIST SHOEMAKER.

"Where did the shoemaker come into the drama?"

"He was my wife's acquaintance, not mine. This fellow Jewell made her shoes. Immediately after our marriage she became exceedingly friendly with him, having known him for a long time previously. He was a Socialist, a theosophist, and swelled up with all sorts of theories. She frequently called upon him, remaining sometimes from noon until 7 p. m., and even taking him to the theaters. For instance, she took the shoemaker to see Sarah Bernhardt. To this acquaintance I naturally objected with a good deal of emphasis and endeavored to dissuade her from continuing it. She positively disobeyed my wishes, declaring that Jewell was a man who might well be taken for a model of humanity—in fact her ideal of the modern civilized man. He exercised a very potent, and in my opinion anything but beneficial influence on the conduct of the Baroness to such an extent that she adopted in their entirety his fierce and bloodthirsty Anarchistic and Socialistic theories, all of which were utterly abominable and repugnant to me. However, as I found it impossible to induce her to give up the acquaintance of the shoemaker, and the subject was a constant source of irritation and heartburning, I consented to meet this Jewell rather than lead a cat and dog life."

"How did he impress you?"

"As a decidedly malodorous individual, yet I cultivated his acquaintance assiduously, in the hope of mitigating an evil that I could not wholly get rid of. As the fellow was in a state of abject poverty, I gave him orders for shoes and I recommended him to my friends. The first time I met him was during the Christmas holidays of 1886. His daughter assisted him in his business, but I never spoke a word to her in my life beyond the ordinary good morning, or good evening, addressed jointly to her father and herself. The shoemaker's adroit letter seeking to fasten his crime on me is infamously false, but I must take cognizance of it in order to vindicate myself. In his communication to my wife there is a thread of candor with a web of wiles and lies."

"So you propose to seek a divorce?"

"That is something to be considered later. We are separated and I may seek legal relief from my fetters. But I want, first, to vindicate myself from Jewell's atrocious charge, and if possible to prevent the names of my relatives from being dragged through the mire. I wish the consequences of my credulity and folly to fall on my own head."

Disgraced Their Uniforms.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., February 1.—Three United States soldiers, who crossed the Rio Grande from Ft. Brown to visit Matamoras, while in that city yesterday disgraced themselves and their uniforms by shop-lifting. While in Breienberg's emporium of jewelry and firearms two of them engaged the attention of the clerk while the third pocketed a valuable ring. Before they had recrossed the river, however, they were overhauled, the ring was given back and they were allowed to depart.

Hendricks—Bowen.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CERRO GORDO, Ill., February 1.—Mr. Joseph Hendricks and Miss Juniette, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Bowen, were united in marriage at 3 o'clock this afternoon in the presence of a large number of invited guests.

STEAMERS STATISTICS.

The Annual Report of the Inspector of Vessels.

The annual report of David R. Asbury, Supervising Inspector of Steamboats for the Fourth District, gives some interesting statistics. The work of inspection has been carried on by Capt. Archibald Gorden, Inspector of Hulls, and Capt. John Schaffer, Inspector of Boilers. There have been 118 steamers of all classes and grades inspected the past year, divided into passenger-boats, 91; ferries, 43; towing, 32, and freights, 3. The aggregate tonnage of these was 42,510.83 gross, and 41,944.75 net tons. Steamers have gone out of service with an aggregate tonnage of 1,453.39 tons. Seven steamers have come into service with an aggregate tonnage of 141.28 tons.

Passengers carried by steamers have numbered 2,085,000. Permits for excursions numbered 109, and 355 round trips were made. On these trips 319,820 passengers were carried.

Officers of all classes and grades have been licensed as follows: Masters, 66; mates, 167; pilots, 87; chief engineers, 289; assistant engineers, 183; special engineers, 322. Seven masters have received license with pilot's license combined. Of 447 boilers inspected 4 could not stand the test and burst under hydrostatic pressure; 12 steamers were ordered to the docks for repairs. Color blindness was tested on 31 pilots and only 1 of the number was found with defective eyes.

CASUALTIES.

During the year the following accidents were recorded:

January 22 the Dora was sunk by ice in the Missouri River and damaged to the amount of $1,500.

On the 28th of the same month the ferry steamer Annie Cade was sunk in the Missouri River, opposite Kansas City, by the ice. It was raised and taken over to the Kansas City side, where it was sunk the second time by ice, on February 8. The damage to the boat was $5,000.

On March 4 the towing steamer "Eagle" collided with a barge in tow with the towing steamer Polar Wave in the Illinois River near Beardstown, Ill., resulting in the sinking of the barge of the Polar Wave and a damage to the barge of $800.

April 22 the passenger steamer Mattie Belle and the ferry steamer Edwardsville collided in the harbor at St. Louis, damaging the steamer $200 and the cargo $50.

May 1 the passenger steamer Helena struck an ice-barge at South St. Louis, and damaged it to the extent of $700.

May 13 George H. Langwell, a pilot, accidentally fell overboard from the steamer Jack Frost at a point on the Mississippi River near Ste. Genevieve, and was drowned.

The towing steamer A. J. Baker broke her water wheel shaft, which ran through the larboard engine, knocking out the cylinder head, scalding the assistant engineer, Geo. Menck. Damage to the steamer was $1,000. At Twin Hollows on the Mississippi the towing steamer Charlie Bowen, No. 2, struck a snag and sunk May 21. A deck hand was drowned. Loss to the steamer, $7,500.

Two days later a colored deck-hand of the passenger steamer Gen. Mead, lying at the port of Jefferson City, fell overboard, and was drowned.

The next day at South St. Louis the ferry-steamer Pacific collided with a skiff and drowned a man named Grebett.

June the Annie P. Silver collided with the bank, and was damaged $8,000.

Nothing occurred then for two months, until August 11, when the towing steamer Mab struck a hidden obstruction on the Mississippi, near Ste. Genevieve, causing a damage of $253.62.

Three days later the Lulu D. was damaged $75 by being capsized by striking the Chain of Rocks. The steamer Eclipse sunk in the Missouri, near Sioux City, September 3 and was a total loss of $8,000.

Four days later the towing steamer Sentinel collided with the passenger steamer Sidney in the Keokuk canal. The Sidney was damaged $100.

October 29 the A. J. Baker had another piece of bad luck, colliding with the steamer George Lysie near Grand Tower. One of the barges connected with the latter boat was sunk, with a loss of $1,500.

MILES TRAVELED.

There were seven investigations by the local board for violations of law, and from them no appeals were taken. The heavy work done by the Board is shown by the traveling they did. Over five thousand seven hundred and thirty-six miles were covered by the inspectors, who, to make their appointments, often had to travel night and day. The number of trips made away from St. Louis was fourteen and the number of days absent from St. Louis forty-four. On these trips they inspected eighty-three steamers. They traveled 3,455 miles less in 1887 than in 1886 and caused a saving of $338.25. They have been absent from the home port a less number of days and inspected more steamers than the year previous. They report one person injured by the escape of steam, one drowned in a snag wreck, three from miscellaneous causes, and none injured by explosions.

These reports cover all the territory which is included in the Fourth District which extends north of St. Louis on the Missouri to Yankton, Dak., and on the Mississippi to Galena, and south on the Mississippi to below Cairo.

FLAP JACK PREPARED FLOUR is sold by all grocers. Try it.

MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLY.

Party Lines Drawn in the House of Delegates Last Evening.

A message from the Mayor to the City Council last evening announced the resignation of Patrick Kilcullen from the Mullanphy Board. The vacancy will be filled at the next meeting of the Council. The bill providing for the prompt abatement of nuisances by the Board of Health was ordered to engrossment. The bill makes the owners liable to prosecution instead of the occupants. Bills providing for the location of public drinking fountains at Main and North Market streets and Second and Pestalozzi streets, and at Easton and Taylor avenues, were read the first time. The time of the Forest Park & Laclede Avenue & Fourth Street Line to change its motive power, was extended one year. After disposing of some bills of minor importance the Council adjourned.

THE HOUSE.

When Chairman Stone of the Ways and Means Committee reported the appropriation bill Delegate Wand objected to the item of $1,008 for the pay of a Board of Revisers. Comptroller Campbell said the Recorder was not authorized to call such a board together. Delegate Mohan moved that the item as well as another for $1,280 for new ballot-boxes be stricken out. The bill was then taken up section by section, to end the discussion. When the Health Department account was reached an account of $545 for a pump was found. It was stated that the pump had been asked for by the Health Commissioner a year ago and refused, and that he thereupon bought it on his own responsibility. The appropriation was cut out. When the Recorder's appropriation was reached Delegate Weisenburger gave a history of the office. He said that the ballot-boxes had been stuffed until the present Recorder took charge. He proposed to give him all the assistance he required. Comptroller Campbell again protested that the proposed selection of a Board of Revisers was illegal. The motion to strike out the appropriation for the Board was carried by a strict party vote, the Democrats voting to strike out the appropriation and the Republicans to retain it. The call of the roll resulted as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Clark, Cossman, Guion, Huber, Keenan, Lyman, Mohan, Monahan, Murphy, Norden, Ryan, Stone, Sullivan, Wand, Waters and Mr. Speaker Bannerman.

Nays—Messrs. Alt, Gartenbach, Gundlach, Hilgeman, Lehman, Pohlman, Speilbrink and Weisenburger.

Absent—Messrs. Hays, Kretschmar, Nolan and Weinel.

The amendments to strike out the appropriation for new ballot-boxes and $1,000 from the general expenses of the Recorder's office were lost. The bill was then amended by adding on $580 for a claim of John Prendergast and $500 for St. Ann's Asylum, against both of which the Comptroller vainly protested. Delegate Mohan then moved that $2,314 be added to the bill to pay Contractor John Fitzgerald for work done at the Insane Asylum. It was added. Delegate Cossman added an item of $750 for George J. Fritz, and Delegate Gartenbach an item of $545 for gasoline lamps in the new limits. Delegate Weisenburger added on $200 for F. Mark and L. Yost. In the general good humor over the successes of the various Delegates in this game of grab the objection to the allowance of the money for the pump was withdrawn. Another effort was made to reinstate the item for a Board of Revision, but this failed, and the House adjourned, the members going home in carriages.

FLAP JACK PREPARED FLOUR is ready for use to make muffins and griddle cakes.

THE ICE GONE.

BREAKING UP OF THE GORGE AT TUCKER'S LAST NIGHT.

Very Little Damage Done by the Final Flow—A Clear River This Morning—Situation in the Harbor—From the Lumber Landings to Dorcas Street—Rise in the Missouri—Gorges Broken at Lexington and Hermann—The Mississippi Rising.

The ice went out last night, the gorge at Tucker's Station breaking at about 10:30 o'clock. Previous flurries had weakened the fields above the city and had placed most of the boats and barges in as bad a position as possible. So when the grand flow set in there was very little damage done. In addition to the wrecks of the previous night the tug Alice Parker was caught below Anna street, between some Mississippi Valley Transportation Company's barges, and had the life squeezed out of her. Below this wreck a stern-wheel boat, the Flying Eagle, is lying on the bank with her starboard under water. She is not a very bad wreck, and may be saved if in the disposal of the ice that has lodged against the shore from near Barton street to below the Flying Eagle she is not entirely ruined. The Eagle belonged to the St. Louis & St. Paul Packet Company and was built in 1863 at Brownsville, Pa. She is insured and valued at $8,000. She is 156 feet long, 31 feet beam, 5 feet and 5 inches hold. The tug Alice Parker belonged to the Consolidated Coal Company and was bought for $2,500 by her owners. She is a bad wreck.

There was no damage done above the bridge by the ice. Along the lumber landings in North St. Louis the sand-bar, which has been forming there, is covered this morning with mammoth cakes of ice which extend far up above the water. There is no longer any question but that the dredgeboat will have plenty of work there in the spring clearing away the bar.

BELOW THE BRIDGE

the wharfboats are lying somewhat twisted, but not severely broken or damaged. Between Elm street and Clark avenue there are four Mississippi Valley Transportation Company's barges aground, and below them the Huse & Loomis wharfboat is aground. At Valentine street a ferry landing is hard up on the shore. The sand barge Jessie and steam launch Lulu D. are out of water at the foot of Poplar street, and below them the barge Dolomite is out. The Anchor Line steamer Crystal City is aground at the foot of Spruce street surrounded by ice. Her jack-staff and port wheel are smashed and steering machinery broken. At the foot of Gratiot street the new St. Louis Sand Company's fleet is aground. The ferry Cahokia is incased in an ice-field which could not move out with the flow, being caught at its lower end against the piles of Advance Elevator B's wharf. Below Chouteau avenue the city's harbor-boat is aground, and farther down the bank near the transfer cradle two Wiggins Ferry Company's transfer-boats are aground, with the L. V. Bogy lying outside, ready to pull them off when the water rises. The Judith, a stern-wheel steamboat, is lying hard on the shore opposite the Cotton Compress warehouses. There are below her several wrecked barges and then the Gen. Meade jammed as hard into the mud as an enemy could wish her. Two tugs, the Geo. H. Rea and the Gartside, puffed and churned in a terribly energetic manner trying to get her off the bank, but had little success. The Anchor Line boat City of Vicksburg is riding safe in open water, and the City of St. Louis being relieved of the Maggie P. shows that beside a broken stern and smashed port wheel she is not injured. The Maggie P., however, is gone. Her cabin is barely holding on to the hull, the stanchions standing obliquely. The starboard side of the hull is broken and the hold is full of water. Men were set to work this morning to wreck her.

BARTON STREET AND BELOW.

The Anchor Line boat Baton Rouge has been moved up stream from the wreck of the Ivy, leaving the little craft lying against the broken Barton street dump a heap of kindling wood. The pilot house of the Ivy was saved and hauled up on shore. A watchman is making his home there, and about the house have been gathered the Ivy's buckets, boats and other matters of wreckage. A Huse & Loomis ice barge lies against the lower end of the dump, and then the broken Mattie Belle.

If you want a good illustration of the Mattie Belle wreck lay your visiting card in the palm of your hand and close the fingers over it. Crumple the card again and you will have a fair idea of the Will S. Hays wreck. Make a wad of the card and you will know exactly how the Grand Lake No. 2 is lying.

From Anna street to Dorcas street there is an immense field of ice extending into the river at some points 1,000 feet. Outside of that the river is open. This field is made up of the ice which crowded into the foot of Barton street on Monday night and sent the barge Luce down upon the Hays, the Hays upon the Missouri Sand Company's fleet, the fleet upon the City of Monroe, the Monroe upon the Jacob Tamm, and yesterday closed in on the Mississippi Valley Transportation Company's barges, wrecked them, smashed the Grand Lake, ended the existence of the Alice Parker last night and put the Flying Eagle on the bank.

The Will S. Hays is lying very badly to-day, her stern on the starboard side being under water. The work of removing the cabin furniture and small portable articles from the wreck was begun this morning. The Delver is altogether under water, only her smokestack being visible. The barges in the sand fleet are lying in all positions, but are not badly hurt. The ice flow of yesterday afternoon pressed the City of Monroe in against a barge and broke her guard. She left her wheel paddles on the shore Monday night while trying to get out of the water, but will come out of the season of danger with less than $1,000 damage.

Several of the Mississippi Valley Transportation Company's barges are broken and one of them is under water, but as they are built for rough usage the company sets a very low figure on the damage done.

THE MISSOURI RISE.

The owners of steamboats are much relieved now that the ice has gone out, but anticipate some trouble when the Missouri River flood reaches the city. The stage of the river at St. Louis last evening was 17.9 feet. After the gorge broke last night the river fell rapidly to 13 feet, but this morning showed a rise, the reading being 14.6. The cause of the breaking of the gorge was that flooding of the Gasconade and several other tributaries of the Missouri which caused the river to rise rapidly. The gorges at Lexington and Hermann broke on a rise of from three to four feet and the ice is now coming down. It is not probable that this ice will be a source of any danger to local shipping, but precautions are being taken by owners and crews to get vessels and barges in condition.

Broken at Lexington, Mo.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LEXINGTON, Mo., February 1.—The ice gorge is broken here, but its movement is scarcely perceptible. The blockade this winter formed on December 29, one day later than last winter, but the break-up occurred on January 8. Travel has been interrupted for nearly a week because of the condition of the ice, and not even a foot passenger has dared to cross for several days.

No Damage at the Cape.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, Mo., February 1.—The ice bridge broke up here yesterday afternoon and is rapidly passing out. No damage done to the Polar Wave, Cape City, Rosalie Smoot or two Grand Tower barges in port here.

The Fidelity Wreck.

CINCINNATI, O., February 1.—Mr. Eugene Zimmerman, formerly a director in the Fidelity National Bank, who was in Europe when he was indicted by the United States Grand Jury for complicity in the wrong transactions in that bank, has returned. This morning he went before Judge Sage, pleaded not guilty, and gave bond in the sum of $20,000. The arguments in the Hopkins trial are not expected to be ended to-day.

A Horseman Adjudged Insane.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

VINCENNES, Ind., February 1.—John W. Ayers, more familiarly known as "Jack" Ayers, a well-known turfman and proprietor of livery and sale stables in this city, extensively known throughout Illinois and Indiana among horsemen, was adjudged insane by the County Commissioner to-day and taken to the Insane Asylum at Indianapolis. His insanity is only of a few days standing.

A PECULIAR REQUEST.

Found Dead in Bed—A Law Breaker—Editors' Convention—Illinois Items.

CHICAGO, February 1.—Sixty workmen left the Lyon & Healey organ factory yesterday afternoon because the firm requested a signature to a waiver of all damages in the event of the building collapsing.

DECATUR, February 1.—A motion for new trial was entered and argued yesterday afternoon in the case of Wm. E. Westbrook, who was convicted for the murder of Wm. Gross, a saloonkeeper, at Blue Mound. Taylor P. Evans, a young chemist, was found dead in bed at the hotel last evening. The gas was escaping from the burner.

SPRINGFIELD, February 1.—N. H. Ridgely, a banker well-known throughout the West, died last evening in his 88th year. James M. Tabor, a lad of 16, was sent last night to the Reform School at Louisville for two years for robbing a post-office.

JOLIET, February 1.—Michael Lynch, who killed Detective Halloran at Chicago, entered last evening upon a term of thirty-five years. He had served a term here once before. Edward and Isaac Westfall, father and son, were released from the penitentiary last night, after serving a term of twenty years for burglary.

SPARTA, February 1.—Charles Stevens, the third victim of the Rasborough powder explosion, died last night.

BLOOMINGTON, February 1.—The annual meeting of the State Press Association commenced last evening. There are 100 delegates in attendance from various portions of the State.

CAIRO, February 1.—Train communication with the Iron Mountain and Arkansas & Texas roads is suspended on account of the gorge. No damage is yet reported.

Another Victim of the Gas Habit.

From Puck.

Hall Boy: "Did you ring, sir?"

Uncle Elisha (who blew out his gas fifteen minutes before): "I didn't do nothin' else. I wish t' you'd look inter th' room nex'ter this, and' tell th' duffer that's smokin' cabbage-leaf cigars to pull on my pipe 'till I git ter sleep. He's more'n welcome!"

Horatius Holds the Bridge.

From Texas Siftings.

Scene: An elevated railway station.

She: "Oh, dear, what a frightful crush ahead! Has anybody fainted?"

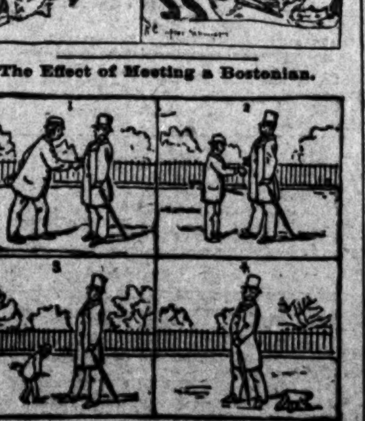
He: "Oh, no; wait a minute—we're just holding on till that little dude on the stairs lights his cigarette."

Reducing the Surplus.

From Life.

The Artist and the Lion.

The Effect of Meeting a Bostonian.



Grievance of Americans in Mexico.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

EAGLE PASS, TEX., February 1.—Complaints are made by Americans in the State of Coahuila, Mexico, and substantiated by reliable men here who do business there, that having paid their taxes as due, the Mexican authorities are now compelling them to pay in addition a year ahead. This forced forestallment is not exacted from the natives, but is a special attention reserved for the unfortunate Gringo, who is grumbling, but doesn't quite feel like starting an international row.

THE HUNTER—WILLIAMS TRAGEDY.

Lynched for Cattle Stealing—Against Free Trade—Texas Topics.

PALESTINE, February 1.—The preliminary examination in the case of George D. and John Hunter, charged with the murder of Col. J. S. Williams last Sunday morning, took place yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Hunter, mother of the accused, testified as to the provocation, insulting conduct on the part of Williams. The young men were placed under bonds of $1,000 each.

NAVASOTA, February 1.—It is reported here that a mob went to the residence of Ennis Upchurch, on the line of Madison and Grimes Counties, took him out and lynched him for cattle stealing. Several people in the vicinity were warned to leave the country.

SAN ANTONIO, February 1.—A meeting of cattle and sheep men from Encinal, La Salle and Webb Counties was held at Encinal yesterday, to protest against the President's tariff policy. They pledged themselves to support protection as against free trade and to have everything done to restore the wool tariff of 1887.

BONHAM, February 1.—District Judge Scott of Paris has sent in his resignation, owing to pressure of business.

GREENVILLE, February 1.—R. D. Hambrick, who was attacked by Doc Turner at the Post-office on Monday, died last night. Turner was placed in jail.

SCROFULA

Is that impurity of the blood which produces unsightly lumps or swellings in the neck; which causes running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which develops ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or "humors;" which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. It is the most ancient of all diseases, and very few persons are entirely free from it.

How Can It Be CURED

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. If you suffer from scrofula, try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"Every spring my wife and children have been troubled with scrofula, my little boy, three years old, being a terrible sufferer. Last spring he was one mass of sores from head to feet. We all took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all have been cured of the scrofula. My little boy is entirely free from sores, and all four of my children look bright and healthy." W. B. ATHERTON, Passaic City, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

FEBRUARY 1, 1888.

MR. JAMES A. POWERS

Is this day admitted to our firm.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

Northeast Cor. Broadway and Pine st.

Saint Valentine's Day.

EXQUISITE STOCK OF

Valentines

5 CTS TO $5.00 EA. JUST OPENED.

Call early and select, so as to get the choicest.

Mermod & Jaccard

JEWELRY CO.,

CORNER FOURTH AND LOCUST.

We only charge $1.50 for 100 finest Visiting Cards and finely engraved copper-plate.

DIED.

APPEL—On Tuesday, January 31, 1888, at 6:30 o'clock a. m., after a lingering illness, JACOB APPEL, aged 73 years, 6 months and 10 days.

Funeral will take place from family residence, No. 1719 South Eighth street, on Thursday, February 2, at 1 o'clock p. m. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

KEANE—On Tuesday, January 31, 1888, BRIDGET, beloved wife of Michael Keane, a native of Carrick on Shannon, County Leitrim, Ireland; aged 38 years.

Funeral from residence, No. 2503 Spring avenue, at 2 p. m. on Thursday, February 2, 1888, to St. Teresa's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

MOLLOY—On Tuesday, January 31, at 6 o'clock p. m., JOHN MOLLOY, aged 63 years.

The funeral will take place Thursday, February 2, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., from family residence, No. 1402 Blair avenue, to St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

QUINLIN—On Wednesday, February 1, at 7:20 o'clock a. m., BRIDGET, wife of Michael Quinlin, aged 52 years.

The funeral will take place Friday, 3d inst., at 1:30 o'clock p. m., from family residence, No. 941 Collins street, to St. Patrick's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

New York and New Jersey papers please copy.

STARNS—On Monday, January 30, 1888, at 12 o'clock m., after a short illness, CHARLES B., beloved husband of Sidney Starns, nee Packer, aged 27 years and 13 days.

Funeral will take place from the A. Meyer Livery & Undertaking Co., 605 Park avenue on Thursday, February 2, 1888. Due notice of time of funeral will be given in morning papers.

OBITUARY.

At a meeting of Lafayette Council, No. 19, of the Legion of Honor, held in the Hall of the Council in the City of St. Louis on Monday evening, January 30, 1888, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, In an untimely hour, Brother George Gerber, a Past Chancellor of this Council, has been removed by death from our midst; and,

Whereas, In his death we lose a well-tried and much-loved friend, and one of whose virtues we are fitted to speak by reasons of a companionship extending from his early youth until now; therefore,

Resolved, That in the death of Brother George Gerber we mourn a loss which cannot be repaired, and which takes from this Council an efficient and faithful member, and from its rolls a valued name. He was honorable in his dealings, and upright in his walk through life. His hand was "open as day to melting charity," and his back was never to a friend. Industrious in his habits; consistent in his relations to others, faithful and steadfast in his duties to his aged mother, and mindful of and affectionate toward all bound to him by blood or other ties, it but remains to say that the world is better by his having lived and the poorer by his death. And

Resolved, That the members of this Council attend the funeral in a body; and that we hereby extend our heartfelt sympathy to his family in this their hour of grief. And

Resolved, That a copy of these proceedings be spread upon our records, and published in the papers of this city; and that the Chancellor of this council be directed to have these proceedings engrossed and sent to the family of our brother.

Chas. T. Whitsett, Undertaker.

Superior services, modern methods, reasonable charges. 1304 Olive st., opposite Exposition. Telephone 378. Residence, 3919 Locust av.

WHITE CLOUD

Kirk's White Cloud Floating Soap.

As to the merits of *JAS. S. KIRK & CO.'s WHITE CLOUD FLOATING SOAP,* witness the words of the late James S. Jewell, M. D., LL. D., of the Chicago Medical College, and member of many scientific societies:

"I have never met with or used a soap that more nearly fills my ideal of what a non-medicated soap should be. Whether for medical or toilet purposes, it is simply admirable. This, I believe, is the first certificate of the kind (relating to a non-medical article) I have ever given. But this is given freely, and in pleasureable recognition of the purity and entire reliability of White Cloud Soap."

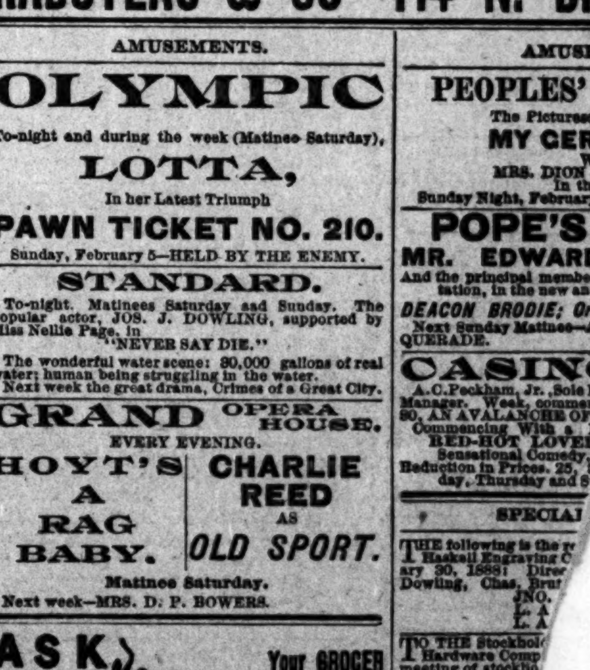
White Cloud Soap floats; it is snow white and absolutely pure. For the Bath, Toilet and Laundr[y] it is

THE CHIEF.

If your dealer does not keep White Cloud, send us 10 cents for a postpaid sample cake.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO.,

CHICAGO.



A Panacea for the Rav[ages] of Wind and Wea[ther].

The Paragon Complexion Powders.

A True Cosmetic THAT WILL Preserve The Complexion and Skin.

SOLD EVERYWHERE And by the Proprietors.

SAMPLES FREE FOR THE ASKING AT RABOTEAU'S.

RABOTEAU & CO—714 N. BROADWAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC

To-night and during the week (Matinee Saturday),

LOTTA,

In her Latest Triumph

PAWN TICKET NO. 210.

Sunday, February 5—HELD BY THE ENEMY.

STANDARD.

To-night. Matinees Saturday and Sunday. The popular actor, JOS. J. DOWLING, supported by Miss Nellie Page, in "NEVER SAY DIE."

The wonderful water scene: 80,000 gallons of real water; human being struggling in the water.

Next week the great drama, Crimes of a Great City.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

EVERY EVENING.

HOYT'S A RAG BABY. | CHARLIE REED AS OLD SPORT.

Matinee Saturday.

Next week—MRS. D. P. BOWERS.

AMUSEMENTS.

PEOPLES' THEATER.

The Picturesque Irish Play,

MY GERALDINE,

With MRS. DION BOUCICAULT In the Cast.

Sunday Night, February 5, "My Aunt Brid[get]"

POPE'S | TO-NIGH[T]

MR. EDWARD J. H[...]

And the principal members of his origi[nal] ... tation, in the new and beautiful m[...]

DEACON BRODIE; Or, THE D[...]

Next Sunday Matinee—Agnes Her[...] QUERADE.

CASINO.

A. C. Peckham, Jr., Sole Propri[etor] ... Manager. Week, commencing ... 30, AN AVALANCHE OF DE[...] Commencing With a Mi[...] RED-HOT LOVERS, Sensational Comedy, T[...] Reduction in Prices. 25, 35 ... day, Thursday and Sa[...]

ASK For this Your GROCER Brand.

SWEET and TENDER, NOT DRY and SALTY.

GIVE THEM A TRIAL.

OUR HAMS and BREAKFAST BACON are selected and cured in this city with the greatest care and attention, and we guarantee them to give satisfaction. If your grocer does not keep our BRAND OF HAMS notify us, and we will give you the address of one that does. See that the above BRAND is on the HAM.

COX & GORDON,

Telephone 2505. 1103 South Third st.

SPECIAL

THE following is the r[...] Haskell Engraving C[...] ary 30, 1888: Direc[...] Dowling, Chas. Brut[...] JNO. [...] L. A[...] L. A[...]

TO THE Stockhol[ders ...] Hardware Comp[any ...] meeting of stockho[lders ...] Hardware Company [...] corporation, 905 N. [...] on the 1st day of Ma[rch ...] the purpose of voting [...] the capital stock of [...] thousand dollars, its [...] fifty thousand dollars; [...] to diminish the number [...] three; also to act upon [...] properly brought before [...]

GEO. A. R[...] E. J. EWA[...] GEO. A. R[...] H. W. SCH[...] E. J. EWA[...]

St. Louis, December 29, [...]

ELECTION

OFFICE OF TH[E ...]

THE annual meeting of the [...] souri for the Prevention of [...] be held at the parlors of the [...] Armory building, 17th and P[...] February 3, at 8 o'clock p. m. [...] officers for the ensuing year an[d ...] ness as may legally come befor[e ...]

EDWIN [...]

THERE will be, for the elec[tion ...] such other business as may [...] the annual meeting of [...] State Savings Association of [...] banking-house of the corporation [...] of Vine and Third streets, on the [...] ary, 1888. The meeting will comm[ence ...] a. m. and continue until 1 o'clock [...] will be submitted thereat the p[...] the power to change and also [...] the corporation from the [...] of St. Louis to [...]

CHARL[...]

J. W. McCL[...], Cash[ier ...]

St. Louis, Mo., Febru[ary ...]

THE ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

EVERY EVENING AND SUNDAY MORNING.

SEVEN ISSUES FOR 20 CENTS,

Delivered by Carriers in all Parts of the CITY and SUBURBS, and in all the principal TOWNS in Missouri and the surrounding States.

BRANCH OFFICES IN THE CITY.

At the following LOCATIONS BRANCH OFFICES have been established, where WANT ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received and where the PAPER is kept for sale:

BENTON ST.—1501 .... O. Sutter
BENTON ST.—2572 .... A. H. Vordick
BROADWAY—2001 N. .... O. D'Amour
BROADWAY—4132 N. .... W. J. Kohrumel
BROADWAY—2813 S. .... E. Geisler
BROADWAY—3907 S. .... F. Hemm
BROADWAY—7631 S. .... L. F. Waibel
CARR ST.—1328 .... Lion Drug Store
CARR ST.—2201 .... Crawley's Phar
CASS AV.—1000 .... Cass Avenue Phar
CASS AV.—1827 .... C. W. Tomfohrde
CHOUTEAU AV.—1500 .... H. F. Spilker
CHOUTEAU AV.—2354 .... C. Schaefer
CHOUTEAU AV.—2837 .... W. E. Krueger
CLARK AV.—2136 .... D. Nake & Bro
DODIER ST.—2248 .... A. & B. Vogt
EASTON AV.—3180 .... F. C. Pauley
EASTON AV.—4161 .... Fischer & Co
EAST GRAND AV.—1923 .... T. T. Wurmb
ELEVENTH ST.—3701 N. .... T. T. Wurmb
FINNEY AV.—3837 .... P. E. Fiquet
FRANKLIN AV.—1600 .... C. Klipstein
FRANKLIN AV.—3340 .... J. B. Baseler
GAMBLE ST.—2631 .... A. Braun
GARRISON AV.—1016 .... Harris & Raymond
GRAND AV.—1400 N. .... F. Sohn & Co
GRAND AV.—1926 N. .... W. D. Temm
GRAND AV.—2745 .... Thos. Layton
GRAVOIS—2946 .... B. Jost
HICKORY ST.—800 .... Ferd. W. Sennewald
LAFAYETTE AV.—1800 .... Philip Kaut
LAFAYETTE AV.—2601 .... C. E. Neubert
LUCAS AV.—1700 .... W. S. Fleming
MARKET ST.—2031 .... C. G. Penney
MARKET ST.—2846 .... St. L. Phar
MENARD—1434 .... G. Weinsberg
MORGAN ST.—3930 .... J. S. Procter
NINTH ST.—2625 N. .... O. Claus
OLIVE ST.—1500 .... R. Riley
OLIVE ST.—2800 .... J. L. Royston
OLIVE ST.—3201 .... Louis Schurk
OLIVE ST.—3500 .... A. B. Roth
PARK AV.—1937 .... G. H. Andreas
SALINA ST.—2870 .... A. P. Kaltwasser
SIDNEY ST.—1958 .... E. DuFour
TAYLOR AV.—1900 .... G. H. Wagner
WASHINGTON AV.—1328 .... Primm's Phar
WASHINGTON AV.—2338 .... T. S. Glenn
WASHINGTON AV.—2800 .... J. Weiner
WASHINGTON AV.—3901 .... F. W. Conradt

SUBURBAN.

KIRKWOOD .... L. P. Hemm
WEBSTER GROVES .... Livery Stable
EAST ST. LOUIS .... O. F. Kresse
BELLEVILLE, ILL .... Kaercher & Stelberg

TO ADVERTISERS.

Owing to the early departure of the fast-mail train, advertisements for the SUNDAY MORNING POST-DISPATCH must be in the office before 9 o'clock Saturday night to insure insertion.

Parties advertising in these Columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, will please ask for check, to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be enclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies directed to their own POST-OFFICE address.

LODGE NOTICES.

DE SOTO LODGE, No. 90, I. O. O. F., Druid's Hall.—Officers and members will attend prompt Thursday evening, 8 p. m. Washington, No. 24, and Sumner, No. 277, will visit in a body. All are fraternally welcome. By order GEO. SCHENK, N. G. Attest: P. T. POWERS, Rec. Sec'y. 33

JOHN A. SLOAN COUNCIL, American Legion of Honor, No. 1162, will hold their regular meeting on to-morrow (Thursday) at 8 p. m., n. e. cor. Osage and Iowa av. Companions of sister councils courteously invited. By order JOHN J. MCCAULEY, Commander. Attest: FRANCIS A. TILLMAN, Secretary. 33

ST. LOUIS COUNCIL, 222, A. L. of H. will hold a regular meeting this (Wednesday) evening at 8 o'clock sharp; visitors fraternally invited. W. M. STANTON, Commander. [Attest.] GEO. W. SNELL. 33

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Clerks and Salesmen.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Situation by a city salesman or work of any kind. Address R 73, this office. 37

The Trades.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Experienced cutter and practical tailor wishes a position; city or country; very best reference. Address Box 123, Brunswick, Mo. 38

MEN'S footwear given away; Burt's, Nettleton's, Stacy Adams' hand-sewed shoes, button bals. and Congress, reduced from $6.50 to $3.50 at C. E. Hilt's great shoe sale, 616 Franklin av.

Boys.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Situation by a boy 17 years old having a good education, some experience, etc.; can give reference and bond if req. Address or apply Cashier, ... st. 42

Miscellaneous.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

... position by young man, aged 24, with ... collect, travel, or any business not ... Address R 71, this office. 43

... would like a situation either as dining-room ... houseman. Address B. C., 23d ... Central Baptist Church. 43

... as farm manager; have had ... best of references as to character ... R. Manley, Lake City. 43

... dealers, O here, if U want to ... experience, write to John J. ... late firm of Fuller & ... time, etc. 43

... —MALES.

... Salesmen.

... in the Sunday Post-...

... to sell first-class ... Wilcox, in store 54

... of James Means' ... at $2 at C. E. Hilt's

... SCHOOL,

... 210 N. 4th st. 54

... HAYWARD'S

... College, 618 and 620 ... Day and night session.

... Trades.

... the Sunday Post-Dispatch

... painter at P. Henckler & 58

Boys.

... advertise in the Sunday Post-...

... drive a cart, at 3945 Easton 61

... boy. Ringen Stove Co., 508 N. 61

... 16 years old, at 61

... boy for office, errands, etc. ... 12-14 S. Broadway. 61

... boy or young man to work in ... Address J 72, this office. 61

... colored boy to black boots and ... apply at 521 Market st. 61

... 7 years old to take care of ... Apply at 2229 Chestnut. 61

HELP WANTED—MALES.

Coachmen.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Coachman; must make himself generally useful. 413 Locust st. 55

Waiters.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—An experienced young colored man for dining-room work. 3414 Washington av. 57

Miscellaneous.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—A few good drivers; must be single. 1127 Montgomery st. 62

WANTED—A sober man to take care of cows and horses. Apply after 3 o'clock at 5145 Spaulding av. between King's highway and Union av. 62

WANTED—For February 1, seven young men to engage with Union Telegraph Company and learn telegraphing on our lines, and take situations paying from $65, $75, $85, $95, $100 to $125 per month. Apply to Supt., 102 N. 3d. 62

MEN'S rubbers, 25c, at C. E. Hilt's great shoe sale, 616 Franklin av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Stenographers.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—Situation by lady as stenographer, etc.; willing to commence with moderate salary. Address P 68, this office. 45

Clerks and Saleswomen.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—A young lady wishes position as copyist, writing and reading both German and English; best of city references. Address 4158 Easton av. 44

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Situation by dressmaker; will go out by the day or week. Address T 72, this office. 46

Housekeepers.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—A refined, quiet lady capable of housekeeping would like a nice steady place. Address C 73, this office. 47

General Housework.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—A girl wants a situation to do general housework. Rear 3918 Easton av. 48

WANTED—Situations by two girls as cook and housegirl. Address 2308 Biddle st. 48

WANTED—Situation by a girl 15 years old to assist in general housework. 1833 Division st. 48

WANTED—A situation by a middle-aged German woman for general housework. Apply at 1427 N. 12th st. 48

LADIES high button arctics reduced from $1.65 to $1 at C. E. Hilt's great shoe sale, 616 Franklin av.

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Cooks, Etc.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—Situation by a woman to cook, wash and iron. 1213 N. 9th st. 49

WANTED—Situations by two girls, one as cook, the other housegirl. 1607 Glasgow av. 49

WANTED—Two girls wish situations as first-class dish-washers and pastry cook. Call 1236 Wash. 49

WANTED—Situation by a colored woman with one child to cook and room at the same place. Call at 2200 Chestnut st.; basement. 49

WANTED—Young woman, American, wants a home in some good, respectable family for self and child; good cook and housekeeper. Address F 72, this office. 49

Nurses.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Situation by an experienced nurse girl. Call or address 924 N. 17th st. 50

WANTED—A girl wants situation to nurse and take care of children. 2320 Wash st., second floor, two days. 50

Laundresses.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—Washing and ironing to do in families by the day. Apply at 1607 Morgan st., second floor. 51

Miscellaneous.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Situation by a young lady in doctor's office. Address 4158 Easton av. 52

LADIES' rubbers 19c at C. E. Hilt's great shoe sale, 616 Franklin av.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

General Housework.

IF you want a good place the Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure it for you.

WANTED—A good housegirl at 2713 N. Broadway. 66

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. 2932 Locust st. 66

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework. Apply at 1122 Chouteau av. 66

WANTED—A German girl to do general housework. Apply 1700 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework; best city references. 2638 Chestnut st.

WANTED—German girl 12 to 14 years old for light housework in family of two. Ad. B 73, this office. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply 1611 Chestnut, Thursday and Friday, from 4 to 5 p. m. 66

WANTED—A good housegirl to assist in washing and ironing; German preferred. Apply 3023 Chestnut st. 66

Cooks.

IF you want a good place the Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure it for you.

WANTED—Girl to cook. Apply at 1813 Washington av. 68

WANTED—Immediately at 1124½ N. 8th st., first-class cook. 68

WANTED—Good cook; also general house girl. 3047 Easton av. 68

WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron in small family. Ad. 3404 Laclede av. 68

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron, in small family. Apply 2938 Locust st. 68

WANTED—Good girl to assist in cooking and help in the kitchen. 301-303 N. Main st. 68

WANTED—An experienced colored cook; also a good dining-room girl. 3414 Washington av. 68

WANTED—Two German girls, one cook, wash and iron, one for general housework. 1127 St. Ange av. 68

WANTED—Two first-class girls, one to cook, wash and iron, the other to do general housework; must have references. Apply at No. 3730 Delmar av. 68

Nurses.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—A nurse-girl at 1824 Mississippi av.; best of reference required. 70

Miscellaneous.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Lady, active and intelligent, located outside St. Louis, to represent, in her locality, an old firm; references exchanged; good salary. J. Blanchard, Supt., 34 Reade st., N. Y. 71

WANTED—A woman, active and intelligent, situated outside St. Louis, to represent in her locality a responsible house; references; permanent position. J. B. REYCRAFT, Supt., 34 Reade st., N. Y.

WANTED—For February 1, seven young ladies to engage with Union Telegraph Company and learn telegraphing on our lines and take situations paying from $65, $75, $85, 95, $100 to $125 per month. Apply to Supt., 102 N. 3d. 71

WANTED—AGENTS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Lady agents for our improved Combination Bustle-Skirt. Removable hoops. Can be laundried. Latest Paris styles. One agent sold 500 in Columbus last spring, and made $500. Spring trade now. Address with stamp, E. H. CAMBELL & CO., 484 W. Randolph St., Chicago. 73

BOOKS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Books—All kinds bought for cash. Call or send address. Book Exchange, 309 N. 9th. 28

PERSONALS.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.

PERSONAL—Hazel: Will be at place mentioned to-night at 8 p. m. Can't come Saturday. 1

PERSONAL—B.: Mailed you my address to-day. Send your own appointment, to which I will attend promptly; no signature needed. 1

PERSONAL—Gent aged 19 would like to form acquaintance of a young lady; object social amusement. Address E 73, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Young man would like the acquaintance of some young lady fond of social amusements and between 19 and 21 years of age. Address W 72, this office. 1

PERSONAL—A young gentleman living in Springfield, Ill., desires the acquaintance of a young lady or widow in said city; object, social amusement. Address A 73, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Gent residing in North St. Louis desires the acquaintance of a young lady or widow living in that part of town, who would appreciate a true friend; object, social amusements. Address, in full confidence, N 72, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive, baths; new assistants. See personal sundries.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

UNFORTUNATES look in the Sunday Post-Dispatch for those who can relieve them. 74

A LOT of D. W. Wright's hand-turn and hand-welts, French kid button boots, A, B, C and D widths, reduced from $5 and $6 to $2.50, at C. E. Hilt's great shoe sale, 616 Franklin av.

HIGHEST price paid for ladies' and gents' cast off clothing. Call or send postal, Truber, 705 and 707 N. 9th st. 74

IF you need a suit of clothes call and see the fine misfits at Dunn's Loan Office. 74

NOTICE TO HOUSEKEEPERS—Parties declining housekeeping and wishing to sell their household goods for cash would do well to call on or address 74 R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1005 Olive st.

WESTERN Awning Company, 708 N. 3d st., have for rent dancing tarpaulins. 74

1,000 BUSINESS cards for $1. H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 813 Locust st. 74

BOSTON STEAM DENTAL CO.,

No 615 Olive st., next to Barr's (formerly 802 Washington av.). The only place in the city where they make the very best sets of teeth for $7, and no charge for extracting. Gold fillings from $1.50 to $2; silver, platina and other fillings, 75c. Extracting teeth with vitalized air or gas, 25c. All work guaranteed first-class. DR. J. H. CASE, Manager. 74

DR. D. I. JOCELYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure; operations safe and sure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office, 517 Olive st. 74

MME. REIFSCHNEIDER, the celebrated fortune-teller and business adviser; tells past, present, future and guarantees all kinds of sympathy. 613 S. Broadway, between Cerre and Poplar. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Dossen, practical and competent midwife; business strictly confidential; attended to with board; charges reasonable. 115 S. 14th st. 74

REBECCA ADY, M. D., 1422 Olive st., electricity scientifically administered; baths of all kinds a luxury; patrons can have choice of male or female assistants; new assistants. 74

NONE CAN EQUAL
MRS. C. WILCUS,
FROM NEW ORLEANS.
Business Adviser and Spiritual Healer.
NO. 1400 OLIVE STREET.

Also sells all Dr. R. Janes' Family Medicines and all kinds of Abdominal Supporters for all female complaints. Those suffering from the following complaints should give her a call if you wish a quick relief of the following: Rheumatism, Epileptic Fits, Kidney and Liver Complaint, Catarrh in the Head, Cancer, Scrofula, Sore Eyes, Asthma, Chills and Fevers, Palsy, Coughs and Heavy Colds. Mrs. Wilcus sells all New Orleans Charms and Mesmeric Belts, which no one in business should be without, for it gives you good luck and changes all evil influences, and those believing themselves conjured or bewitched, done by your enemies, friends or relations. Gives you luck in all your business undertakings. The rich and the poor are all treated alike. Received a gold medal from the ladies of this city in 1884, and one from Chicago in 1885. Call early to avoid the rush. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Remember, she has no agents; all claiming such are frauds. 74

MRS. ROS.

SABINE!

Beyond all comparison the greatest living fortune-teller, business adviser and only genuine spiritual healer. Send for sworn testimonials. 801 N. 15th st., n. w. cor. 15th and Morgan sts. 74

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

A LOT Brown's French dressing, Cahill's Paris dressing, Brown's satin polish; all reduced from 10c to 4c; genuine T. M. blacking reduced from 5c to 3c, at C. E. Hilt's great shoe sale, 616 Franklin av.

COAL, 9 bu. $1; 18 bu. $2; 25 bu. $2.75; by the large load 11c per bu., at T. F. Carroll's, 2021 Franklin av. Send postal. 5

FOR SALE—A wardrobe. 1704 Linn st. 5

FOR SALE—Canaries; fine singers. 1300 Washington av. 5

FOR SALE—Cheap, walnut bed, bureau, washstand and wardrobe. 2606 Gamble st. 5

FOR SALE—A full-blooded St. Bernard pup, 2 months old. Inquire 3406 Olive st. 5

FOR SALE—A nice bed-room set, sideboard, cheap bedstead; all nearly new; will sell cheap. 2819 Clark av. 5

FOR SALE—A New Home sewing-machine in perfect order, with all the attachments, only $18. 2634 Geyer av. 5

FOR SALE—For half cost, a misfit suit of clothes; dark, frock coat, size 35; pants, size 30x32; cost $30. No. 3333 Second Carondelet av. 5

FOR SALE—At a reasonable price, the carpets, furniture and fixtures of a six-room house; owner moving East. Call Friday or Saturday at 1150 Leonard av. House for rent. Second-hand dealers need not call. 5

FOR SALE—One large safe, 2 trucks, 2 platform trucks, 1 floor scale, 1 counter scale, 2 skids, desks, office chairs, 1 large base-burner, 3 soft coal stoves, 1 spring wagon, 1 large wheelbarrow. 19 and 21 S. Second st. 5

SINGER Sewing Machines from $5 to $12, all in perfect order, at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

O. K. COAL DEALER delivers coal to any part of the building. Eight bushels, $1. Fourth and fifth floors extra. Order by mail or telephone No. 3181. Office, 822 N. 12th st.
C. F. WUESTENEY, Proprietor.

E. A. SKEELE WILL CUT

prices, for cash or time, till March 1, on Furniture, Stoves and Household goods of every description. Call before buying. 210 and 212 North 7th st. 5

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—Some one to adopt a healthy baby girl. Inquire at 1510 Biddle st. 26

WANTED—Some one to adopt a healthy new-born boy. Address D 73, this office. 26

WANTED—One or two Weston 10-light dynamos (old pattern preferred), with lamps, in good condition; state lowest price for dynamo and for lamps, and where can be seen. D. Devlin, Union Machine-shops, 4th and Valentine, St. Louis. 26

WANT advertisements in the Sunday Post-Dispatch will reach every reader.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Furnished room in quiet neighborhood for transient use. Address H 73, this office. 21

WANTED—A furnished room for two gents in respectable Jewish family. Address L 73, this office. 21

WANTED—By a teacher of music, a room where lessons in his profession may be considered as payment of rent. Address F 73, this office. 21

WANTED—By a young couple, 2 or 3 unfurnished rooms for housekeeping; rent must be reasonable and must have fire grate if possible. Address J 73, this office. 21

WANTED—PARTNERS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Partner with $200 in paying patent-right business; good security and large profits; at once. Address N 73, this office. 23

BUSINESS CHANCES.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Capital to push; large profits roasting coffee; new process. Ad. S 72, this office. 2

WANTED—A party having $100 can buy one of the most money-making businesses in the United States. Direct to M 73, this office. 3

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

118 N. 14TH ST.—Two large furnished front rooms, and hall-room, $5 per month; also one large unfurnished room. 13

303 N. 12TH ST.—Nicely furnished front rooms with fire and gas; rent reasonable. 13

504 MARKET ST.—Large furnished room with fire; $5 a month. 13

523 FRANKLIN AV.—Three rooms on upper floor; all conveniences; a suitable location for small family. Apply third floor left. 13

707 CHOUTEAU AV.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping on second floor, or for 2 gents. 13

711 N. JEFFERSON AV.—Good rooms for one or two persons. 13

713 MORGAN ST.—One furnished room suitable for light housekeeping; rent cheap. 13

815 S. 8TH ST.—One room and kitchen, furnished for housekeeping. 13

822 PINE ST.—Rooms warm day and night, down town; transient and permanent. 13

906 ST. CHARLES ST.—Comfortable furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. 13

914 S. 14TH ST.—One or two rooms for light housekeeping. 13

923 N. 13TH ST.—One or two furnished or unfurnished rooms. 13

1220 PINE ST.—One newly-furnished room, with fire; $2.50 per week. 13

1310 CHESTNUT ST.—Two unfurnished rooms, $6 per month; front furnished $2 per week; respectable only. 13

1412 OLIVE ST.—Nicely-furnished rooms for transient use. 13

1507 S. 8TH ST.—4 nice rooms, hall and hall-room; 1st floor; $13. 13

1601 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms, 2d and 3d stories, gas, bath and all conveniences; front-hall room, $8 per month. 13

1608 MORGAN ST.—Large furnished front room; suitable for one or two gents. 13

1625 S. JEFFERSON AV.—6 rooms, one block west Lafayette park; $20. 13

1627 WASHINGTON AV.—Pleasant, nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences. 13

1811 BIDDLE ST.—Two very choice rooms, nicely furnished. 13

1907 MARKET ST.—Nicely furnished front room, first floor, for housekeeping; $9 per month. 13

2110 OLIVE ST.—Two furnished rooms, 2d floor front and adjoining; singly or en suite. 13

2615 PINE ST.—Large, handsomely furnished front room with board; all conveniences; references exchanged. 13

2644 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely-furnished room for two gents or man and wife; $8. 13

2805 LACLEDE AV.—Two unfurnished front rooms or half of six-room house; bath; $10 or $14. 13

2820 STODDARD ST.—Four rooms and kitchen; second floor. 13

2925 OLIVE ST.—Two elegant, furnished front rooms, single or en suite; $12 and $8; private family. 13

3139 SHERIDAN AV.—Four rooms on second floor with all modern improvements. 13

3905 MORGAN ST.—Pleasant furnished room for one or two gents on the cable line; gas, etc. 13

FOR RENT—Large front room, furnished, second floor, for light housekeeping or gents. 1236 Clark av. 13

THOSE who wish a wide circulation for their wants should try the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

1709 DOLMAN ST.—4-room flat, second floor. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

BOARDING.

923 N. EWING AV.—Convenient to two cable car lines, furnished rooms with board in a private family. 18

1012 S. 12TH ST.—Furnished rooms for rent, with or without board. 18

1309 GRATTAN ST.—Second-story front room, with or without board. 18

1426 N. 9TH ST.—A middle-aged lady (German) wishes to board one or two small children. 18

1608 WASH ST.—Furnished rooms, single or en suite, with or without board. 18

2026 PINE ST.—Nicely-furnished rooms; with or without board; private family. 18

2113 LUCAS PLACE—Elegantly furnished front room; southern ex.; first-class board. 18

2507 SPRING AV.—Front room, first floor, furnished, cheap; two gentlemen or couple, with or without board; can have use of guitar. 18

2606 LOCUST—Two handsome fur. sunny rooms; suit or single; good board; hot bath; furnace, etc. 18

3056 SHERIDAN AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms; large grounds; first-class board. 18

3136 OLIVE ST.—A pleasant room, with breakfast and tea, in private family. 18

3137 CHESTNUT ST.—Two nicely-furnished rooms, with or without board. Ref. ex. 18

BOARD—The St. James Hotel will make a very low rate for guests by the week or month; see their rooms and get prices before locating for the winter. 18

BOARDERS are secured by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 18

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

2722 CHESTNUT ST.—Stone-front 8-room house with all conveniences; furnished or unfurnished; reference required; no children. 14

4038 FINNEY AV.—Six-room house; 50-foot lot; carriage shed and stable. 14

CONSULT your interests by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

FOR RENT—Lower half of fur. house; suitable for light housekeeping. Apply 3018 Clark av. 15

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

THE merchant always looks in the Sunday Post-Dispatch if he wants a new store. 17

823 LOCUST ST.—New 5-story store, well lighted and elevators; suitable for a wholesale house. 17 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR RENT—An unfurnished front room; suitable for a doctor's office; been used as such for years. Apply to 2308 Chouteau av. 17

IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

IF you wish to sell your house or to buy one call and see us; have a corner on vacant lots. Money to loan; any amount in sums to suit. C. C. Logan & Co., 808 Pine st. Phone 478. 7

REAL ESTATE
FOR SALE.
PRICE CURRENT,
FEBRUARY.
FISHER & CO.,
714 CHESTNUT.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

SAVE RENT

And buy your home in the sub. of South Benton and Clifton Heights; only $50 required and lot furnished. House built to suit purchaser at rent prices; fare 4 cents. Address W. D. Buchanan, 7008 Old Manchester rd. At home on Sundays. 9

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

LOST—Envelope containing $15, marked W. M. Williamson. Finder will be rewarded by calling at 706 N. Main st. 30

LOST—Black fur glove, left hand. Finder please return to Missouri Pacific office, 7th and Poplar, room 21, and receive reward. 30

LOST—Small fat female dog, gray and black spotted, name Gypsy. Reward will be paid for information or return to 112 N. 14th st., or 405 Lucas av. 30

LOST—At Grand Opera-house Tuesday night, a large envelope containing mining stocks, notes and other valuable papers of no value except to owner. A liberal reward will be paid for return of same to Post-Dispatch. 30

LOST—On Broadway or Market street, between Olympic Theater and Grand Opera-house, a sealskin gauntlet glove. The finder will be rewarded by returning the same to the ticket office of the Grand Opera-house.

LOST—On Sunday last, a brindle bull terrier bitch. A reward of $5 will be paid to any one who will return her and any one holding her after this notice will be prosecuted. Tom Kelly, northwest corner Grand and Cass aves. 30

FINANCIAL.

BORROWERS are found by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 31

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upward to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 1003 Pine st. 31

TO LOAN—$10,000, $8,000, $5,000, $3,000, $2,500, $2,000, $1,500, $1,000 and $500 at 6 per cent, on city real estate. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, pistols, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 31

MONEY LOANED—$5 and upwards, on furniture without removal; also on any good personal securities. My terms are the best in the city. M. E. Dougan, 719½ Pine st., up-stairs. 31

MONEY to loan on furniture, pianos, etc. Room 23, Oak Hall block, northeast corner Washington av. and 4th st. 31

$25 TO $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 818 Chestnut st.

CASH loaned from $50 up on furniture, St. Louis real estate, or other good securities, at less than usual rates. Brolaski & Voorhis Financial Co., 111 N. 8th st. Telephone 453. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rate. John C. King, 813 Morgan. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal, in sums to suit; business confidential; no commission charged. O. C. Volker, 714 Pine, room 14.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

FOR SALE—Small grocery and vegetable store; good stand; cheap rent; invoice. Apply to J. Strickland, 612 S. Broadway. 4

FOR SALE—JEWELRY STORE.

First-class location. Inquire of M. Eisenstadt Jewelry Company. 4

STORAGE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

STORAGE for furniture, etc.; new warehouse; clean, dry; low rates. Brolaski & Voorhis Financial Co., 111 N. 8th st. Telephone 453. 81

STORAGE—For furniture, pianos, carriages, trunks, etc.; inspection solicited; get our rates; money advanced; careful moving, packing and shipping, etc. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1005 Olive st. 81

ST. LOUIS Storage, Packing and Moving Company. Estimates furnished for packing, shipping and moving furniture. See our large vans for removing furniture carefully. 2722 Franklin av. Telephone No. 3084. 81

STORAGE-MOVING!
Furniture, Pianos, Household Goods.

The largest, safest and best storage rooms in the city for furniture, pianos, boxes, trunks and valuable goods of all kinds at lowest rates; cash advances made on same when desired; moving furniture, pianos and household goods from house to house done by experienced men. Packing furniture, pianos, pictures, china, glassware, etc., for shipping a specialty. WM. C. LANGAN & CO.,
81 1003 and 1005 Morgan st.

EVERY want of man or woman is represented in our Sunday want columns.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

FOR SALE—One horse and wagon. 1726 N. 10th st. 12

FOR SALE—Top buggies, park, grocery, baker, butcher and dry goods wagons. 1604 N. Broadway.

FOR SALE—A first-class three-spring covered wagon, with horse and harness; cheap for cash. 1346 Glasgow av. 12

ALL SORTS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WOODEN soles for shoes; a guarantee against cold; $1 per pair. Grossat, patentee, 611 Cerre st. 32

TIME TABLE
Of Trains Running into the
Union Depot.
ST. LOUIS TIME.

*Except Sunday; †Daily; ‡Except Saturday; ‡Except Monday; ¶ Monday.

	Depart.	Arrive.
CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.		
Chicago Express Mail	8:30 am	7:25 pm
Kansas City Mail	8:40 am	6:00 pm
Through Chicago Express	4:50 pm	10:35 am
Jacksonville Accommodation	5:00 pm	12:00 pm
Chicago Lightning Express	7:55 pm	7:35 am
Kansas City Night Express	8:40 pm	7:15 am
CAIRO SHORT LINE RAILROAD.		
New Orleans Fast Line	7:25 pm	8:30 pm
Memphis Express	7:25 am	8:10 am
Cairo, Tenn. & Texas Ex. daily	7:25 pm	8:30 pm
El. & Parker City Ex., ex. Sund.	4:20 pm	12:00 m
OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY. 10 hours to Cin. & Lou. 4 Solid trains. Sleepers to Cin., Lou., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York.		
Cincinnati & Louisville Accom.	6:25 am	7:22 pm
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phil. & New York	8:00 am	6:40 pm
Cincinnati Express	8:00 pm	7:20 am
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phil. & New York	8:00 pm	7:45 am
Salem Accommodation	5:15 pm	8:45 am
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.		
Houston & Galveston	8:25 pm	5:35 pm
San Antonio	8:25 pm	6:40 am
CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD.		
St. Paul, Dubuque, Omaha and Denver Express	8:30 am	5:20 pm
La Crosse, Omaha, Lincoln and Denver Express	8:30 pm	6:50 am
ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY.		
St. Paul, Omaha, Denver and Lincoln Express	9:20 am	6:00 pm
Spirit Lake, Omaha, Cedar Rapids and Denver Express	8:15 pm	6:30 am
WABASH RAILWAY.		
Chicago Local Mail	7:05 am	7:30 pm
Chicago Fast Express	[illegible]	6:15 pm
New York Fast Express	7:55 am	6:15 pm
Decatur and Jacksonville Accommodation	5:05 pm	11:00 am
New York and Boston Fast Exp	[illegible]	7:45 am
Chicago Night Express	[illegible]	7:30 am
Peoria Night Express	[illegible]	7:30 am
WABASH WESTERN RAILWAY.		
Through Mail and Express	8:25 am	6:15 pm
Kansas City, St. Joe and St. Paul Fast Line	9:00 am	7:10 pm
Montgomery Accommodation	5:00 pm	11:55 am
Omaha, Des Moines and St. Paul Express	8:00 pm	6:50 am
Kansas City and St. Joseph Express	8:35 pm	6:40 am
ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.		
Through Mail	8:15 am	6:15 pm
Through Express	8:15 pm	[illegible]
LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE & ST. LOUIS R. R. (The Air Line.)		
Louisville Day Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisville Night Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.		
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	[illegible]	[illegible]
Southern Fast Line	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	[illegible]	[illegible]
Belleville Accommodation	[illegible]	[illegible]
Southern Fast Line	[illegible]	[illegible]
MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.		
Fast Mail	[illegible]	[illegible]
Local Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Washington Acc. Sunday only	[illegible]	[illegible]
Day Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fast Line daily	[illegible]	[illegible]
MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.		
New Orleans and Florida Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cairo and Chester Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
VANDALIA LINE.		
Indianapolis Acc. exc. Sunday	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fast Line, daily	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago Express exc. Sunday	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y., Balt. & Wash. Exp. daily	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago Night Exp. exc. Sunday	[illegible]	[illegible]
Effingham Accom. exc. Sunday	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cincin. Day Exp., daily	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cincin. Night Express, daily	[illegible]	[illegible]
ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL.		
Bowling Green and Hannibal	[illegible]	[illegible]
Local Accommodation	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Charles and St. Louis Mail and Express	[illegible]	11:55 am
ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN RAILWAY.		
Houston & Galves. L'd Fast Mail	[illegible]	[illegible]
Texas Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Orleans, Nashville and Atlanta Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Memphis Fast Line	[illegible]	[illegible]
California Express	[illegible]	[illegible]

LYNCH THEM! LYNCH THEM!
THEY SELL TOO CHEAP!

Is the CRY OF OUR COMPETITORS. But no highway robbers are we. HONEST VALUES, LATEST STYLES, LOWEST PRICES—these are OUR INDUCEMENTS, and they make a running card every time. We must have room for spring stock, and lower still go prices.

Boys' $10 Suits and Overcoats .... At $5.00
Boys' $5 Suits and Overcoats .... At $2.45
Men's Fine Tailor-Made $20 Suits and Overcoats .... At $10.00
Children's $5 Suits and Overcoats .... At $3.00
Children's $2 Suits and Overcoats .... At 75c
Men's $10 All-Wool Cassimere Suits .... At $5.65
Men's $7.50 Fur Beaver Overcoats .... At $3.95
Men's $4 Overcoats .... At $1.25
All-Wool Red Flannel Underwear .... At 35c
Linen and Percale Shirts, re-enforced .... At 35c
Men's $2.50 Stiff Hats .... At $1.25
Boys' Polo Caps .... At 9c
Men's Fine $3.50 Calf Shoes .... At $2.50
Ladies' Fine Kid Button $2.50 Shoes .... At $1.50
Odds and ends of Fine Clothing .... Cut in half

GLOBE,

705, 707, 709, 711 and 713 FRANKLIN AV.

Largest Shoe and Clothing Establishment in the West. ☞ Open until 9 p. m.; Saturday until 11 p. m.

DOCTOR
WHITTIER

617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A Regular Graduate of three medical colleges, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know. Consultation at office or by mail, free and invited. A friendly talk or opinion costs nothing. When inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines sent by mail or express everywhere, securely packed, free from observation. Curable cases guaranteed; where doubt exists it is frankly stated. Hours: 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.; 3 p. m. to 8 p. m.; Sunday, 11 to 1.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of sight, Perverted Vision, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Want of Pleasure in Life, Want of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, stunted Development, Loss of Power, Pains in the Back, etc., are treated with unparalleled success. Safely, privately. Curable cases guaranteed.

Blood Impurities and Blood Poisoning, Mercurial and other Affections of Throat, Skin and Bones, Blotches, Eruptions, Old Sores and Ulcers, Painful Swellings, Bone Pains, Falling Hair, from whatever cause, positively and forever driven from the system, by means of safe, time-tested remedies. Stiff and swollen joints and rheumatism, the result of blood poisoning, positively cured.

Unnatural discharges promptly cured without nauseous drugs, privately, safely.

Catarrh, Throat, Nose, Lung Diseases,

Constitutional and Acquired Weaknesses of Both Sexes treated successfully; also Piles.

It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill. Age and Experience are Important. In this oldest office in America every known help is resorted to, and the Proved-Good Remedies of all ages and countries are used. My charges for medicines are as low as can be made. I use only the best. Very cheap medicines are dangerous and useless; avoid them. On account of the great number of cases applying, the charges are kept low, often lower than is demanded by others, and knowing what to do, NO EXPERIMENTS ARE MADE. If you secure the skill and get a speedy and perfect cure, that is the important matter.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price, $1 a bottle.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

BEFORE JUDGE NOONAN.

How Frank Tessmer Led a Young Girl to Ruin—Other Cases.

Frank Tessmer, an employe of Woodward & Tiernan, and residing on Twelfth street, between O'Fallon street and Cass avenue, had a preliminary hearing on a charge of enticing from home a female under age for immoral purposes. The testimony showed that Tessmer had taken Martha Mahon, aged 17 years, residing at 1400 North Thirteenth street, to a ball on the night of December 10, and took her to a disreputable house where she remained for a week. Judge Noonan held the man for the Grand-jury in $1,500 bond, remarking that he intended to prevent the ruining of girls under age.

Aaron Block, the old-time lottery dealer, was fined $200 for selling lottery tickets. This is a rather steep fine, and Block immediately filed a motion for a new trial.

Ernest Goffinet was fined $50 on a charge of petit larceny. This is a rather peculiar one. He was bartender for John McEachin, who keeps a saloon at No. 314 Chestnut street, and on leaving McEachin's employ kept two account books belonging to the latter. He alleged that the saloon-keeper owed him money and that he held the books to secure its payment. McEachin denied owing him money. A motion for a new trial was filed by Goffinet.

Fred Rose was given thirty days in the Work-house for stealing a pig of lead, valued at $8, from Henry Gerke.

William Wood, charged with petit larceny, was tried and discharged.

The case of Peter Hembach, charged with assault and battery, was dismissed for want of prosecution.

A nolle prosequi was entered in the wife-abandonment case of Frank Nee.

Second District Police Court.

In the Second District Police Court this morning a decision was rendered in the case of the city against Thos. Stringer, who was tried last week on a charge of enlarging and altering a building used as a slaughter-house at Twentieth and Benton streets, without submitting plans and specifications to the Building Commissioners. The defendant was discharged. On a previous occasion Mr. Stringer was brought before the Court on the same case and discharged on account of the case being brought under an ordinance that had not been violated. Chas. Green, a young hoodlum who has been giving the police much trouble of late was up on the charge of disturbing the peace, but his case was continued until February 4. David Lippman and Ben Schurman were fined $5 each for loitering, and John B. Higgins $10 for being drunk on the street. There were three cases against butchers for failing to take out license and all were continued. The butchers hope that a decision will be reached in their cases in the Supreme Court during the present month which will settle the license question.

The Poor.

Cases of destitution are reported by the police:

John Luby, wife and two small children, residing at 1219 Collins street. Luby has been sick four months.

Hamilton Lee, wife and three children, residing at No. 1406 Gay street. Lee is sick.

Albert Horstman, wife and two small children, one 3 and the other 7 years of age, living in a rear room on the second floor of No. 1233 Biddle street. Horstman is sick.

Mrs. Jane McCarver, widow, and 3-year-old child, living at 912 Palm street.

New Warrants.

Charles Williams is charged with stealing bacon from Mrs. Buttenberg.

Edward Lake charges George McKnight with the larceny of two silver spoons.

"DOM" WAS DOWNED.

M'CAFFREY BEATEN BY DEMPSEY AT ALL POINTS OF THEIR FIGHT.

The Clever Tactics of the "Nonpareil" Prove a Humiliating Thing for the Pittsburg Man—A Crowd That Kicked About Waiting, But Was Much Pleased With the Sport—The Fight in Detail.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, February 1.—Hundreds of people greeted McCaffrey and Dempsey at the Pavonia Rink in Jersey City last night. At the lowest calculation there was $6,000 taken in at the door. The long, tedious wait was a most unwarranted and vexatious imposition on a gathering that paid well for its tickets, but the set-to, when it came, was worth many times what it had cost. The "Nonpareil" proved the better man. He did more. He fairly astonished the Pittsburg champion and his many friends by the clever way he landed his hits almost when and where he liked, and McCaffrey could no more hit him than he could have hit a hardly more elusive shadow. McCaffrey tried time and again to land his powerful right. Dempsey was either easily out of distance or he let the danger glide gently round the back of his neck or over the top of his head. Dominick tried to

MAKE AN IMPRESSION

that he was doing all the following up, but the effect of his stopping occasionally to show disgust at his opponent's elusive style of fighting was frequently spoiled by Dempsey's bumping in almost before Mac could get his hands up and planting one or two. McCaffrey, clever boxer and good fellow as he is, was most decidedly downed by a man something like twenty-five pounds his inferior in weight. He stood in his corner, after Referee Jere Dunn gave his decision, with marred face and dejection on every feature.

The crowd who had paid their good money to come to see the fight were compelled to wait and wait and wait for the stars of the evening to appear. The preliminary "bouts" and set-tos usual to such occasions were lived through bravely enough. The sporting man who had kindly consented to act as "master of ceremonies," appeared at 8:30 and made a few "announcements," among which was one that there would be a set-to between two lesser men, "after which, etc., etc." The crowd waited patiently a long, long time, and varied the monotony by smoking.

THE FIGHT.

Finally the preliminaries were over and then it was announced that the event of the evening, the ten-round contest between Dempsey and McCaffrey, would take place. A long and tiresome wait followed, and patience was just about to cease being a virtue, when the two men were introduced to the audience. Then came a protracted discussion as to the referee, and the crowd heaved a sigh of relief when it was announced that Jerre Dunn had consented to act in that capacity. McCaffrey had selected his friends Alf Lunn and Jimmy Patyson to act as his seconds, and Dempsey's wants were looked after by Denny Costigan and Billy Madden. When the hands of the various watches in the crowd pointed somewhere in the neighborhood of midnight the cry of "Time" brought the men to their feet. Dominick opened well and with much apparent confidence and right away went in to do some forcing. But the "Nonpareil" stood his guard well. Both were shifty enough. McCaffrey's left was short and two quick ones from Dempsey, one on the brow and the other on the nose, brought "Dom" to his senses. He drew back and began to play again but Dempsey slipped from him like a cat.

In the second round the sparring was lively enough for the first half, but no harm had been done as yet. Then Dempsey began his wheeling tactics which resulted in a hard one on the eye from Dempsey and a sickener in the stomach.

DEMPSEY'S GREAT WORK.

In the third round Dempsey scored two clean points before "Mac" was awake, and two more after he had landed lightly on Jack's face. McCaffrey did some clever stopping in this round, but the points and the attacks were all in favor of his opponent.

Rounds 4, 5 and 6 were somewhat after the fashion of the others, all in Dempsey's favor. The big man would wait patiently, then lead, but invariably his antagonist was out of reach, stopped him cleverly, or countered effectively. It was evident that for science Dempsey was an indisputable favorite and the odds were long on his endurance. As yet McCaffrey had all his fighting to do but when he tried to do it Dempsey eluded him so nicely that he could not touch the man. The middleweight danced around his big opponent like an Indian and peppered him, face, breast and stomach. In the tenth and the last round Dominick's face began to grow purple, his cheeks began to puff out and his forehead to bulge. His left eye was palpably damaged.

Dempsey was as fresh as a daisy at the end of the fight, and when the referee decided in his favor he was greeted with prolonged applause. McCaffrey will suffer some in reputation by losing this fight. The men fought with 5-ounce mittens.

Dempsey received a guarantee of $1,000 for facing McCaffrey.

Humane Ladies.

The regular meeting of the Golden Chain, which is the ladies' branch of the Humane Society, was held at the Anderson mansion on Tuesday afternoon. There was a large attendance, and a deep interest in the work and welfare of the mission was manifested. The ladies are entering into the spirit of the cause with a vim and promise to show the local Humane Society how to become prosperous and active. The chief topics under discussion were the relations of the ladies' branch to the parent society and ways and means of raising the funds requisite for carrying on the work. A number of new members were enrolled, among whom were Mesdames D. W. Walker, H. W. Allen, Rivers Merriwether, Opal, Homer, Austin, Yocum, W. B. Anderson, St. John, Womack, Peacocke and Wise, Misses Maisie Walker, Estelle Murphy, Grenman, Hinchcliff and Nancy Moffic. The honorary members received were Messrs. James Peacocke, T. F. Brooks, Oscar Bradford, Semple Ames, Yocum and Koger.

To-morrow the members of the branch will attend the meeting of the Humane Society at the Armory.

Judge Cady Sick.

There was no session of the First District Police Court this morning, Judge Cady being ill. There were twenty-three cases on the docket. A nolle prosequi was entered in the only case of drunk on the docket, that of Walter ..., and he was released. All the other cases were ... until to-morrow.

BILL NYE IN WASHINGTON.

He Refutes Some Vile Partisan Slander About Himself and the President.

Correspondence of the New York World.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 27.—I had not intended to speak of my visit here at all, and especially my call at the White House on Monday, but as the call was shortly prior to the regular 1:30 reception, and enemies of the President have stated that the public reception was delayed for nearly an hour by my visit and that Mr. Cleveland was in the Red room having fun with me when he ought to have been in the east room attending to his business, I have decided to state briefly the facts in the form of a card.

Mr. Charles Dickens, with his wife and daughter, Maj. Pond and I called at the White House at 1 o'clock to afford the President an opportunity of meeting us, and although we remained for twenty minutes, perhaps, after the 1:30 limit, I do not think that the President should be docked for the lost time.

Mr. Cleveland is a heavy-set, home-made man, in the prime of life, dressed in a long frock coat and a short breath. He was not startled when he learned who we were, but controlled himself and talked pleasantly about our common country.

He did not seem to repine over his hard lot nor murmur because the republic gives him a fine home in Washington and then comes there and lives on the first floor itself. He says he feels the lack of an opportunity for exercise more than anything else, as he used to have his lodgings at one place, his meals at another and his office at another. This gave him plenty of walking to do before he came to Washington, while now willing hands bring him business enough to keep him going all the time without his having to leave the house.

The President has a joyful way of talking about general subjects till the time set for you to leave him, so that when you get outside the large gate you suddenly remember that you did not refer to the matter you went there to see him about. It has been reported that my business with him was of an important character, involving the future policy of the Administration, but such is not the case. I went there in a purely social way to talk over old times and ask him if I could be of any service to him.

He is certainly a very courteous man, and laughed at things I said there in a light tone of badinage, bonhomme and persiflage, which my wife has long since ceased to smile at.

Mr. Cleveland showed us the Blue Room, the Red Room, the cook-room and furnace. We roamed around over the White House, looked at the buttery and found everything all right. Mrs. Cleveland is a good housekeeper. She is keeping houseplants this winter, and her scarlet geraniums and verbenas are looking first-rate. Mr. Cleveland hates to go down and agitate the furnace at 1 or 2 o'clock in the morning during the cold weather, but he claims that he would rather do it than lose a verbena that is just ready to bloom.

Mrs. Cleveland is certainly running the White House in a very creditable manner, and the kitchen floor is clean enough to eat from without a table cloth. Company don't seem to confuse her as I thought it would, and she and the President set a good deal by one another. He pines for a good chance to live where he could run a mile or two every day to catch a boat, and thus reduce his surplus, for he says he always feels kind of sheepish to walk around through the White House grounds with no object. He likes to shake hands with people in the East Room, and does not seem to be afraid that some rude assassin may come in on him and mar his peace and joy.

There was nothing said during our conference that I would hesitate to repeat here, or that will make any vital changes in the general policy of the Government. I said that it looked like a backward spring in Dakota, and that this would pass for a pretty hard winter on stock, but I do not remember anything else that seemed to bear on the public welfare in any way whatever.

Our party visited the Treasury Department for an hour in the morning, and brightened up Secretary Fairchild's office for a part of that time. We were told by the Secretary that soon a quantity of silver would be removed from the Philadelphia Mint to Washington, in order to relieve the strain on Philadelphia. A rough calculation as to transportation showed that it would require 138 freight cars to convey it to the Treasury.

This gave me added confidence in the Government, and when I went down-stairs and saw the bales of currency and haymows of bonds and vast cellars full of coin I said to myself that I would never again turn up my nose at a greenback.

There is a lady in the Redemption Department who can tell what denomination a bill was before it was burned and apparently destroyed by fire. She would be almost invaluable during the resurrection, I should think.

We also visited the Capitol. Our time was limited, and so we could not visit both houses of Congress. We were as undecided as Mr. Clemens, the humorous publisher of religious works, who was once asked where he thought he would go when he died. He said he was undecided, as he had friends in both places.

We finally visited the Senate and heard Mr. Frye make his tariff speech. Mr. Frye has an earnest and vigorous manner and made a good speech. During a speech opposing Senators break in on each other and pound each others' desks in a violent manner, after which they shake hands and appear perfectly friendly. Their bitterness towards each other reads well in the home papers and does not in any way interfere with their Washington friendship.

While here Mr. Dickens and Maj. Pond and I were under the charge of Senator Preston B. Plumb of Kansas, who is as broad and sunny in his nature as the boundless prairies of his mighty State. He was very polite to us, and he deserves a four-line notice at this point.

I hope to visit Washington again during the winter and write a piece for the paper about it. I cannot remain now, because I must get my plug hat groomed and jacked up, but the guests of Willard's Hotel will see me there before the robins nest again.

I forgot to state that in the evening I witnessed "The Old Homestead" at the National Theatre. Mrs. Cleveland attended and sat on my right. It was nothing more than right that she should. She laughed heartily all through the play, and when old Josh was aroused in the night by the cry of fire and jerked his old trunk through the parlor while clad in a long, white, full night-dress, she smiled audibly in a small lace handkerchief which must have cost at least 89 cents.

She was dressed in good taste and looked first rate. She seemed perfectly unconscious of the fact that she was feasting her eyes on the play while the audience feasted its eyes on her.

When I visit Washington again I may allude to the House and refer to the monument, which was pointed out to me by every one I met. Washington is like a large and flourishing county seat, and every little while you see a man who would like to be drawn on the Grand-jury.

BILL NYE.

Eve in Sealskin.

From the Columbus (Ga.) Enquirer-Sun.

Woman has a mania for long things; long hair, long dresses, long ribbons, long letters, long postscripts, long time to dress, long rides, long walks, long dry goods bills and long memory. * * * Woman has also a craving for high things; high-heeled shoes, high hats, high diet, high family, high place in society, high voice, high resolves, high temper and high prices. But for all the intricacies of her nature and the weakness of her mind I love her. She is an epitome of all that is pure and holy on earth. She is not an angel; but a man would prefer a true woman on earth to all the angels in Heaven. It is woman that rocks the cradle, and woman rules the world. When the mind of the little child reaches out like the young and tender vine sending out its tendrils to grasp its stay and support, it is the pure woman who cuts away the poisonous weeds and rubbish and supplies a wholesome network for it to live upon. When man, worn and weary with the toils of life or sinking beneath the weight of misfortune, is ready to give up all hope, it is a loving wife who bravely bears with him his troubles, and inspires him with renewed hope and vigor to put his shoulder to the wheel of his broken fortune and regain the position he has lost. Around the bed of affliction woman is the balm in Gilead, and the memory of Mme. Roland and Florence Nightingale has diffused a halo of purity and holiness about the name of woman that endureth forever.

"Oh, woman, in our hours of ease
Uncertain, coy and hard to please,
When pain and anguish wring the brow,
A ministering angel thou!"

A Mexican Snake Story.

From the Two Republics.

A family in San Luis Potosi possessed a very fine rattlesnake. They had captured it by means of a forked stick when it was but a baby and succeeded in domesticating it. In the course of years it grew to be 14 feet in length and became tame and playful, never showing the slightest symptom of anger when handled by the children, but it would not allow its rattles to be touched. It became very much attached to its master and would follow him around the house like a dog. During the recent storm in San Luis many of the houses were struck by lightning. The bolts were falling [illegible] the snake from childhood. Nobly determined to die for its benefactors the serpent crawled up the outside walls of the house, and mounting the roof it stood on its head in a perpendicular position for the space of several minutes, shaking its rattles violently at the heavens, like Ajax defying the lightning. The electricity attracted by this living lightning-rod reduced to ashes the noble animal and also the house. There is no use in letting the American papers have a monopoly of these snake stories.

A JAPANESE CLUB-HOUSE.

Romantic Origin of "The Maple House"—A Bevy of Beauties.

Tokio Correspondence San Francisco Examiner.

The Maple House is one of the select clubs of Japan, to which only the higher classes are admitted. My influential friend came into play again, and I had the pleasure of enjoying its entertainment. The history of the club is founded upon the fact that some years ago somebody carved a piece of wood in some fantastic shape, and placed it in a beautiful lake near by. Shortly afterwards it was noticed that this carving had sprouted, and they planted it on a hill adjoining, where it flourished and formed a beautiful grove. The autumn foliage of these maple trees is a most beautiful sight and quite different from anything I have ever before seen. In fact, this impresses you about every tree you see in Japan that you have seen in other places. It improves in appearance and seems of prettier foliage. Amid this grove stands the Maple House, built and furnished in Japanese style and of large size. The doctor had heard me admire some of the pretty girls in the tea-houses, and said he would show the "Americano" some beauties, and one who could talk English. He then took me to his club, and as we approached it asked if we should sit on the porch or go inside. Having a holy horror of going barefooted and having cold feet, I selected the porch, but changed my mind and went idside. In Japan, when you wish to call for a servant, you do so by clapping hands three times, which brings them from all sides. It was very evident that sometime during his life the doctor had been an old stager, as he was most heartily welcomed by all. They finally brought cushions for us to sit on—finely embroidered with maple leaves. The tea service, waiters, glasses, all were decorated with maple leaves. The cakes and candies were all in the shape of and represented autumn leaves in all tints. Very pretty and charming young ladies were in attendance, with complexions as clear as alabaster—not laid on by the bottle, either—their beauty being only marred by red-painted lips. They waited on us very cutely, but yet the doctor was not satisfied, and kept sending for "Conny," who finally came. She spoke English in the sweetest tones. We were served by the young ladies on their knees, and looking so sweetly that I not only mashed "Conny," but also the other three. All Japanese girls are very modest and bashful, and my American style of mashing nearly paralyzed the young dames. Passing around to the front I began to realize the swell crowd I was in by seeing the carriages and hacks, with all sorts of coat-of-arms and liveried servants literally covered with solid gold braid.

The Deer Range of the Northwest.

From the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

The great deer range is in Northern Wisconsin, across Minnesota to Dakota, and covers the country adjacent to Brush City and Princeton and to the north of Brainerd. There are very few deer on the Red Lake Reservation, and very few about Duluth, because the wolves are so numerous in the counties adjacent. The wolves drive the deer out. At the extreme frontier the deer are found in good condition. They breed in the timber and remain there during the summer, and are driven out by the wolves in the fall. Between the Indians and the wolves many deer are wastefully destroyed. It is necessary to kill the wolves to keep the deer crop, and the bounty is doing some good. But the deer are not getting exterminated. You might as well talk about exterminating the ducks, cranes, gulls, pelicans and all kinds of water-fowl which breed up in the Peace River country, 1,500 miles northwest of Winnipeg. There are about twenty thousand saddles of venison handled here a year. Sometimes this amount is exceeded, as in 1878, when the prairie fires got into the timber and drove the deer into the settlements. One firm here dresses five or six hundred deerskins a year. The deer fur is of no commercial value, but the skin is made into moccasins and into the buckskin of the stores.

A Dozen Facts Worth Knowing.

The sure preventive of cholera is cleanliness.

Bath-rooms should not open into sleeping apartments.

Antique oak or cherry is the favorite wood for bed-room sets.

Pine pillows are used on library lounges as inciting slumber.

Keep a separate saucepan for boiling potatoes in if possible.

The oftener flour is sifted for sponge cake the lighter the cake will be.

The water in which codfish has been soaked is very good for washing the zinc under the stove.

Bath-room accessories may be simple or elegant, but plenty of water and soap are within the reach of all.

Take a bucket of fresh water into your bed-room every night and let it remain uncovered. It will absorb all poisonous gases.

Every one should have eight hours' sleep, and pale, thin, nervous people require ten, which should be taken regularly in a well-ventilated room.

Paint stains that are dry and old may be removed from cotton or woolen goods with chloroform. First cover the spot with olive oil or butter.

To cure warts take an Irish potato and cut a piece off the end and rub on the wart two or three times a day, cutting a slice from the potato each time used. Very often one potato is sufficient for the cure.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were granted during the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Name.	Residence.
Wm. Stemkoetter	1876 Menard st
Annie Wilking	1504 Menard st
Wm. L. Grotpeter	Braden, Tenn
Annie L. Chambers	Braden, Tenn
Peter Schneider	713 S. 7th st
Maria Grimmeisen	717 S. 3d st
Geo. W. Dye	Chicago, Ill
Adelaide Haslett	Chicago, Ill
Sullivan B. Cuddy	117 S. Ewing av
Fannie E. Twitt	2632 Bernard st
James M. Shann	1901 N. 10th st
Annie Clanton	1901 N. 10th st
Evan R. Edwards	3909 St. Ferdinand av
Martha Evans	3909 St. Ferdinand av
Beroy A. Tomlinson	1217 N. 15th st
Martha Lent	1630 Biddle st
Joseph E. True	1002 Pine st
Sarah J. Taylor	Louisville, Ky.

PURE 18-KT. gold WEDDING-RINGS, Wedding invitations, the finest, lowest prices.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Cor. 4th & Locust.

Births.

The following births were reported to the Health Department during the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Louis, son of Louis and Ricka Jurgens, January 29; 7420 South Tenth street.

George, son of William and Cora Smith, January 30; 1002 North Seventh street.

H. W. John, son of H. and L. Heitland, January 16; 2118 Franklin avenue.

Arthur Vincent, son of A. V. and May Campbell, January 30; 1327 Park avenue.

Harry, son of Dennis and Katy Dinners, January 29; 1232 North Eighth street.

Edna Gertrude, daughter of William and Sarah Willerton, January 25; 5866 New Manchester road.

Caroline, daughter of Christian and Matilda Snedweler, January 27; 2033 Penrose street.

Lillie May, daughter of George and Elise Eckles, January 21; —— Arsenal street.

Gertrude, daughter of Michael and Margaret O'Leary, January 26; 916 Warren street.

Deaths.

The following burial certificates were issued by the Health Department during the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Maggie Mack, 4 years, 1021 North Twelfth street; diphtheria.

Caroline Rusch, 5 years, 2830 Gravois road; diphtheria.

Louis L. Botto, 36 years, 1215 Chestnut street; consumption.

Joseph O'Connor, 50 years, St. Mary's Infirmary; accident.

William Whipple, 3 years, City Hospital; acute laryngitis.

Joseph Ganter, 70 years, City Hospital; cellulitis of arm.

Rose Sidney, 1 year, 2826 South Eighth street; croup.

Henry Sager, 35 years, Missouri Pacific Hospital; pneumonia.

Thomas Bracken, 36 years, Missouri Pacific Hospital; consumption.

Francis Dielenhein, 4 months, 4239 Oregon avenue.

Edward Frandi, 3 months, Fandi avenue, Baden; congestion of lungs.

[illegible]

Ernest G. J. Exner, 39 years, 1867 Menard street; heart disease.

George Gerber, 29 years, 1631 South Broadway; malarial fever.

Louis Kasten, 77 years, 2102 Blair avenue; apoplexy.

James Carville, 4 years, 1321 Clark avenue; scarlet fever.

Charles Hellemann, 30 days, 2304 Wash street; marasmus.

Ida Minnie Belle, 4 years, 313 Elm street; diphtheria.

Henrietta Johnston, 46 years, City Hospital; valvular disease of heart.

Catherine Rosswog, 52 years, 3869 Manchester road; nephritis.

John D. Bergfeld, 26 years, 3025 North Broadway; typhoid fever.

Josephine Sharp, 33 years, Female Hospital; consumption.

Michael Franz, 69 years, Poor-house; pneumonia.

Joseph Thornton, 63 years, 1234 Linden street; pneumonia.

Wilhelmina Kotzenburg, 4 years, 3307 Second Carondelet avenue; typho-malaria.

Infant of Lucy Coppers, 817 Morgan, still born.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded during the 24 hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company to Henry F. Gruetzemacher et al., property on La Salle and Hickory sts., city block 1828; warranty deed	$12,000
James W. Grant to Franklin L. Bixler, 18 ft. on Geyer av., city block 1322, and other property; warranty deed	4,000
Julia O'Mara and trustee et al. to John Mullalley, 25 ft. on Ninth st., Lynch & Labadie's addition; deed in fee	1
Charles H. Schureman et al. to Henry L. Merry, lot 18, Ritter place; warranty deed	550
Elisabeth Hoffmeister et al. to John Fennler, 25 ft. on Fifth st. in city block 3,099; warranty deed	600
Henry Klages and wife to Henry Weise, 115 ft. 3¼ in. on North Market st., city block 2347; warranty deed	20,900
Mary F. Crane and trustee et al. to Wm. M. Horton, 90 ft. on Chestnut st., city block 990; warranty deed	35,000
Jos. J. Dix and wife to Daniel Miller, 25 ft. on 12th st. in P. Weber and al. sub., and other property; warranty deed	950
Atwood A. Cummins to John Jackson, 103 ft 1 in, on Lindell av., city block 3,926; warranty deed	30,000
Henry Feuerbach and wife to Mary Pohlman, 22 ft. on Montgomery, city block 2358; warranty deed	2,375
John F. Leppold and wife to Henry Toemskoetter, 25 ft. on Salisbury st., city block 1,745 E.; warranty deed	1,200

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Stock and Bond Brokers,
NO. 307 OLIVE STREET.
Granite Mountain, Small Hopes, Hope and Adams mining stocks bought and sold.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, February 1, 11 a. m.—The stock market opened very dull and heavy this morning, declines from last evening's prices ranging from ⅛ to ½ per cent. St. Paul, Western Union, Missouri Pacific and Reading alone showed any animation, but the tone of the early dealings was firm, slight advances being made over the opening figures, but Wheeling & Lake Erie, which had opened down ⅝, advanced 1⅛ per cent. The market remained dull and without features throughout the hour, and at 11 o'clock was extremely dull, but steady to firm at the best figures reached.

Noon—Money is easy at 2@3 per cent. Bar silver, 96c. The firm tone in the stock market continued for a short time after 11 o'clock, but prices then gave way and were carried back to about first figures, the decline being accompanied by a marked increase in the amount of business done. The spurt was soon over however, and the list relapsed into dullness, though the heavy tone continued until noon, when the market was dull at about opening figures.

3 p. m.—The stock market closed dull but steady at about opening figures.

BOSTON, February 1.—Mexican, 4s, 66⅝@66⅞; do 7s, 73; incomes, 18@21; coupon notes, 95@100; Calomet, 210; Huron, 3@4.

LONDON, February 1, 12:30 p. m.—Consols opened at 102 7-16 for both money and the account.

4 p. m.—Consols 102 11-16 for both money and the account. United States bonds—4s, 129¾; do 4½s, 111; A. & G. W. 1sts, 38⅛; Canadian Pacific, 59; Erie, 28⅝; Erie seconds, 101¾; Illinois Central, 124⅝; Mexican ordinary, 48; St. Paul common, 78½; New York Central, 110¾; Reading, 34⅛.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, 121 North Third st., St. Louis, Mo.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	54½			54½
*Canadian Pacific	57	57	56⅞	56⅞
Central New Jersey	78⅝	79⅛	78⅝	78⅝
Central Pacific	30⅛			30⅛
Chic., St. P., M. & O.	39¾	39⅞	39¾	39⅞
do pfd				
C., R. I & P.	114	114	113½	113½
C., B. & Q.	128			128
C., M. & St. P.	76	76⅛	75⅞	76
C. & N. W. com.	110	110	109¾	110
Cotton Oil Trust	32¼	32⅜	32	32⅜
Del., Lack. & W.	132⅜	132¼	131⅞	132
Del. & Hudson	110	111	109⅞	110⅞
Den. & Rio Grande				
East Tenn. com.				
do pfd				
Erie com	27¾	27⅞	27¾	27⅞
do pfd	62½			62½
do 2d mtg bonds	98⅞			98⅞
Ft. W. & Den	44½	44⅝	44½	44⅝
Hocking Valley				
Houston & Tex				
Illinois Central	121¼			121¼
Ind., B. & W.				
Lake Shore	93⅛			93⅛
Louis. & Nash.	60⅝	60¾	60⅝	60¾
Mich. Central				
Mo. Pacific	85¼	85⅞	85¼	85¼
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	16¾	16⅞	16¼	16¾
Mobile & Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated	89	89⅛	89	89⅛
New York & New England	37⅝	37⅞	37⅝	37¾
New York Central				
Norfolk & Western				
do do pfd				
Northern Pacific com	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]

*Ex. 2 per cent dividend.

Exchange Quotations.

[illegible]

Local Bonds.

[illegible]

COMMERCE.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS:

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
Jan.	....	....	....	....
Feb.	80	80⅛	80¼	80½ b
Mch.	81⅛	81⅝	81¼	81⅝ b
April	81⅞	....	....	82¼ b
May.	82⅞	83¼	82¾	83⅛@¼ a
June	83	83⅜	83¼	83¼ b
July.	80¼	80½	80½	80½
Aug.	80¼	80½	80½	80½
Dec.	84⅛@¾	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛
CORN.				
Jan.	....	....	....	....
Feb.	46⅝@¾	46⅞	46⅝	46⅞ b
Mch.	47⅛@¼	47	47	47⅛@¼ b
May.	48¾	48¾	48⅜@½	48⅝
June	48⅞	....	....	48¾ b
OATS.				
Jan.	...	...	...	...
Feb.	....	...	...	30¼
Mch.	....	...	...	....
May.	30⅝	30⅝@¾	30½	30⅝ b

CHICAGO:

WHEAT.				
May.	81¾@⅞	82⅜	81¾	82¼@⅜
CORN.				
May.	52¾	53	52½	52⅞@53
OATS.				
May.	33@⅛	33@⅛	32⅞	33@⅛
PORK.				
May.	14.32@35	14.62	14.35	14.55
LARD.				
May.	7.67	7.80	7.72	7.80 a
SHORT RIBS.				
May.	7.70	7.77	7.72	7.75 a

NEW YORK—Wheat—February, 89¼c b; March, 90⅜c b; April, 91⅝c a; May, 92½c a; June, 92½c b; December, 95¼c a. Corn—February, 60½c; March, 60⅞c; April, 61c; May, 61c a; June, 60¾c b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—May, 88¼c a; June, 88¾c a; July, 86c b.

DULUTH—Wheat—May, 81@⅛c; July, 83⅛c.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts. Wheat.	Receipts. Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Shipments. Corn.
St. Louis	7,313	136,300	49,548	42,093
Milwaukee	13,650	3,360	....	....
Baltimore	2,969	3,155	....	....
Toledo	6,812	3,232	5,624	....
New York	550	11,000	56,585	121,375
Chicago	19,527	159,521	18,839	74,637
Kansas City	1,000	18,000	1,000	8,500
Detroit	18,432	....	....	....
Duluth	18,704	....	2,413	....
Minneapolis	136,210	....	25,080	....
Philadel'hia	1,633	2,218	16,355	20,766

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
To-day	3,943,989	1,797,554	1,438,815	8,929	62,075
Yes'dy	3,995,281	1,715,204	1,419,718	8,162	65,671
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.
To-day	2,793,059	1,496,002	1,117,368	5,080	......
Yes'dy	2,838,150	1,424,442	1,107,458	5,309	......

St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING 1 P. M.

[illegible]

grits and hominy, $3.50@3.75. Foregoing on orders delivered by dealers in lots to suit.

Bran dull and lower. Sacked, 78c East track and country point, 78½c at mill; bulk, 72½c country point.

Hay fairly active, but weak and in buyers' favor. Prices ranged this side: Prairie, $8.50@12 for prime to fancy; mixed, $10@13; timothy, $13@16 for prime to fancy. East side stock sells lower.

Provisions firmer in tone, but dull and business small. Outside of the regular order trade, which showed no improvement, cured dry salt c'ribs sold to arrive at 7.35c c. and f. here, and 15-day c'ribs offered at 7½c c. and f. here. Loose twenty-day dry salt f. o. b. on cash orders—Shoulders, 6c; longs, 7½c; c'ribs, 7.60c; shorts, 7.80c. Packed bacon — Shoulders, 6½c; longs, 8.30c; c'ribs, 8.45c; shorts, 8½@8.65c. Standard mess pork, $15; old standard at $14 and irregular new at $14.50. Prime steam lard packed, 7¼c bid; fancy leaf, 7⅞c; second brand, 7½c. C. s. c. hams, 10½@12c. Breakfast bacon, 10@12c. Beef, family, $8@9 per bbl; on orders, higher, $4@5.50 per half bbl; dried, 10@12½c; selected, 14c per lb; smoked tongues, $4.25@5 per doz. Tallow—Prime in oil bbls, 4@4½c, and choice, 4¼c; choice cake, 4¼c; No. 2, 3¼@3½c; in irregular packages, ¼c less. Grease—Brown and yellow, 2@3c; white, 4½@5¼c. Salt—Domestic, $1.05 per bbl on East and $1.10 this side. Ground alum, $1.10@1.25 per sack; small way higher.

Highwines unchanged at $1.08 in St. Louis, Cincinnati and Peoria; $1.13 in Chicago.

Lead weak and hardly any demand. A car common sold lower at $4.55; refined offered at $4.70.

Afternoon Board.

Firm markets, but trading light.

Cotton.

There was no change in the local market to-day, it ruling quiet but steady. Liverpool was 1-16d off for spots and flat and irregular, though 12,000 bales sold, and futures declined 1-64d. New York spots were steady, and futures, after opening lower, advanced, closing 1@2 points above Saturday.

Net receipts at United States ports for 5 days 68,884 bales, against 58,802 same time last week, and 88,222 last year; exports 69,758 bales, against 82,851 last year; stock, 914,612 bales, against 916,806.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, 7½c; ordinary, 7⅞c; good ordinary, 9c; low middling, 9½c; middling, 9⅞c; good middling, 10 3-16c; middling fair, 10½c; fair, ——; stained, nominal.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS—Gross receipts to-day, 1,030 bales; since September 1, 1887, 439,830 bales, against 350,951 same time last year; shipments to-day, 1,459 bales; since September 1, 1887, 365,102 bales, against 285,659 bales same time last year; net receipts since September 1, 1887, 221,373 bales, against 215,873 bales for same time last year; stock in compresses and warehouses to-day, 78,868 bales, against 75,328 bales.

CLOSING COTTON MARKET.

NEW YORK—Middling, 10 11-16c.

	Closed Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed To-day.
February	10.54	10.60	10.50	10.56
March	10.64	10.68	10.63	10.66
April	10.70	10.74	10.69	10.71
May	10.76	10.79	10.76	10.77
June	10.83	10.86	10.82	10.84
July	10.85	10.88	10.84	10.87
August	10.88	10.91	10.87	10.89
September	10.40	10.42	10.39	10.41
October	10.07	10.10	10.05	10.08
November	9.92	9.94	9.91	9.93
December	9.92	9.93	9.91	9.93
	Barely steady. 84,200 bales.		Dull and steady. 69,300 bales.	

LIVERPOOL—Uplands, 5 9-16d; Orleans, 5⅝d.

[illegible]

Country Produce.

[illegible]

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

[illegible]

easy; extra fancy, $4.20. Cornmeal quiet at $2.80. Corn steady; mixed, 64c; yellow, 65c; white, 64@65c. Oats quiet and easy; No. 2, 40@40½c. Bran quiet and unchanged. Hay steady and unchanged; prime, ——. Pork quiet at $14⅞@15. Cut meats steady—Shoulders, 6⅛c; sides, 7¾@⅞c. Bacon steady at 8.75c; nominally 8.75c. l. c. s., 8.75c. Hams quiet; choice sugar-cured, 11@11½c. Lard quiet; refined tierces, 7⅛c. Whisky firm and unchanged. Exchange on New York, 50c premium; sight, nominal. Cotton—Spot quiet; net, 5,110; gross, 5,180.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., February 1.—Wheat quiet; No. 2 soft, cash, 80c asked; May, 80¼c bid, 81c asked. Corn stronger; No. 2, cash, 43c bid, 43½c asked; March, 45c asked; May sales at 46¾c. Oats—No. 2 cash, no bids nor offerings; May 31¼c bid, 31½c asked. Rye—Nothing doing. Eggs, 22c. Others unchanged. Butter unchanged. Hay—Fancy small baled, $9.

CINCINNATI, O., February 1.—Flour dull. Wheat dull at 87@87½c. Corn quiet at 51½c. Oats dull at 34@34¼c. Rye quiet at 69c. Pork firm at $14.75. Lard firm, higher; 7.55c. Bulk meats and bacon firm and unchanged. Whisky active; sales 1,009 bbls finished goods on basis of $1.08.

DETROIT, Mich., February 1.—Wheat—No. 1 white cash, 85½c; No. 2 red cash and February, 85¼c; May, 89⅛c; June, 89⅝c. Corn—No. 2, 50¼c. Oats—No. 2, 34c; No. 2 white, 38c. Receipts—Wheat, 18,400 bu; oats, 29,000 bu.

TOLEDO, O., February 1.—Wheat quiet; firm, cash 85½c; May, 88c, June, 88½; July, 86c. Corn firm; cash, 51½c; May, 54¾c. Oats steady; cash, 33½c; May, 35¼c. Cloverseed steady; cash February, $4.05; March, $4.07½.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., February 1.—Wheat firm; cash, 76¼c; May, 80¾c. Corn firm; No. 3, 47½c. Oats steady; No. 2 white, 34½c. Rye dull; No. 1, 62½c. Barley firm; No. 2, 78c.

The Manchester Market.

MANCHESTER, February 1.—The Guardian in its commercial article, says: "The volume of business does not increase. The market is quiet. There is a large inquiry for India staples, Calcutta and Bombay both ordering to a fair extent, but the limits of the offers are mostly from 2 to 5 per cent below the lowest acceptable rates. China business in quantity has almost ceased, but the buying already done has put producers in a strong position. Most kinds suitable for that market are firm and well sold. For other directions the transactions are light, buyers confining their purchases to requirements. Home-trade houses are buying more freely, although the movement is slow. Speculative purchasing is not apparent in any section, and at current prices buyers are very cautious. The position of producers, though fairly strong, is slowly weakening in some cases, although the daily business tends to check a downward movement since sellers are not anxious to accept extensive forward contracts at the present unsatisfactory rates. The inquiry for export yarns is poor. Home consumers are doing a little more. The cloth departments are quiet. The sales individually have been of little weight, although they have occasionally been rather more numerous. China shirtings and sheetings are firm but inactive. There is little inquiry for India shirtings at current rates, but producers have taken some small orders at prices which they would not accept on Friday. There is but little demand for printing and other finishing cloths. Stocks are tending to increase. Heavy goods are quiet with a moderate miscellaneous business.

Oil and Petroleum.

PITTSBURG, Pa., February 1.—Petroleum was fairly active and firm. Prices opened at 91c, sagged to 90⅝c, then rallied and advanced to 91½c and dropped back to 91⅛c at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

[illegible]

Foreign.

[illegible]

LIVE STOCK.

[illegible]

@5.35, with $5.45 bid for prime. Packers were again slow and indifferent traders and if salesmen had been dependent upon them they would have found it a rather difficult matter to have obtained anywhere near yesterdays's prices. As it was they were satisfied in maintaining prices as well as they did, the range being from $5.10 to $5.25 for fair to good mixed. Shipping orders were fair and a very good business was done at $4.90@5.10 for yorkers and $4.35@4.80 for pigs. The trade was much more active than on yesterday, and by noon the pens had been pretty well cleaned of hogs.

Representative sales:

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily live stock report of sales of hogs, February 1, 1888:

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
27	340	$5 45	14	275	$5 45
65	200	5 10	62	183	5 10
73	175	5 15	62	181	5 15
40	237	5 40	22	239	5 40
71	231	5 25	47	252	5 25
32	229	5 30	69	227	5 30
36	206	5 20	58	218	5 20
56	201	5 10	63	228	5 25
40	241	5 35	66	163	4 90
40	207	5 20			

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
41	277	$5 35	103	118	$4 55
63	228	5 30	68	145	4 75
60	229	5 30	49	81	3 55
63	260	5 20	22	93	3 55
70	220	5 25	77	283	5 20
58	290	5 25	60	243	5 20
78	249	5 15	66	227	5 20
73	248	5 20	50	184	5 00
10	243	5 35	46	205	5 10
46	287	5 25	87	198	5 00
61	228	5 25	126	131	4 70
53	351	5 35	64	179	5 00
41	277	5 35	64	242	5 20
88	250	5 25	86	253	5 35
70	220	5 35	58	242	5 25
57	276	5 25	28	189	4 90
98	237	5 25	82	209	5 00
88	220	5 35	29	249	5 20

SHEEP—A firm feeling prevailed in this market and prices were stronger owing to the good demand and small supply.

Horses and Mules.

HORSES.

Heavy draft, extra	$175@190
Heavy draft, good	120@155
Drivers, extra	125@175
Drivers, good	65@120
Street car, extra	90@115
Street car, good	75@ 85
Plugs, good	30@ 40
Plugs, common	15@ 25
Southern horses	75@115

MULES.

14 hands, 4 to 7 years old	70@ 80
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	85@ 95
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old	100@110
15½ hands, medium	110@115
15½ hands, extra	135@145
16 to 16½ hands, extra	160@175

Plugs dull and lower.

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Ill., February 1.—Hogs—Receipts, 26,000; market steady. Cattle—Receipts, 8,000; market dull and strong; beeves, $3@5.10; cows, $1.75@3; stockers and feeders, $2.25@3.75. Sheep—Receipts, 4,000; market steady; good to choice, $4.50@5.15; Western, $4.50@5.10; common, $3@4; lambs, $5@6.

STOCK YARDS, KANSAS CITY, Mo., February 1.—Receipts—Cattle, 2,056 head. Receipts—Hogs, 7,959. Cattle market steady. Hogs barely steady; bulk hogs, $5.05@5.15; heavy packers and shippers, $5.15@5.25; mixed packers and shippers, $5.00@5.15; tops, $5.30.

THE WEATHER.

Local Weather Report.

ST. LOUIS, February 1, 1888.

[illegible]

Weather Bulletin.

[illegible]

The Indications.

[illegible]

THE RIVER.

[illegible]

"DELICATESSEN!"
THE POPULAR LUNCH-ROOMS,
118 N. Fourth Street, 712 Olive Street, 716 N. Broadway.

CITY NEWS.

Crawford's $25 Bannockburn Tweed Suit, genuine imported goods, made to measure, no-fit-no-sale, in a day.

Dr. E. C. Chase, Corner of 8th and Olive streets. Set of teeth, $8.

Private matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles, cures diseases of indiscretion, indulgence. Call or write.

A BIG DITCH,

Which Will Add Millions of Dollars to the Wealth of Colorado.

James M. Murphy of Pueblo, Colo., who arrived in the city this morning, remarked to a Post-Dispatch reporter: "A project is now on foot, and will soon be an accomplished fact, which will transform a large district which now furnishes nothing but poor grazing to a few cattle and sheep, into one of the most fertile portions of the Rocky Mountain region. For many years past, in fact ever since the success obtained by the Greeley Irrigating Company, there has been a great deal of discussion concerning the feasibility of digging great irrigating ditches, acequias as they are called, to reclaim the desert portions of Southern Colorado and Northern New Mexico. The soil all through this region is excellent, the climate one of the finest in the world, and water is all that is needed to make it a fine agricultural country. Wherever irrigation has been introduced the wonderful results have been very great, but the preponderating importance of the mining and stock-growing interests have prevented due attention being paid to the most promising field of industry. But recently a company with ample capital, drawn both from the East and from Colorado, has been organized, which will soon commence the construction of the

LARGEST DITCH

in the country and probably in the world. It is to extend from Conejos to the Rio Grande, striking that stream near Taos. The ditch is to be twenty feet wide and eight feet deep, and to have a total length of one hundred and sixty miles. Water in abundance is furnished by the mountain streams, which, unlike the rivers of the lower country, never run dry. The territory that can be supplied from this ditch is probably fifty thousand acres in extent, not five hundred of which are now arable. By careful husbanding of the water and by commencing the irrigation of the southern part before the northern is reached, an ample supply can always be obtained. Land which is now valued at not more than a few cents an acre will be worth $20 or $40, as the price of fresh vegetables and all farm products are very high throughout the entire region. Work will be commenced on the ditch in the spring, the course having been carefully surveyed and mapped out by engineers skilled in this business, and within two years at furthest everything will be finished, and a fertile district worth millions of dollars added to Colorado and New Mexico. While the lack of water in the southern part of New Mexico will [illegible]

GREAT TRACTS OF COUNTRY

from ever becoming productive, millions of acres along the base of the Colorado and Northern New Mexico mountain chains can be transformed into the most fertile tracts by the [illegible] of the ditch system, and within a [illegible] I expect to see irrigation undertaken [illegible] scale unparalleled in the history of [illegible]

FLAP JACK PREPARED FLOUR makes the finest griddle-cakes.

NOT "POOR" OLD MISSOURI.

Remarkable Advance Made Lately in Various Parts of the State.

Carter J. Edbrook, a commercial traveler from Boston, who has a large trade in Southern Missouri and Northern Arkansas, in conversation with a POST-DISPATCH reporter said: "A traveling man can appreciate perhaps better than any one else the wonderful growth of the section of the country in which my business lies. An ordinary traveler sees only the towns along the railroads, and though the development of those has been very remarkable, it in no way compares with that of the towns situated from ten to forty miles distant from the great highways. The country adjacent to the railroads always obtained a good deal of immigration, but until within the last three years the remoter districts were almost invariably passed by. But within the last eighteen months, especially, all the south, central and southwestern counties of Missouri, and the northern counties of Arkansas lying west of the swamp district, have been filling up with remarkable rapidity, and a class of people are coming in who have plenty of money and are not at all inclined to live in the primitive fashion which contents many of the older inhabitants. This change is particularly noticeable in the increased demand for a finer quality of dress goods. The calicoes and cheap cottons that used to be all that the female portion of the community required, with the exception of a few heavy woolens, are rapidly being replaced by serges, linens and cloths, and the retail-
tell me that their old stock is going off
slowly, while there is a great demand for
better class of goods. Another notable
of the trade in this section, especially
Missouri towns, is the adoption of mod-
of doing business. A few years
trade was nearly entirely a cash one,
storekeepers understanding little of
system of credit, and being un
y more than they had the money
pay for. A peculiarity, indica-
nature of the transactions in
was the fact that when we were
goods the money was nearly
dollars and bills
denominations, a $10 bill
a large note was scarcely
ck was almost unknown.
nants have been purchas-
ally and have been ask-
and ninety days' credit,
is ample. I learn from
that they have noticed
that their sales are
than they ever were
Missouri, while actually
nsas, shows relatively
rs to the amount of
been sent from dis-
go were practically
country on both
advancing most
census is taken
g to the entire

appiness
man who has no
sette's System, a
s the poorest mem-
ort time. Taught by
or free prospectus,
testimonials, to 237
City.

A TRAIN.

Moonshiner in Trouble,
—Missouri Matters.

February 1.—A. Weigle,
a dry goods merchant of
esided here for some years,
across the Wabash tracks
He was run over and
er train.
1.—The little daughter of
was drowned last evening
cross a creek on her way
l. Her father saw her
strong current.
ary 1.—Wesley Garrison
bound over last evening
ral Court for running an
Several others have
me charge.
ary 1.—Five business
by fire yesterday. It
plosion of a kerosene
s light.
olomon Hen-
steriously dis-

HARRY PHILLIPS GONE.

SULLIVAN'S MANAGER HAS DISAPPEARED FROM LONDON MYSTERIOUSLY.

He Sailed for America After a Disagreement With the Slugger—Muldoon Fails to Throw Evan Lewis, "the Strangler"—Senator Hearst's Stable—Sporting News and Notes.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, February 1.—Some comment is occasioned in sporting circles by the disappearance of Henry Phillips, Sullivan's manager, from the immediate entourage of the champion. His absence was first noticed some two weeks ago, and all inquirers were informed that he had gone to Monte Carlo to "buck the tiger." It now appears that the slugger and his manager have disagreed about questions of pugilistic polity and that at least temporarily their business relations have come to an end. Sullivan will not speak about the matter, but his friends say that J. L. has never forgiven Phillips for getting him into the muddle with Mitchell. Phillips sailed for New York under an assumed name ten days ago.

Jem Smith announces that he will accept challenge of John L. Sullivan to fight, provided his numerous conditions are accepted.

Jem, I hear, is in a very bad way. His backers, since the fiasco with Kilrain, have fallen away from him almost to a man, and lately a malignant abcess has formed on his side which promises, as far as prize fighting is concerned, to knock him out for some time. Mitchell has not as yet even thought of beginning to train, and from the present outlook his fight with the big fellow will never come off.

Hanlan's Home.

Edward Hanlan does not show any desire to return to America immediately, but is laying his plans to remain in the colonies through the coming summer and fall; indeed, he has told many of his Australian friends that he intends settling among them, but has not yet fully decided which of the several large places shall be the city of his choice. It is not probable that Hanlan will locate in Australia. He has said that he intended to make Boston the place of his future residence; that New York is the greatest city in the world for a man to live in, and that he intended moving there; that London would be his home hereafter, and that other places he preferred to Toronto. The fact is that the city of his birth is a bit too slow for the ex-champion, and the interest in boating has waned there, but his wife and children and property are there, and however much he may desire to leave the town, many ties bind him to it. Those who know Hanlan would laugh at the idea of his settling either in Sydney, Adelaide or Melbourne, the prominent cities of the colonies. The ex-champion may be expected home late next fall.

Bookmakers' Clique of Gold.

From the New York Tribune.

Encouraged by success and flushed with a sense of importance required from newly acquired opulence, the bookmakers seem to propose to assert themselves with a view to taking command when they were formerly satisfied with merely being tolerated. They have bound themselves together by an association styled an alliance, which they claim shall ensure the appreciation and sympathy of the public through its reputability and responsibility. No chain, however, is stronger than its weakest link, and if the city pool sellers and the promoters of outlawed tracks are conspicuous in the membership—as they are in this case—it may be considered as at least doubtful whether the public will feel satisfied that any special reliance can be placed on the outcome of such a conglomeration.

As the term knight seems to be popular among combinations such as trade unions, etc., a more fitting nomenclature might be "Knights of the Golden Fleece." That is what they are after, and such name would stamp their individuality.

Should the alliance hold together and carry out the idea of boycotting the tracks, new bookmakers will appear and fill their places. or as many of them as the jockey clubs may see fit and its members may in future when obliged to ply their vocation at the outside tracks during the fall and winter, whether at Clifton or Guttenberg, regret the pleasant days at Jerome, Brooklyn, Monmouth and Sheepshead, and deplore the results of misleading ambition which has caused them to be left out in the cold.

"THE STRANGLER" WON.

Muldoon Says That Lewis is the Best Man He Has Met.

The Casino Theater was last night packed to its very doors to witness the Græco-Roman wrestling contest between William Muldoon, the champion Græco-Roman wrestler of the world, and Evan Lewis, the "Strangler," champion catch-as-catch-can wrestler, says the Inter Ocean. By the terms of the agreement Muldoon was to throw Lewis in fifteen minutes or forfeit the sum of $100, and as Lewis was in no humor to be thrown, Muldoon found at an early stage of the game that he had "caught a tartar." It was nearly 11 o'clock when the men appeared upon the stage, and then some little time was wasted in selecting a referee, Frank Glover being finally agreed upon, while "Parson" Davies was on hand to look after the interests of the Strangler, and his last words to Lewis as the latter stepped out upon the canvas were: "Now don't try to throw Muldoon, but just see to it that he don't throw you." Muldoon stripped magnificently, although he carried too much flesh to be in really good condition, while Lewis had evidently not entirely recovered from the effects of his recent severe illness. When time was called the men sparred briefly for a hold, and then came together in a head lock. Muldoon by a quick movement caught Lewis from behind around the body and threw him heavily to the floor, the latter landing on his face. Lewis then fastened a neck lock on Muldoon and turned him over his body, but Muldoon came down on his hands and knees. Locks now followed each other in rapid succession, Lewis several times fastening the strangle on his adversary, only to have it broken. At the end of ten minutes both men were perspiring freely, and Muldoon, who had been forcing matters from the start, was well winded. Lewis from this time on acted almost entirely on the defensive, several times breaking what looked to be almost impossible locks, the crowd cheering the good work done by both men incessantly. Muldoon doubled his exertions as the time drew to a close, but to no purpose, and as time was called Muldoon walked to the front of the platform and said: "That's the best man I ever met, and I've met them all. I can't throw him in fifteen minutes." Lewis said as he walked to the dressing-room. "He can't throw me at all, and I'm just about certain that I can throw him." Lewis had a little mouse under his left eye at the finish, while Muldoon had two discolored optics and was bleeding freely from the mouth.

Senator Hearst's Great Horses.

In the Suburban is the entry of two Australian-bred horses by Senator Hearst of California—namely, the 4-year-old black colt True Briton, by Johnny Bull, dam Ruby, and the aged horse Cheviot, by Traducer, dam Idalia, by Cambuscan; in connection with which the Sportsman in its current issue says:

"By a telegram of the 23d to the Coney Island Jockey Club, Trainer M. M. Allen sends further particulars of Senator Hearst's latest Australian importation, Cheviot, entered in the Suburban Handicap with the other Australian horse, True Briton. Cheviot is a 9-year-old horse, by Traducer out of Idalia, which makes him a full brother to Mr. J. B. Haggin's Sir Modred, now one of the premier stallions at the Rancho del Paso. Although so well on in years, Cheviot is said to be sound, and it is therefore believed that he will stand the training necessary to fit him for an Eastern campaign. Therefore, it is very likely that the Hearst stable will excite greater interest on its Eastern trip than almost any other racing stable in the county, comprising, as it does, horses bred in three continents. Not only will it show the first Australian-bred animals that ever contested an American turf event, but in addition to his Kentucky and California-bred racers Mr. Hearst has in training a 3-year-old filly, bred in England, by Peter out of Patella. The mare Patella was imported with Gov. Stanford's English mares some four years ago, and dropped this filly at Palo Alto after her arrival there. No racing stable in the world has now in training American, English and Australian-bred animals, and it is safe to say that when these foreigners make their debut on one of our vicinity tracks several thousand additional spectators will go to see them. Mr. Hearst has also two Australian-bred 3-year-old fillies by Goldsborough, out of China Rose and Victoria respectively."

Clips and Chips.

The six clubs which will compose the Southern League during the coming season are Birmingham, Charleston, New Orleans, Memphis, Atlanta and Chattanooga.

The League clubs have been having the liveliest kind of a sparring match over the drafting of their championship schedule of games. A committee was appointed for that purpose, but nevertheless the rest of the members of the organization have undertaken in a quiet way to instruct the committee. The holidays and Saturdays on their respective grounds proved the great bone of contention.

Several wealthy gentlemen who are greatly interested in base ball have formed a stock company at Jacksonville, Fla., and it is their intention to fit up fine grounds and offer inducements to visiting clubs.

Last week President Young received a letter from Mr. Furlong, one of the ablest umpires in the profession, but now engaged in private business, recommending a young man named Sullivan as a League umpire. Mr. Young, in reply to Mr. Furlong, stated that if Mr. Sullivan could reverse the order of things, and recommend Mr. Furlong for appointment, the latter would be promptly signed as a member of the League staff.

William Sowders, who has signed with Boston, writes as follows to Joe Quinn: "I am going to do good work for Boston, and I will say to you that my arm was never hurt, and it is now in the finest trim. I am using dumbbells every day. I will make some of these people eat their words when the season opens up, for I am certain I can hold my own."

Patricius Parnell Cahill, the great Irish orator, who so ably guarded the third bag last season for the Home Rulers in their games against the Tories, has been released by Birmingham to Atlanta. It is understood that when Patricius quits playing base ball on the green diamonds of this country he will visit the Green Isle and instruct his countrymen in the rules and regulations of the national game of America. In conversation with a San Francisco Alta representative the other day Patricius said he intended to bring a team from the old country next year and back them against any professional team in America.—[Times-Star.

FLAP JACK PREPARED FLOUR makes such fine wheat cakes. They are so delicious.

PROTESTING MUSICIANS.

Owen Miller Objects to New York Players Being Engaged for the Saengerfest.

At the meeting of the Executive Committee of the Saengerfest last night, Treasurer August Hoffman reported $1,629 on hand. Owen Miller appeared on behalf of the local Musicians' Union to protest against the employment of Eastern musicians and discrimination against the local men. Only twelve of the 300 professional musicians in the city, he said, had been engaged, and it had been said only so many had the ability requisite.

"To prove the utter fallacy of that statement," said Mr. Miller, "we need only to state that hardly had the Secretary's ink dried recording the decision of the Executive Committee, when a concert was given in the Grand Hall of the Exposition by a local orchestra under the direction of Prof. Waldauer, which orchestra, so competent a judge as Mrs. Jessie Bartlett-Davis pronounced the finest outside of the Thomas orchestra in America. Mr. Froelich, the conductor of the Saengerfest, has repeatedly led orchestras composed of local musicians of from thirty to sixty performers in the most satisfactory manner."

Chairman Leopold Methudy said the local musicians had demanded exorbitant pay for their services, and the committee had engaged the New York orchestra in consequence. Some discussion between Mr. Methudy and Mr. Miller followed, resulting in the reference of the matter to a sub-committee.

THE blood must be pure if the body would be in perfect condition. Dr. J. H. McLean's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier makes pure blood, and imparts the rich bloom of health and vigor to the whole body.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Senator Evarts spoke in the Senate yesterday in favor of the Blair educational bill.

The Arkansas Farmers' Association are holding their convention at Little Rock, Ark.

Ann Culler, living at Buffalo, N. Y., was killed by her son while she was preparing his supper.

The City Clerk of Socorro, I. T., is under arrest, there being a deficiency of $900 in his accounts.

A man named Robinski was sentenced for life at Saratoga, N. Y., for the murder of Thomas Mayka.

The Vermont Department of the Grand Army of the Republic are holding an encampment at St. Johnsbury, Vt.

Capt. Polly Bryan of the Salvation Army was expelled from the ranks at Little Falls, N. Y., for wearing a bustle.

John Hoesch of Louisville, Ky., was yesterday adjudged insane, the cause being ascribed to cigarette smoking.

The Detroit Evening News has been sued for $100,000 by Maxwell H. Fisher, a prominent citizen, for statements made about him.

Samuel Patton, a negro at Little Rock, Ark., shot and fatally wounded two colored women named Rachel Saunders and Annie Williams.

After an investigation covering over two years' time Dr. Martin Weaver of Germantown, Pa., has succeeded in establishing his sanity.

Mrs. Eliza Palmer of Alma, Mich., who disappeared from home last October, was found buried under a horse-stall in her husband's stable.

Edwin T. Smith, who killed another desperado named "Jerry the Bum" at Deadwood, Dak., was sentenced to eight years hard labor yesterday.

Thirty horses and a quantity of cavalry equipments were destroyed by fire in the stables of the first cavalry company at Leavenworth, Kan.

The inefficiency of the mail service in the West and Southwest was discussed in the Senate yesterday, but no vote was reached on the proposed investigation.

A police officer of Newark, N. J., had an encounter with a lunatic and a mad dog, but succeeded in killing one and capturing the other before any harm was done.

Rev. John A. Edmondson, pastor of the Northern Methodist Church at Nashville, Tenn., got into trouble by making an attack on his Presiding Elder from the pulpit.

Miss Clara Novello, a handsome young girl in New York, was arrested by Anthony Comstock's agents for sending unlawful preparations for the use of women through the mails.

Three little girls between 5 and 9 years of age were left in a starving condition by their mother at Raleigh, N. C., and were found forty-eight hours later, having had nothing to eat in the interim.

The depredations of four burglars in the station at Indianapolis, Ind., led to the discovery of the fact that James Miller, steward of the Insane Asylum at Mount Pleasant, Io., had been stealing asylum supplies and sending them to his step-father.

George J. Gould has denied the statement that his father, Jay Gould, was interested in a trust with the Rothschilds, the Duke of Devonshire, the Duke of Westminster and others, for building granaries, pork curing establishments and other establishments on Chicago railroad lines.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

J. S. Poe, Mobile, Ala.; J. C. Tennison, Jefferson City and Chas. Cutter, Hot Springs, Ark., are at Hurst's.

John W. Parks, Marshall, Tex.; Wood Ritterhouse, Cairo, and Wm. Veitch, Denver, Colo., are at the Hotel Hunt.

J. R. Groves, Springfield, Mo.; J. D. Webster, Pleasant Hill., Ill., and C. H. Norton, Carrollton, Ill., are at the Everett.

H. T. Weed, New York; Jesse Haston, Glasgow, Mo.; W. O. Taylor, Indianapolis, and C. P. Treat, Cleveland, O., are at the Planters'.

Geo. R. Wood, Van Buren, Ark.; J. W. Howard, Columbia, Tenn.; C. R. Gray, Wichita, and James Riley, Springfield, Mo., are at the Laclede.

P. D. Steer, Covington, Ky.; G. W. Mason, New York; E. K. Wilson, Boston; E. T. Hoffman, Baltimore, and C. Lindeman, Milwaukee, are at the Lindell.

C. J. Price, Philadelphia; H. H. Suydam, Toledo, O.; H. B. Plumb, Terryville, Conn.; Lee Howell, Evansville; D. L. Wing, Springfield, Ill., and S. F. Mitchell, Louisville, are at the Southern.

ONLY 4 DAYS LONGER
FOR
OUR SACRIFICE SALE
OF MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S
SUITS AND OVERCOATS!
DON'T DELAY.
FAMOUS, CLOTHIERS,
Shoes, Hatters, Furnishers,
Millinery and Cloaks,
BROADWAY AND MORGAN.

BARGAIN PRICES
STILL PREVAIL ON
Fine Clothing, Hats
and Furnishings
AT
HUMPHREY'S
N. E. Corner Broadway and Pine.

Came in Too Late

We have just opened a line of LADIES' IMPORTED FRENCH DONGOLA BUTTON SHOES, silk facings, hand-made welts and fair-stitched, from the celebrated manufactory of Hart, Mead & Co., Cincinnati. These goods came in too late for our regular trade, and as the makers allow us a large discount as an inducement to keep them, WE PLACE THEM ON SALE at $3.00 a pair, regular price being $5. Widths, AA to EE; all shapes of heel and toe.

Still left, plenty of those LADIES' DONGOLA BUTTON, cut from $2.50 to $1.50. All sizes in stock.

Last Week of the 10 % on Regular Lines.

FAMOUS Shoe Store,
LARGEST IN THE WORLD,
Corner Store, Broadway & Morgan.

BARGAIN - HUNTERS
And Bargain-Buyers
Will find congenial and profitable occupation if they will take a look at
THE FOOTWEAR

CUT TO
LOWEST RATES BY
JOEL SWOPE & BRO.,
311 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

IN THE CRIMINAL COURT.

Three Pleas Received by Judge Normile This Morning.

In the Criminal Court this morning three pleas were received.

Dave Algoe, a thief, young in years but old in experience, pleaded guilty to grand larceny and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. The charge against him was burglary and larceny, and a nolle prosequi was entered as to James Tierney as co-defendant. It was the first time Tierney has been arrested and Algoe claimed that Tierney had nothing to do with the crime, he alone being implicated. Algoe broke into the residence of Henry W. Hildreth and stole $75 worth of jewelry and clothing.

William Henry, indicted for highway robbery, pleaded guilty to grand larceny and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Henry, who is a negro, on October 16 held up Thomas Garvey and robbed him of $1.50.

Henry Kallmeyer got three years in the Penitentiary on a plea of guilty to burglary, burglary and larceny being the charge against him. Kallmeyer broke into Albert Boehle's shop and stole $75 worth of cigars and tobacco.

A nolle prosequi was entered in the case of Robert Caulfield, indicted for burglary. He was charged with breaking into the Bonner & Zollner Iron Company's store and stealing $11.50 worth of horseshoe nails. The firm did not want to prosecute Caulfield, considering he had already suffered sufficiently, having met with an accident.

Dye—Haslett.

This evening at 5 o'clock a pretty wedding takes place at the residence of Mr. Frank Cram, 2414 North Grand avenue. Mr. G. W. Dye will then be married to Miss Addie Haslett by Rev. J. P. Greene, D.D., of the Third Baptist Church. The contracting parties are residents of Chicago, but the groom lived in St. Louis from 1881 until January, 1887, when, on the division of the Wabash road, he went to Chicago as Chief Clerk of the freight accounts. The bride has been visiting in this city several weeks and the groom takes a little run down to get married as a sort of surprise to the old folks. Mr. and Mrs. Dye will return to Chicago this evening and from there will make a tour to the carnival at St. Paul.

Wilbor's Cod Liver Oil and Phosphate of Lime, Soda and Iron, cures Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Debility, Wasting Diseases and Scrofulous Humors. To one and all. Are you suffering from a Cough, Cold, Asthma, Bronchitis, or any of the various pulmonary troubles that so often end in Consumption? If so, use "Wilbor's Pure Cod Liver Oil and Phosphates," a safe and sure remedy. This is no quack preparation, but is regularly prescribed by the medical faculty. Manufactured only by A. B. Wilbor, Chemist, Boston. Sold by all druggists.

North St. Louis.

Mr. Edward Gaty has gone on a business trip to California.

The interior of the Third District Police Station is being whitened and rennovated.

To-day Turnkey Jacob Herald took the place of ex-Officer Andrew Huch at the Fourth Police District sub-station.

Two dollars worth of bread tickets were donated to the poor of the Fourth District this morning by the street department.

The free trade scare is fading away. Iron dealers report large orders being placed with them by stove manufacturers and others.

Mr. John Whitaker of Francis Whitaker & Sons, is back from Washington, D. C., where he went in the interest of legislation in behalf of pure lard.

Rev. W. W. Hopkins of the North St. Louis Christian Church, will be ready to organize the Carondelet Mission into a church about the end of the current month.

J. D. Bergfield, the proprietor of the plumbing and machinest works at 3027 North Broadway, was buried this afternoon under the auspices of Anchor Lodge, I. O. O. F.

Mr. Ralph S. Buck, Secretary and Treasurer of Buck's Stove and Range Company, is at Cincinnati attending the annual session of the National Stove Manufacturers' Defense Association.

At a recent meeting of American Lodge No. 10, A. O. U. W., John W. Schlieper, P. M. W., of the lodge was presented with a magnificent gold emblematic shield valued at $75. Capt. Henry W. Smith made the presentation speech on behalf of the lodge.

Abraham Weigle, aged 88, an old and esteemed resident of North St. Louis for forty years, was accidentally killed at New Florence, Mo., yesterday, by being run over by a Wabash train. He was a member of Beacon Lodge, No. 3, A. F. and A. M., and Bellefontaine Royal Arch Chapter and one of the founders. His body will be buried by the Order Thursday.

At 1:15 a. m., Charles Haner, watchman at Huttig's sash and door factory at Main and and Dock streets, discovered a fire in a shed used as a smoke-house, in a block bounded by Second and Hall, Dock and Buchanan streets, and turned on an alarm from box, No. 355. The owner of the property, Paul Berkley, discovered and extinguished the blaze before the arrival of the department. The damage to the shed, and the meat it contained, was about $5.

Capt. Harry W. Smith, D. S. P. of the United Order of Honor, will address Prosperity Lodge, No. 79, at its meeting to-night at No. 3605 North Eleventh street. As Capt. Smith is an eloquent speaker, and the object of his address to-night is to explain the new important changes in the constitution shortly to be promulgated, it is expected that delegations will attend from all of the lodges in the city. Capt. Smith, who is the father of the Order in Missouri, is shortly to be added to the Supreme Lodge's staff of salaried officers. His operations for the first six months will be confined to Missouri.

The great popular cough-cure, Dr. Bull's. Price only 25 cents.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest and Gossip From the Adjacent Towns.

North Springfield, Mo., January 31.—Ex-Gov. C. P. Johnson is in the city and will remain some days, being senior counsel in the case of the State vs. Theodore Morrison, indicted for the murder of Julia Patterson, May, 1886.—Amongst other St. Louisans registered at the Ozark Hotel is that of P. W. Fauntleroy who is here on important business.—Cora Lee, since her acquittal, has received an offer from Omaha, Neb., and leaves here in a few days to take her position as nurse in the hospital, and Mrs. Emma Malloy goes back to Port Townsend, W. T.—The death of Elder W. T. Jones, at his home, corner of College and New streets, at the advanced age of 68, has caused much sorrow here.—Death has also summoned another of our old citizens, Mrs. Martin, who died Saturday night, aged 73.—There were some fifteen transfers of real estate on Satuoday, the 28th inst., that amounted to over $16,300, and contracts made for at least four times that amount.—Saturday afternoon Arthur Lovering, a barber in the employ of Brown & Freeman, fell down the stairs in the rear of Kirby's saloon and received injuries from which he died in a few hours. He was under the influence of liquor at the time of the accident.—Maj. Jas. C. McGinnis of St. Louis registered at the Ozark Hotel, Saturday, and after an exhaustive ride through our city expressed himself as perfectly astonished at the wonderful growth of the queen city of the Ozarks.—Three St. Louis capitalists are here trying to purchase the plant of the Perkins Water-Works Foundry.—A license has been issued to Andrew Cowan and Miss Lou Gouty to be married.—Mrs. Mary Phelps Montgomery has subscribed the sum of $1,000 to the Chicago, Hannibal & Springfield Railroad fund. The sum now subscribed approximates $100,000.—Rev. J. C. Plumb of the Congregational Church has sent in his resignation as pastor and will probably move to some other place.—The material for the magnificent new depot of the Frisco Railroad will be Warrensburg stone and pressed brick. It is said that work will be started in a few days.—The Scott Investment Company's mail this morning had letters from six different States asking for information of our city and county. The Secretary, F. E. Atwood, has all he can attend to in issuing stock and showing property to new comers.

Red Bud, Ill., January 31.—Mr. Fred Permingroth, an old, respected and one of the most wealthy citizens of Randolph County, died at his home in this city yesterday evening at 6 o'clock. He was 64 years, 11 months and 14 days old at the time of his death. The remains will be interred in the Lutheran Cemetery at this place Thursday evening at 2 o'clock. He leaves a wife and three married daughters.—George Dahm, a young man employed at the Commercial Hotel, died at this place this evening at 3 o'clock. He was a young man well thought of by all.—Married in the Catholic Church to-day, Rev. Father Brumler officiating, Mr. Ferdinand Lother to Miss Emma Thum. The young married couple will leave for Hecker to-morrow, where Mr. Lother holds a position in Jas. Klunkhardt's store as salesman.

Alton, Ill., January 31.—The time of service for the approaching term of the Alton City Court has expired.—The tickets to the approaching leap year ball will be strictly limited.—No talent has as yet been signed for the Alton team during the coming base ball season.—The ice will not go out of this harbor for several days yet with a continuance of the present weather.—The Benedicts will give no more parties until after Lent.—The Alton Improvement Company will begin the laying of steel railroad tracks early in spring.

New Florence, Mo., January 27.—A party of young people took advantage of the bright moonlight and fine sleighing and went to High Hill to attend the protracted meeting being held at that place.—Miss Eliza McMahan is enjoying a visit among her many friends in this vicinity.—Mrs. J. M. Stewart has recovered from her recent severe illness and is able to be out.—The Davault Literary Society is having very interesting meetings and furnishing a profitable source of amusement for the young people of this neighborhood.—Mrs. Isham McMahan is pronounced out of danger by her physician and will recover from the attack of pneumonia from which she has been suffering for several weeks past.—Mr. Scott Harrison, whose daughter died recently from typhoid fever, is himself down with the same disease in its worst form.—Mrs. C. E. Stewart and little daughter, Rachel, are very sick.—Mr. Charlie Woodroof of Danville sold his hotel property at that place recently, and is moving this week to his farm in Audrain County.—Miss Ratie See returned from Jonesburg last Saturday. She has closed her school in that vicinity.—Miss Eliza McMahan was the guest of Montgomery friends this week.—The unusually warm weather of the past few days has melted the snow and ice, and the pleasures of sleighing are at an end.—Miss Maudie Hocker returned from Montgomery City Sunday.—Misses Delia Scott and Lelia Hatchett went to Montgomery City Saturday and remained over Sunday with their friend, Mrs. Stevenson.—Miss Emma Powell has returned from visiting her mother.

Arcadia, Mo., January 31.—Wm. H. Thomson, Cashier of the Boatman's Saving Bank, and family spent a few days at their valley home in Arcadia.—There are forty-five boarding scholars at Ursuline Convent and fifteen at the day school.—James Dixson is having a grand time with his pack during the moonlight nights and snow running wildcats.—Mat Gibson, night operator at Gad's Hill at the time of the Killen Martin shooting got a very unwelcome letter to leave the country or he would be waited upon. The section boss at Gad's Hill was also notified to leave.—Sam Andrews, the well-known conductor on the Arcadia accommodation, has taken his old place on the pusher at Arcadia again.—John Dates is punching tickets.—The snow has gone and mud has taken its place.

Collinsville, Ill., January 30.—Four deaths have occurred in this city during the past two days.—Joshua Roberts, a farmer living in the American bottoms, died yesterday of pneumonia. His wife is also ill with the same disease and not expected to live.—Warren Case, an old resident of Bond County, died at the residence of his son-in-law, Frank Gaskill, this morning at 2 o'clock.—Ben Blueitt, a young man, died of consumption this morning at the residence of Mrs. Turrentine. He had been ill for a long time.—John Paterka, aged 76 years, died at the residence of Chas. Nikola yesterday morning. He had been ill but a few days. He was a member of the Bohemian Society, who will conduct the funeral services.—The funeral of John W. Davis took place yesterday afternoon from the family residence in this city. It was largely attended.

Ferguson, Mo., January 31.—Presiding Elder Finney conducted the opening services in the new Methodist Church Sunday morning. There was a large congregation of all denominations. The music was under the supervision of Mrs. C. L. Smith and was unusually good.—Fire was discovered in the rear of the handsome residence of Dr. Hereford, Sunday morning, but was extinguished before any damage was done, except scorching the furniture of one room.—Dr. Stribling, an old resident of this county, and for many years a partner of Dr. Hereford, died at his home in Florissant this morning of pneumonia.—Mrs. Capt. J. P. McKinney is spending several days with St. Louis friends.—Mrs. Frank P. Kimbrough and little daughter Helen are the guests of Miss Foote.—The coasting for the past two weeks has been excellent and many gay coasting parties have taken advantage of the bright moonlight.—Mrs. Anna McC. Schenck entertained the Progressive Euchre Club very handsomely last Thursday. Miss Lou Darstrom won the first ladies' prize and Miss McKinney the second, Mr. Pen Page the first gentlemen's prize and Mr. Geo. Settle the booby. This week the club meets at the residence of Mrs. Will Bensberg.—Miss Patti Carter has been visiting friends here for several days.—Miss Minnie Clendennin of St. Louis, was the guest last week of Miss Case.—The Ferguson Building Association has had several important meetings lately and is reported as in a most flourishing condition.

Poplar Bluff, Mo., January 31.—[illegible] Niles returned last night from Craighead County, Tenn., with one Robinson, who escaped with two others from the jail here two months ago. Since his recapture and return here, it has been learned that there is a reward of $500 offered for him in Virginia for forgery. His offense in this county was robbing the depot at Ash Hills.—An enthusiastic and largely-attended meeting of business men was held in Ferguson Hall this evening to arrange for the building of a railroad to Malden or some point on the St. L. A. & T. A committee to solicit subscriptions to the stock was appointed, and one-third of the requisite amount to secure a charter was raised right in the room. The proposed route will be one of the cheapest to build, and eventually, best paying pieces of road in the State. It will open up about 100,000 acres of the best soil in the State, at present covered with a fine growth of timber, and up to this time almost wholly inaccessible.—Judging from the words of praise heard on all hands for the daily POST-DISPATCH, and especially for the Sunday paper, it has already gained the supremacy of all daily papers coming to town.

Milan, Mo., January 31.—The recent warm weather has taken away all the snow; no longer the merry jingle of the sleigh bell is heard on the streets.—Farmers rejoice at the prospects for a wheat crop next year. Fall wheat never looked better.—A good deal of sickness is reported throughout the country.—The society young folks will give a leap-yer ball February 3 with Miss Anna McCullagh, Miss Mollie Graham and Mrs. John McClanahan as floor managers.—Politics have not yet begun to be discussed.—Milan is a quiet town since the adoption of local option. Quite a number of Eastern men are now in the county looking out for investments.—Many of our friends who emigrated to Kansas last spring are satisfied with the West. Milan is expecting a boom this spring and summer.—Mayor Francis seems to be the favorite among the young Democracy in this part of the State for Governor.

Greenfield, Ill., January 31.—The friends of Miss Maggie Starks gave her quite a pleasant surprise last night by suddenly calling on her. The occasion was her 21st birthday.—Rev. William Rhoads of Rockbridge and Rev. B. F. Drake of White Hall closed a series of meetings at Bear Creek Church, north of this city, Sunday night. Seven conversions was the result of their work.—Edwin Woolley departed for Canton, Ill., to-day, where he will attend a meeting of the Canton Masonic Mutual Benevolent Association, remaining until Friday. He is one of the Auditors.—The dramatic entertainment given last Friday night for the benefit of the Sons of Veterans was a decided and financial success. The net receipts amounted to $45.—Miss Birdie Valentine, one of Rockbridge's most charming young ladies, Sundayed with Miss Belle Ash.—Miss Eliza Brodmarkle and Miss Annie Wade were guests of F. A. Worcester and family at White Hall Sunday.—Jasper Johnson lost a valuable bay mare, Saturday, valued at $280. She ran away, coming in contact with a fence, from which the animal received injuries causing death in a few minutes.—Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Siegel were in St. Louis yesterday and to-day.—Misses Hattie Wilhite and Lena Hamilton were in Carrollton Saturday being examined for a certificate to teach school.—The Greenfield Cornet Band will give a concert in the near future. The proceeds will be used in diminishing the wants of the poor and needy of our city.—Will Allen was home from Litchfield Sunday, where he is clerking in a store.—Prof. R. E. Wilder was called to Hastings, Neb., Sunday in response to a telegram, which informed him that his daughter, Mrs. Carson Hamot, was not expected to recover from her illness caused by childbirth.—Ed Husky departed yesterday for Larned, Kan., where he has a position in a restaurant.—Dick Collins took charge of the Douglas School, south of the city, yesterday, Geo. W. Hammack having resigned his position because of the unruliness of the scholars.—John Jones, our butcher, is quite ill with fever.—Gilbert Edwards is limping about, having crushed his foot with a lump of ice while storing it in his ice-house.—Tax Collector H. C. Dawson was in the city Saturday. He informs us that collections bid fair to be excellent.—W. H. Fisher of Detroit, Mich., was the guest of his cousin, R. C. Fisher, a day or two since.—The warm rays of the sun have caused the snow to disappear and are putting the roads in an almost impassable condition.—The eclipse of the moon Saturday night was a grand sight, as the evening was a beautiful one. The earth's shadow from fair Luna's bright face was closely watched by our citizens and caused much comment.

Carterville, Mo., January 31.—Carterville is without a saloon, the last one having closed its doors last Friday night under the local prohibition law.—E. J. Thacker, a young man of Carthage, purchased a very valuable interest in the mining property of W. A. Daugherty at this place last week.

Pana, Ill., January 31.—The fourth annual fair of the Pana Union Agricultural Board will be held on the association's beautiful grounds, near this city, on September 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15. Competition open to the world.—Since the snow and ice has melted the growing wheat looks fine.

Peoria, Ill., January 31.—Geo. M. Wilcox, an old Peoria boy, now in business in New York City, is in the city to attend the wedding of his sister, Miss Mary, to Fred Sisson, formerly of this city, now in the lumber business at Phœnix, Ariz. The event occurs this evening at the residence of the bride's parents on West Bluff.—Miss Lillie Farrell is visiting the family of Col. R. G. Ingersoll, New York City.—Samuel Gompers of New York, President of the American Federation of Labor, lectured at the Grand Opera-house last evening to local trade unions.—Rev. Robert Ritchie, rector of St. Paul's Church, participated in the consecration of Bishop Leonard at St. Louis last week. The reverend gentlemen graduated together from Union Theological Seminary.—Sam Jones, evangelist, is booked to lecture in this city next month.—Miss Margie Coyle of Philadelphia is visiting the family of Judge McCulloch.—The Farmers' Institute of the Tenth Congressional District, under the auspices of the State Board of Agriculture, will be held in this city February 1 and 2. The address of welcome will be delivered by Mayor Warner, and the response by Hon. Samuel Dysart, President of the State Board of Agriculture.—Mr. and Mrs. Chas. E. Anthony entertained a large party of friends last Friday evening at their elegant and spacious residence on North Jefferson avenue.—Miss Nellie Gould has returned home after a month's visit with friends in St. Louis.—The Nemo Club was handsomely entertained last Friday evening by Miss Blanche, the pretty and accomplished daughter of Mr. H. T. Coffery, at his residence, Fort Baldwin, on East Bluff.—Miss Daisy Dwight is home from an extended visit to Quincy, her old home.—Edward Carp of Omaha is visiting his parents.—Miss Nellie McCune of Chicago, daughter of Eugene McCune, a former law partner of Col. Ingersoll, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. David G. Lee.—The National Hotel, partially destroyed by fire last October, has been repaired, and will be opened February 7.—Miss Maple, who has been visiting Mrs. W. H. Binnian, has returned to her home at Englewood, Ill.—John Comstock and David H. Proctor treated their friends to a pleasant coasting party last Saturday evening on Bluff street hill.

Sure to Die.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., February 1.—Anna Willis and Rachael Sanders, colored, who were shot last night by Samuel Patton, are yet alive, but their wounds are believed to be fatal. Patton has not yet been captured. He wanted the Willis girl to marry him. Refusing he shot both her and Sanders, who was [illegible]

LOCAL NEWS.

Phœnix Lodge, 406, A. O. U. W., initiated one candidate at their meeting last Monday.

Franz Mueller killed himself with a revolver in a lumber yard at the foot of Palm street last evening.

A grand Mardi Gras ball will be given on February 7, at the Apollo Theater, by the Apollo Theater Company.

A leap year reception will be given to the Thursday Club by their young lady friends at the Lindell Hotel, on February 8.

An infant abandoned by its mother was found on the steps of George Partridge's residence 1618 Olive street about 10 o'clock last night. It was sent to St. Ann's.

Mrs. Mary Brown of Pueblo, Colo., applied to Chief of Police last night to recover her diamond earrings, which are held by Dr. Henry Ward as security for a medical fee of $50.

Compton Hill Council Legion of Honor entertained members of that order at the Liederkranz Hall last night with the trial of a breach of promise case before a full bench of leading lawyers.

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Indorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime, or Alum. Sold only in Cans.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

HAVE YOU A SKIN DISEASE?

If so there is no system of treatment that offers the certainty of cure and economy of time and money, as do the CUTICURA REMEDIES. We will send free to any sufferer "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations and 100 testimonials, every one of which repeats this story:

I have been a terrible sufferer for years from diseases of the skin and blood; have been obliged to shun public places by reason of my disfiguring humors; have had the best physicians; have spent hundreds of dollars, and got no relief until I used the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which have cured me, and left my skin as clear and blood as pure as a child's.

COVERED WITH SALT RHEUM

CUTICURA REMEDIES are the greatest medicines on earth. Had the worst case of Salt Rheum in this country. My mother had it twenty years, and in fact died from it. I believe CUTICURA would have saved her life. My arms, breast and head were covered for three years, which nothing relieved or cured until I used the CUTICURA RESOLVENT, internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP, externally.
NEWARK, O. J. W. ADAMS.

HEAD, FACE AND BODY RAW.

I commenced to use your CUTICURA REMEDIES last July. My head and face and some parts of my body were almost raw. My head was covered with scabs and sores, and my suffering was fearful. I had tried everything I had heard of in the East and West. My case was considered a very bad one. I have now not a particle of Skin Humor about me, and my case is considered wonderful. MRS. S. E. WHIPPLE.
DECATUR, MICH.

A FEVER SORE CURED.

I must extend to you the thanks of one of my customers, who has been cured, by using the CUTICURA REMEDIES, of an old sore, caused by a long spell of sickness or fever eight years ago. He was so bad he was fearful he would have to have his leg amputated, but is happy to say he is now entirely well—sound as a dollar. He requests me to use his name, which is H. H. CASON, merchant of this place.
JOHN V. MINOR, Druggist,
Gainsboro, Tenn.

Sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, 50c; SOAP, 25c; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.
Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations and 100 testimonials.

TINTED with the loveliest delicacy is the skin preserved with CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

KIDNEY PAINS
With their weary, dull, aching, [illegible]